

Protests over Pacific exile for bombers

Two French agents who blew up the Greenpeace ship Rainbow Warrior in Auckland are to spend three years on a French Pacific island instead of the next 10 years in a New Zealand jail.

The agreement between the two countries followed a ruling by the UN Secretary-General, Javier Pérez de Cuéllar. It was reached despite promises from the New Zealand Prime Minister, Mr David Lange, that there would be no deal, and provoked anger and protests in New Zealand last night.

Mr Lange confirmed that Dominique Prieur and Alain Maftart would be taken from prison this month to the atoll of Hao.

The Opposition Leader, Mr Jim Bolger, said the agreement was an about-face by Mr Lange; it made a fool of the Prime Minister, subjected New Zealand to international ridicule and undermined the judicial system.

The two agents were jailed last year for their part in the sabotage of the Rainbow Warrior in Auckland Harbour and the death of a crew member.

Under the ruling, the agents will not be jailed and will be able to mix with military personnel and immediate family and friends, but will not be able to mix with villagers on the atoll or other civilians.

Mr Lange agreed that the decision to deport the agents was "at variance" with his comments last year that they would not be released during the term of his Government.

But he rejected suggestions this could lead to a backlash against the Government, emphasising that the agents would not be released to freedom.

In his other rulings, Señor Pérez de Cuéllar ordered France to pay compensation of \$7 million (£4.5 million) to New Zealand and to make a formal, unqualified apology for the attack on the Rainbow Warrior.

New Zealand had sought at least \$9 million in compensation, but France said the amount should not be more than \$4 million.

France was also ordered not to oppose New Zealand's nuclear exports to Britain in 1987 and 1988 at levels proposed by the European Community, and not to take any measures that might damage New Zealand's mutton, lamb and goat-meat exports.

Before arbitration began, France agreed to lift its ban on the import of New Zealand lamb brains. Earlier restrictions that hit New Zealand traders included the cancellation of orders from French New Caledonia.

Mr Lange indicated last night that the sanctions had forced his Government to accept arbitration. It did not seek martyrdom, he said. It had the choice of "pig-headedly charging forward to compound the damage" or to resolve differences with France through arbitration.

He chose arbitration and described the result as "a fair and just solution."

● PARIS: The French Prime Minister, M Jacques Chirac, announcing "the end of the Rainbow Warrior affair", said France undertook to abide by all the conditions of the ruling (Susan MacDonald writes).

He said all France would rejoice with him at the news of the transfer of the prisoners, and in paying tribute to the "exemplary dignity with which these two officers have accepted and submitted to their imprisonment."

He hoped that from now on Franco-New Zealand relations could develop with a serenity befitting two countries with so many common memories.

The former defence minister, M Charles Herou, who resigned over the scandal, said he was happy the position of the two officers had been finally resolved.

If the New Zealand authorities consider the period the two officers will spend on Hao as a form of internment, the French are treating it in a slightly different light. Three years is the normal period for which military personnel are posted abroad.



Commander Bothwell: 'Dead letter drops to the Russians.'

Freedom for double agent

By Michael McCarthy
A former US naval commander and ex-CIA man was cleared of a serious charge in London yesterday when it was revealed that he had been acting independently as a double agent in dealings with the Russians.

The security service now accepts that in a situation straight out of Le Carré, Commander John Bothwell, pressured by the Russians to supply them with information, conducted a one-man disinformation campaign worthy of the KGB itself and handed over material which was packaged to look authentic but was in fact quite valueless.

However, he fooled the Russians so well that when word of his doings reached Western counter-intelligence he was arrested as a spy.

Commander Bothwell, aged 59, who lives with his wife and family in Bath but is the owner of an Athens-based shipping company, was arrested at Heathrow airport on his way to Vienna on February 16 and held in custody till the end of March when he was released on bail.

He had been charged under section seven of the Official Secrets Act with making arrangements for the communication of information calculated to be useful to an enemy, but when his case came before Bow Street magistrates yesterday the Crown offered no evidence.

He was discharged and awarded costs out of public funds totalling £5,000. He said he was planning civil proceedings for wrongful arrest.

Mr Michael Bibby, for the Director of Public Prosecutions, told the court that the arrest of Commander Bothwell, who is understood to have numerous contacts with the Soviet bloc through his business, followed a tip "from

Trip delayed but Howe vows to see Botha

By Philip Webster, Chief Political Correspondent
Sir Geoffrey Howe last night pledged to pursue with patience and determination his peace mission to South Africa after calling off this week's planned visit to Pretoria but announcing that he would leave today for visits to Zambia and Zimbabwe.

Last night he told the Commons Foreign Affairs Committee that it was wrong to be "unduly discouraged" by the initial reactions to the mission he was to undertake on behalf of the European Community.

Sir Geoffrey had earlier told the Commons of his decision, taken earlier yesterday in consultation with the Prime Minister, not to go to South Africa this week because President P. W. Botha was unavailable to see him.

The decision represents a big setback for the mission, but the Foreign Office is now considering alternative dates given by Pretoria for a visit next month.

Those dates are expected to be announced after Sir Geoffrey returns from this week's visits to Zambia and Zimbabwe.

Yesterday's development came after a weekend of frantic diplomatic activity as the Government tried hard to persuade Mr Botha, said to be on holiday, to change his mind. Mrs Thatcher is believed to have sent him a personal message.

Sir Geoffrey was offered the opportunity of seeing Mr R.F. (Pik) Botha, the South African Foreign Minister, this week but agreed with Mrs Thatcher that he should go only if he

could see the state president. After a visit today to the European Parliament in Strasbourg, Sir Geoffrey will fly to Lusaka where he will have talks with President Kenneth Kaunda of Zambia. Later in the week he will fly to Harare where he will see Mr Robert Mugabe, the Zimbabwean Prime Minister.

The British Government, embarrassed by the refusal of Mr Botha to see Sir Geoffrey, was yesterday determined to

Death sentence on grandmother in Malaysia

From M.G.G. Pillai, Kuala Lumpur
A grandmother aged 69 was sentenced to death for trafficking in 3lbs of opium as funeral ceremonies were held for the two Australians hanged in Kuala Lumpur's Fudu prison yesterday morning.

The Government also announced plans for whipping those convicted of minor drug offences. The reality of the drug problem is striking home in Malaysia and overseas, although doubts remain about how effective the death sentence is as a deterrent.

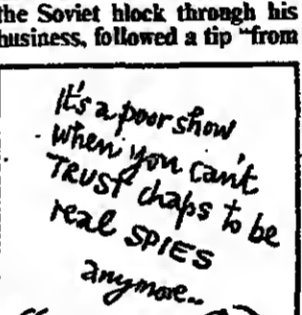
Malaysia's private television channel TV3 said in its news bulletins last night that the grandmother, a Malaysian, was condemned to the Penang High Court which had sentenced Kevin John Barlow and Brian Geoffrey Chambers to death in July last year.

Malaysia's Deputy Home Minister, Datuk Radzi Sheikh Ahmed said: "We are thinking of imposing a mandatory whipping for those found with less than five grammes of heroin. We hope it will act as a further deterrent."

He said that those caught with less than five grammes of heroin were usually addicts or first-time users. At present these offenders can be jailed for up to a year. "No further details were available."

Two hours earlier Mrs Barlow had walked into Mrs Chambers' room in the Kuala Lumpur Hilton where they knelt in private prayer, but Mrs Barlow said later that she walked out when Mrs Chambers attacked Kevin Barlow for leading her son to the gallows.

Mrs Barlow in turn accused Brian Chambers of being a drug trafficker - while maintaining her son's innocence - in a television interview widely broadcast in Australia shortly after the executions. The two families have barely talked to each other since the countdown to the executions began two weeks ago.



It's a poor show when you can't trust chaps to be real spies anymore.

A very good source that he was passing NATO military secrets to the Russians. It is understood that the tip came from Mr Viktor Gudarev, ostensibly a Soviet trade delegate in Athens and in reality a colonel in the KGB, who defected to the United States two days before Commander Bothwell's arrest.

In court yesterday it emerged that Commander Bothwell had indeed been passing information to the Russians which was quite useless.

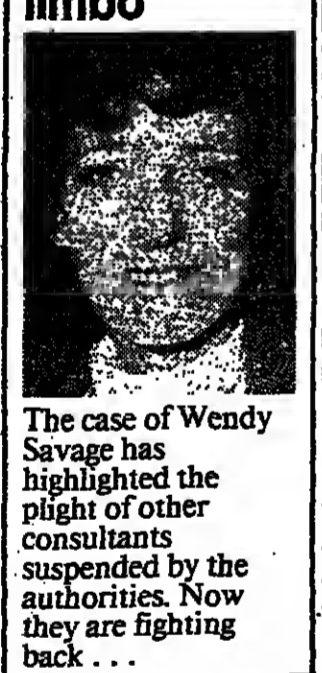
Mr Bibby said: "He admitted making dead letter drops to the Russians, but it is now conceded that any information he did pass was to dupe them."

Commander Bothwell was one of the youngest commanders in the US Navy and later a CIA agent in Greece. He left US Government service in 1972.

Richard Lissack, for the Commonwealth, told the court: "Mr Bothwell never had any intention of harming the state. He was conning the Russians all the time. These charges have raised his business, carefully built up over 13 years, and have affected his serious heart condition."

Commander Bothwell is the fourth recent case brought under the Official Secrets Act where the prosecution has failed to obtain a guilty verdict, after those of Cyprus RAF airman Paul Davies in 1984, and the former Civil Servant, Clive Ponting, and the seven British servicemen, also from Cyprus, in 1985.

Tomorrow Doctors in limbo



The case of Wendy Savage has highlighted the plight of other consultants suspended by the authorities. Now they are fighting back...

Portfolio Gold

● The £4,000 daily prize in The Times Portfolio Gold competition was won outright yesterday by Mr James Renfrew of Port Glasgow.

● There is a further £4,000 to be won today. Portfolio list page 21; rules and how to play, information service, page 16.

Wall St drop

Shares on Wall Street were heading for huge losses yesterday with the Dow Jones industrial average down 48.51 points at mid-session. The record one-day fall was 45.75 on June 9

Nakasone delivers crushing victory

From David Watts, Tokyo
Mr Yasuhiro Nakasone has taken conservative rule in Japan to its zenith with a crushing general election victory for his Liberal Democratic Party (LDP).

The party has unassailable majorities in both Upper and Lower Houses of the Diet. Its presence in the Lower House is its highest since it was formed in 1955.

It routed its main opposition, the Socialists, to take 300 seats in the House of Representatives, a gain of 50. At least four independent candidates will be joining the LDP in the new Parliament, and others are likely to follow, if only by voting with the party.

The triumph reinforces Mr Nakasone's prospects of seeking a third term as party leader. The secretary-general, Mr Shin Kanemaru, made it clear yesterday that party rules could be amended if members favoured such a change. But it is far from certain that long-standing jealousies can be overcome, especially when Mr Nakasone has effectively rubbed the noses of his rivals into the political dirt.

Mr Shintaro Abe, the Foreign Minister, who aspires to succeed Mr Nakasone as Prime Minister, was looking decidedly dejected last night, his hopes having been dealt a heavy blow. The overwhelming support for Mr Nakasone in the country may induce him to throw his support behind the Prime Minister.

A long autumn of discreet bargaining over cups of hot sake in Tokyo's exclusive Ryotei restaurants is in prospect.

The other prospective candidate for the leadership, Mr Kiichi Miyazawa, has suffered a severe setback, along with the faction of a former Prime Minister, Mr Zenko Suzuki, to which he belongs.

Concern over another Briton in drugs case

By Patricia Clough
Concern is now focused on another Briton awaiting trial on drug charges in Malaysia. Mr Derrick Gregory, aged 36, of Richmond, Surrey.

Mr Jeremy Hanley, Conservative MP for Richmond and Barnes, fears the publicity which will now surround Mr Gregory's case could damage his chances of sympathetic treatment.

"I am frightened that if Mr Gregory's case becomes a cause célèbre whatever discretionary treatment he could receive would be seen as a sign that the Government was being soft on drug-runners," he told The Times.

Mr Hanley said he believed band of individual shareholders - said the departure of Mr Horrocks was "absolutely amicable between him and me," and he rejected any suggestion that the Government had been involved.

Women priest debate could be suspended

The suspension of the battle for women priests in the Church of England is to be put to the General Synod today so that the Bishops may consider more aspects, including a formal split in the church (Clifford Longley writes).

The Synod is due to discuss today a startling report on handling dissent in the church if women priests are introduced, ranging from a parallel set of dioceses, two official churches, both disbanded, Sanctions debate, page 5

Horrocks resigns from BL as losses worsen

By Edward Townsend, Industrial Correspondent
Mr Ray Horrocks, chief executive of BL Cars, has resigned, it was disclosed yesterday. At the same time, Mr Graham Day, the new group chairman, said the company faced a significant financial deterioration in the first half of this year after last year's £110 million loss.

Mr Horrocks's departure was widely predicted after his outspoken comments to the Commons Trade and Industry Select Committee in which he said Mrs Thatcher appeared to have ruled him out of the running for the top job because he had opposed a takeover of BL by Ford.



Old emblem... and new.

Table with 3 columns: Home News, Overseas, Arts, Births, deaths, marriages, Science, Business, Court, Crosswords, Diary, Law Report. Includes page numbers for each.

★ ★ ★ ★ ★

PRIME-LINK LOAN. AN EXCITING DIFFERENCE FROM ORDINARY LOANS. NOW only free APR 15.9% variable. CLEAR YOUR DEBTS AND REDUCE YOUR OUTGOINGS... POSSIBILITY OF TAX-FREE BONUS. COMPLETE THE COUPON OR TELEPHONE TODAY FOR YOUR PERSONAL PAYMENT GUIDE.

SEND FOR YOUR PERSONAL PAYMENT GUIDE. To: PREMIER PORTFOLIO LTD, FREEPOST, Premier House, Chatham St., Reading RG1 1ER. (No stamp required). Please send me full details of the new Prime-Link Loan (I understand no salesman or agents will call) for a loan of £_____ over _____ years. My age is _____. NAME: Mr/Ms/Ms/... ADDRESS: _____ POSTCODE: _____ Premier Portfolio simply better personal finance.

Drift of tax inspectors to higher-paid jobs angers Inland Revenue

By Lawrence Lever

The Inland Revenue has clashed with the legal and accountancy professions over the number of tax inspectors who are being lured away from their jobs by large pay offers from the professions.

The number of fully-trained tax inspectors who have resigned has leapt almost four-fold from 34 to 130 in the past three years, representing an increase from 1.3 per cent of the total inspectorate to 5 per cent.

Figures for non-trained staff leaving also show a big increase in the same period with 85 personnel leaving last year, against 18 three years earlier.

Inland Revenue sources say that the low levels of pay available to the inspectorate mean that the Revenue is struggling to maintain its yearly intake of 100 graduate trainees.

The present figures also show that the Revenue is losing experienced inspectors at a greater rate than that at which it can take on new recruits, who, in any event, are untrained.

The Inland Revenue's response to the defections is to cut back severely on answer-

ing inquiries from accountants and solicitors at its technical division.

Mr Barry Pollard, Director-General of the Inland Revenue, has written to several professional bodies, including the Law Society and the Institute of Chartered Accountants, informing them that lines of contact between their members and the senior tax inspectors who work at the Inland Revenue's Technical Division are no longer open.

In his letter to the Law Society, Mr Pollard says that the decision has been taken "against a background of continuing losses of experienced inspectors from the department".

The new policy adopted by the Inland Revenue will be a severe blow to the professions who have grown accustomed to being able to get the views of the technical division staff on specific arrangements that they were considering implementing for their clients. The low levels of pay inside the tax inspectorate have made inspectors particularly vulnerable to the temptations of the private sector. The starting level for a trainee inspector is

a basic £7,324, while the average pay for trained tax inspectors is about £15,000. Even at the most senior level, the maximum remuneration is about £30,000, plus an inflation-proof pension.

One Inland Revenue inspector earning around £25,000 was recently approached by a firm of recruitment consultants, who offered him £45,000 plus a car and a number of fringe benefits.

For the most senior inspectors, the private sector, particularly the accountancy firms, are willing to pay starting salaries of between £50,000 and £60,000, plus the normal perquisites.

An internal Revenue report into the defections has recently been completed, although there has been no indication of when it will be published. The professions are angry about the Revenue's new stance. In a letter to Mr Pollard, published in last week's *Law Society Gazette*, the solicitors' trade magazine, Mr Cornwell-Kelly, of the Law Society, expresses the "serious concern" felt by the society's Revenue Law Committee.



Lord Gifford, with the report of the committee he chaired into last year's Tottenham riots.

Riot inquiry blames police

A fundamental breakdown in the relationship between the police and the local community was a root cause of last year's Tottenham riot in north London, according to the findings of an independent inquiry set up by Haringey Council.

The Metropolitan Police, who refused to give evidence to the inquiry into the disturbances on the Broadwater Farm Estate in Tottenham last October, in which a police constable was killed, are heavily criticized and accused of "oppressive and racist policing". The report was published yesterday.

Haringey Council set up the Broadwater Farm inquiry, under the chairmanship of Lord Gifford, QC, a Labour peer, after the Home Secretary rejected its call for a public inquiry.

The inquiry is also critical of Haringey Council for allowing the Broadwater Farm estate to degenerate into a state of disrepair and for its education policies towards black

children in local schools.

The inquiry's recommendations are co-operative policies and equality, to be drawn up by community leaders and police; a police training unit for race issues and community awareness to be set up in Tottenham; a jobs creation plan to boost the economy of the estate; more government grants for Haringey, in line with other deprived boroughs.

Other recommendations are: a council contracts compliance policy to ensure that firms with local authority tenders adopt equal opportunity practices; new housing and education policies to be adopted by the council to combat racism; ethnic records to be kept by the council on schools, housing and employment; more black teachers in local schools and the introduction of multicultural lessons; more consultation between the community, the police and government departments on decisions affecting the estate; police complaints to be dealt

with in a realistic manner to gain public trust; magistrates to use their legal powers to stamp out legal abuses such as people being refused access to a solicitor and an elected authority to run the police.

Lord Gifford said yesterday: "We say essentially that the tragedy of October 6 last year arose because of the terrible state of the relationship between the police and the community.

"People had experienced real and bitter examples of oppressive and racist policing. That could have been different had there been a desire shown by senior police leaders to grapple with the issues.

"Some police officers tried, some talked with the youth association and other organizations on the estate, but their conversations never got further than a kind of press relations exercise because there was no support at the top level or from home beat officers, who were told it was not their job to meet community leaders."

Steel alert on Labour strategy

By Sheila Gunn Political Staff

Mr David Steel, the Liberal leader, yesterday attacked the Labour Party's new "social ownership" strategy as merely a repackaging of its old policies.

The strategy will allow a Labour Government to regain control of privatized industries without having to buy back all the shares.

"What it means is no change in the substance and constitution of the Labour Party," Mr Steel said. "What they are changing is the packaging and labelling."

He was speaking during the second of his three planned visits to Newcastle-under-Lyme to back up the Alliance candidate, Mr Alan Thomas, a lecturer and Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament supporter.

With Labour's Mrs Llin Golding supremely confident of increasing her husband's general election majority of 2,804 next week, the fight for second place has taken on an added sharpness.

The Liberals, needed by Conservative jibes about the Alliance split on defence policy, produced their own list of 40 "splits" in the Conservative ranks over the past 15 months.

Liberal arts plan to replace grants

By Gavin Bell, Arts Correspondent

The Liberal Party has proposed a £1 billion scheme under which annual grants to the arts would be replaced by endowment trusts, to eliminate political pressures and "dubious deals" between the subsidized and the commercial theatre.

Mr Bill Pearson, a member of the party's arts panel, said yesterday that a controversy surrounding Sir Peter Hall and Mr Trevor Nunn had highlighted the dangers of the commercial sector reaping the benefits of subsidized productions.

"Annual subsidies encourage arts organizations to budget every year for containable deficits. This means that when there are likely to be profits, they are hived off into commercial companies.

"This is one of the great dangers that has recently surfaced with the Hall-Nunn debate...it's not just a problem with Hall and Nunn, it's a problem right the way round the system," he said.

Sir Peter and Mr Nunn, the heads of the National Theatre and the Royal Shakespeare Company respectively, have rejected allegations by *The Sunday Times* that they have amassed personal fortunes from the transfer of productions from their institutions to the commercial theatre.

Mr John Elsom, chairman of the Liberal arts panel, said one aim of their proposal was

"to stop the taxpayer paying the costs of a new production, while your commercial impresario reaps the profits."

Under the present system, arts enterprises were discouraged from making profits for fear that they would limit later grants.

The idea was to establish capital funds of sufficient size to yield an interest which would replace all, or a substantial part of, present annual grants.

An enterprise would then become largely self-sufficient and able to plan much further ahead, with a view to profitable activity that would be channelled back into new productions.

The panel conceded that the establishment of capital funds that would need to be 12 to 15 times the size of present subsidies might appear "an impossible dream" to most arts enterprises.

Mr Elsom estimated that total funding for subsidized organizations over a seven-year transitional period would be about £1 billion, but that would be recouped eventually by closing the "bottomless pit" into which grants were poured every year.

The Arts Council, which the Liberal Party wants replaced by a new National Arts Development Board, is conducting an inquiry into all aspects of funding.

Mother who killed three sons is jailed

A mother who killed her three children by smothering them with a pillow was jailed for two years yesterday at the High Court sitting in Glasgow.

Mrs Catherine Maxwell, aged 24, of Mishill, Glasgow, was originally charged with murdering her sons, David, aged 7, Michael, 4, and Ryan, 10 weeks, but pleaded guilty to a reduced charge of culpable homicide.

The court was told that Mrs Maxwell had been suffering from post-natal depression in the weeks after Ryan's birth.

On the night of March 18, the man with whom she was living, James, kissed the children good night before leaving for the pub with a friend.

Advocate Depute Mr William Nimmo Smith, QC, for the prosecution, said: "It seems that not very long after the two men had left she smothered all three children by placing pillows over their faces. At about that time she seems to have written a note."

The note said: "I am sorry Chum [her pet name for her husband], I can't take life any more. Please try to forgive me. I love you very much. I do really. Tell mum I love her. Now nobody will ever hurt them. They didn't suffer. Bury them with me."

The court was told that Mrs Maxwell then took a razor-blade and slashed her wrists. She lay down on the bed where the two elder children lay dead, with the baby in a pram by her side.

Control of Whitehall attacked

By George Hill

The Prime Minister should give up control of the Civil Service to a politically neutral commission appointed by the Speaker, Mr William Rodgers, vice-president of the Social Democratic Party, said yesterday.

"Morale in the service is as low as it has ever been because it is getting the worst of all possible worlds.

"The head of the Civil Service should be the most senior official in Whitehall and have no other duties. Day to day management of the service should not be the task of the Cabinet Secretary; responsible to the Prime Minister, nor of the Permanent Secretary of the Treasury.

The Prime Minister should give up the role and formal title of "Minister for the Civil Service" and the service should have its political neutrality put beyond doubt by being put under the control of a Civil Service commission appointed by the Speaker on the advice of a Commons select committee or of Privy Counsellors.

"The Civil Service was also 'a cloistered community' which needed closer links with industry and the political world, Mr Rodgers told the Social Democratic Lawyers Association in London.

Secondment for, not less than five years into industry and elsewhere should become the rule.

The national executive of the Civil and Public Services Association meets today to decide what action to take after the election of Mr John Macreadie, a Militant supporter, as general secretary.

Executive committee members expect to be "under siege" at the union's head office in Clapham, south London, if hundreds of Mr Macreadie's supporters come to support him.

Mr Macreadie last week beat his right-wing challenger, Mr John Ellis, with a majority of 121 out of more than 60,000 votes cast. This led to charges of ballot rigging and other irregularities.

Right-wingers on the executive have received legal advice for their strategy at the meeting. But a senior spokesman said he would not give details because this would prejudice members before the meeting.

Under the union's complaints procedure, the president, Mrs Marion Chambers, will give details of objections received from members.

An inquiry will last 28 days with a report to be issued to the returning officers, the union's accountants Hard Dowdy and Co. They will decide if there are grounds for a new ballot.

A decision would have to be taken on whether a full re-run or partial ballot in those branches affected by irregularities would be necessary.

With a right-wing dominated executive committee, an inquiry is expected but there is confusion about who will be nominated as the independent arbitrator.

Sources say that Mr Alistair Graham, the outgoing general secretary, is now out of the running, while Mr Macreadie and the defeated candidate, Mr John Ellis are interested parties.

Mr Macreadie yesterday said that Mrs Chambers would also be an unacceptable choice to the left because she had made "scurrilous remarks" about his election and obviously failed the "test of neutrality".

"If the right wing in this union attempt to overturn the result by declaring it null and void because their candidate was defeated then I will take action against them," he said.

"If they want to attack the rules and democracy of this union I would go to the courts to defend them."

He said a new style of leadership was needed to respond to the new mood in the union.

He said he did not expect a re-run of the election to be the outcome of any inquiry, but if that did happen, he would strive to achieve "left unity", by seeking to dissuade the Broad Left '84 candidate, Mr Geoff Hewtas, from standing.

Mr Hewtas polled more than 14,000 votes in the election and is understood to be reluctant to withdraw if there was another poll.

Strip searches 'a deterrent'

By Richard Ford

The Government yesterday defended strip searching of woman prisoners in Northern Ireland after a report claimed that it was not justified on security grounds.

Mr Nicholas Scott, Parliamentary Under Secretary of State at the Northern Ireland Office, said it was a rare month in which there were two strip searches on any prisoner but that it was needed as a deterrent.

He said that a report into the penal system of the Irish Republic had concluded there was no alternative to strip

searches as a means of detecting the concealment of illicit items.

A report by the National Council for Civil Liberties said that random strip searches of women in the north's prisons should only occur on their entry and discharge from the jail. It said that the authorities could use a "rub down" search accompanied by the use of detection equipment as an alternative.

The inquiry team of five women added that better prison security could eliminate the need for strip searching

which offended dignity and was perceived as degrading treatment by some of those on whom it was imposed.

Two "loyalist" hunger strikers at Magilligan Prison, Co Londonderry, were transferred to the prison hospital yesterday.

A spokesman for the Northern Ireland Office said the move was to help observation and there was no cause for concern about the health of the two men. Francis Curry and Joseph Nellins have refused food for three weeks in protest against all conditions.

Asbestos detection advance

The family of a dockworker who died from asbestos poisoning is hoping to win compensation in the High Court because of advances in medical technology.

Mr Arthur Swallow, aged 70, of East Ham, east London, died from lung cancer in August 1984 as a result of the disease he contracted during 43 years in the docks.

His inquest at St Pancras, central London, yesterday failed to prove death by industrial disease. Dr Douglas Chambers, the coroner, recorded an open verdict because he said he could not be swayed "by the balance of probabilities".

But Dr Robin Rudd, consultant physician at the London Chest Hospital, said that the verdict would be enough to win a High Court case.

"Without the new facility of electro-microscopy this verdict would have been death by natural causes. The result will be enough to win in the High Court because the probabilities are taken into account there," he said.

Cyanide fear as man dies in road accident

Mr John Hedges, aged 27, a farmer's son, is believed to have died from cyanide poisoning after being showered with a pesticide powder when his Land Rover crashed and overturned into a ditch near Banbury, Oxfordshire.

Rescuers who tried to pull the man out of the overturned

Sinclair seeks £5m for wafer chip company

By Bill Jobstone, Technology Correspondent

Sir Clive Sinclair, whose financially ailing computer business was bought by Amstrad for £5 million, is attempting to raise £6 million to finance a new microchip company, Anamatrix.

The money, which Sir Clive hopes to raise by September before seeking funds in the United States, will be in exchange for about 30 per cent of the company.

Employees and Sinclair Research, Sir Clive's holding company, will control the remaining equity. The Sinclair Research share is expected to be less than 50 per cent.

The company will seek to make new types of computer memories. The technique, wafer scale integration, allows many more microchips to be compressed onto one unit.

Walk-out halts prison ballot

By Peter Evans Home Affairs Correspondent

A ballot of prison officers about ending a long running manning dispute has been suspended because of the staffing disagreement at Risley Remand Centre.

The 19,500 members of the Prison Officers Association had started voting last week and the count was due this week. Initial indications were that there was a majority in favour of ending the dispute.

Talks were held yesterday at the Prison Department between top officials and association leaders to try to settle the Risley dispute, otherwise action could spread.

On Friday, 50 prison officers walked out in protest over staffing levels at Risley and a work-to-rule continued throughout the weekend.

The Prison Department said that the local branch of the association refused to cooperate with a manpower team which arrived yesterday to assess the association's claim that two officers were needed to man the four cells at the centre of the dispute.

The association argued that the dispute had gone to national levels but the Prison Department is anxious that every local dispute should not be decided nationally.

When used for top security prisoners there were two officers patrolling the cell block and the doors were locked. The management argues that when the cells are used for overspill extra staff are not needed.

The Prison Department was playing down a report of a cell fire at Risley over the weekend as not uncommon. But it does show the volatility of some prisoners.

New move to outlaw obscenity on the air

By Gavin Bell Arts Correspondent

Mrs Mary Whitehouse has renewed her campaign for legislation on obscenity to be extended to cover broadcasting, and for tighter controls on the production and import of pornography.

Mrs Whitehouse, President of the National Viewers' and Listeners' Association, presented her latest recommendations yesterday in a report to Mr Douglas Hurd, the Home Secretary.

Present laws and monitoring groups in broadcasting had failed to stem a rising tide of pornography and violence that had led to widespread "moral pollution", she said.

Accordingly, the Government should:

- introduce a new Obscene Publications Act to cover broadcasting;
- extend the terms of reference of the Broadcasting Complaints Commission to include complaints from organizations and individual viewers;
- require the Commission to publicize its address on all channels and to have its annual report debated in Parliament;
- establish a Ministry of Broadcasting with overall responsibility for the electronic media;
- instruct chief constables to record sex crimes with which obscene material was associated.

The Government was also urged to enforce strictly laws against the publication of pornography.

Mrs Whitehouse claimed that there was public frustration at the case with which she said, the BBC and the ITV companies often patronized or ignored viewers' complaints.

No independent council or inquiry board of the kind recommended by the Annan report into broadcasting in 1977 had been established.

The association proposed that Section 1 of the Obscene Publications Act 1959 be amended to cover audible and visual publications. Mrs Whitehouse's petition follows a similar recommendation by the Peacock Committee that the "normal laws of the land" relating to obscenity be extended to cover the broadcasting media.

Practise ban to continue

A doctor who ate a meal while using a laser beam to remove a tattoo from a patient was yesterday told he cannot return to practise medicine.

Dr Robert Frempong, aged 43, of Forest Gate, east London, was struck off the medical register two years ago after being found guilty of serious professional misconduct.

Inquiry likely on Civil Service union election

The national executive of the Civil and Public Services Association meets today to decide what action to take after the election of Mr John Macreadie, a Militant supporter, as general secretary.

Executive committee members expect to be "under siege" at the union's head office in Clapham, south London, if hundreds of Mr Macreadie's supporters come to support him.

Mr Macreadie last week beat his right-wing challenger, Mr John Ellis, with a majority of 121 out of more than 60,000 votes cast. This led to charges of ballot rigging and other irregularities.

Right-wingers on the executive have received legal advice for their strategy at the meeting. But a senior spokesman said he would not give details because this would prejudice members before the meeting.

Under the union's complaints procedure, the president, Mrs Marion Chambers, will give details of objections received from members.

An inquiry will last 28 days with a report to be issued to the returning officers, the union's accountants Hard Dowdy and Co. They will decide if there are grounds for a new ballot.

A decision would have to be taken on whether a full re-run or partial ballot in those branches affected by irregularities would be necessary.

With a right-wing dominated executive committee, an inquiry is expected but there is confusion about who will be nominated as the independent arbitrator.

Sources say that Mr Alistair Graham, the outgoing general secretary, is now out of the running, while Mr Macreadie and the defeated candidate, Mr John Ellis are interested parties.

Mr Macreadie yesterday said that Mrs Chambers would also be an unacceptable choice to the left because she had made "scurrilous remarks" about his election and obviously failed the "test of neutrality".

"If the right wing in this union attempt to overturn the result by declaring it null and void because their candidate was defeated then I will take action against them," he said.

"If they want to attack the rules and democracy of this union I would go to the courts to defend them."

He said a new style of leadership was needed to respond to the new mood in the union.

He said he did not expect a re-run of the election to be the outcome of any inquiry, but if that did happen, he would strive to achieve "left unity", by seeking to dissuade the Broad Left '84 candidate, Mr Geoff Hewtas, from standing.

Mr Hewtas polled more than 14,000 votes in the election and is understood to be reluctant to withdraw if there was another poll.

THURSDAY
COULD CHANGE
YOUR LIFE

PAGES AND PAGES OF JOBS FOR:

Financial and Accounting
Chief Executives
Managing Directors
Directors
Sales and Marketing Executives,
Public, Finance and
Overseas Appointments.

SEE GENERAL APPOINTMENTS
IN THE TIMES THURSDAY

Asbestos detection advance
The family of a dockworker who died from asbestos poisoning is hoping to win compensation in the High Court because of advances in medical technology.

Cyanide fear as man dies in road accident
Mr John Hedges, aged 27, a farmer's son, is believed to have died from cyanide poisoning after being showered with a pesticide powder when his Land Rover crashed and overturned into a ditch near Banbury, Oxfordshire.

Sinclair seeks £5m for wafer chip company
By Bill Jobstone, Technology Correspondent
Sir Clive Sinclair, whose financially ailing computer business was bought by Amstrad for £5 million, is attempting to raise £6 million to finance a new microchip company, Anamatrix.

LIGHTING SALE
NOW ON
50% AND 25% DISCOUNTS

The Worlds Finest Lighting Sale is on. Genuine reductions on all our lighting, from full lead Austrian Crystal chandeliers to lampshades.

millet
THE WORLDS FINEST LIGHTING

MILLET LIGHTING LTD - 197-201 BAKER STREET - LONDON NW1 6AT
TELEPHONE: 01-935 7851
OPPOSITE BAKER STREET TUBE, LICENSED CREDIT BROKERS

Women dons fear jobs lost in 'Oxbridge' switch to coeducation

By Lucy Hodges, Education Correspondent

Women dons are worried that they are losing out in the job stakes at Oxford and Cambridge because of the increasing move to coeducation, with former men's colleges continuing to hire male lecturers while former women's colleges are recruiting men in substantial numbers.

Figures collected by the universities for submission to the European Commission in Brussels show that there has been virtually no change in the number of women dons in Oxford over the past 20 years, now approximately 12 per cent of the total, the same figure as in 1966.

In Cambridge the total number of women fellows has risen marginally — less than 1 percentage point — from 12.9 per cent in 1960-61 to 13.6 per cent in 1985.

The figures are worrying because they contrast with the increasing numbers of women studying at Oxford and Cambridge.

Women undergraduates at Oxford have risen from just over 2,000 in 1970 to 4,630 in 1985, about 40 per cent of the student population. At Cambridge the proportion of wom-

en undergraduates has risen from 11 per cent in 1968 to 25 per cent in 1984, and the postgraduate numbers from 14 per cent to 28 per cent.

Yet the proportion of male fellows appointed to former women's colleges at Oxford is about 44 per cent, compared with only 4 per cent of women fellows at the former male colleges.

The statistics have been collected to try to head off a move by the EEC to take legal action against Britain for allowing a small number of single-sex Oxford and Cambridge colleges to continue to recruit members of their own sex.

The colleges are Lucy Cavendish and Newnham, in Cambridge, and St Hilda's and Somerville, at Oxford, all of which hire women fellows only, and Magdalene College, Cambridge, which continues to recruit men only.

The feeling is that, if the four remaining women's colleges are forced to go coeducational, women's job prospects will get even worse. The hope is that the EEC Commission will drop its threat of legal action.

making scientific observations, but are consistently worse than boys in dealing with physics concepts, according to a report published yesterday by the Government's Assessment of Performance Unit.

The report, which draws on five years of annual surveys of pupils aged 11, 13 and 15, shows that girls are as good as boys at applying biology and chemistry concepts at the age of 11 and 13. It is in physics that they fall down.

The relatively poor understanding of physics concepts among girls is apparent at age 11, 13 and 15, and the gap in performance persists even among the clever boys and girls.

This reflects differences in the kind of hobbies preferred by boys and girls, the report suggests, with girls favouring "homemaking" activities such as sewing and cooking and boys "tinkering" activities such as dismantling mechanical objects.

"These early differences in the scientific experiences and interests of boys and girls are carried through to their hobbies and activities as teenagers."

● Girls are better than boys at

Random breath tests plea

Random breath tests would reduce the number of road deaths by up to 30 per cent and save more than £700 million in medical and legal costs each year, the Campaign Against Drunk Driving (CADD) claimed yesterday.

The association, which represents more than 350 parents and relatives of victims of drunken drivers, will recommend random breath tests throughout Britain and compulsory breath tests on all drivers involved in drink-driving accidents, at a meeting today with the Road Traffic Law Review in London.

The association will also urge that a new charge, causing death by careless driving, should be introduced to close the net on drunken drivers.

Mr John Knight, who founded CADD last year after his son, Colin, aged 29, a computer expert, died in a road accident caused by a drunken driver three years ago, criticized the courts yesterday for imposing only the minimum prison sentences, fines and driving bans on most drivers charged with causing death by reckless driving and careless driving.

"The existing legislation is there, including life-long bans on driving, but too few courts are prepared to impose the maximum penalties," Mr Knight said in Cambridge.

British teenagers are drinking more and smoking less than previous generations, according to a pilot survey of 15,000 16-year-olds in England, Scotland and Wales.

Professor Neville Butler, director of Youthscan, which is carrying out a national study of all young people born between April 11 and 15, 1970, told a London conference that during the last decade the number of smokers in this age group had decreased from 40 per cent to 20 per cent.

But the number of teenaged drinkers appears to have doubled, from 40 per cent to 80 per cent.

Youthscan will also investigate the British teenage suicide rate, which is one of the highest in Europe, particularly among girls.

Age limit for jury service may be 70

By Philip Webster, Chief Political Correspondent

The Government is planning to return to the older generation the right to sit on juries. Under legislation expected in the next session of Parliament the upper age limit for jury service is expected to be raised from 65 to 70, although people in that age group will have the right to refuse if they wish.

The plan is backed by ministers, who accept the validity of growing complaints about the quality of some juries, and the need for more people of seniority and professional experience to sit on them. Criticism about too many youthful juries resulting in too many acquittals is felt by some ministers to have force.

It also fits with the belief of ministers, including Mrs Margaret Thatcher, that retired people should be given every

opportunity to play an active part in the community.

Under the changes expected in the Criminal Justice Bill already promised for early in the new session, some two and a half million more people will be made eligible for jury service.

The age limit was reduced from 70 to 65 in 1972, but the Government believes that giving people the right voluntarily to serve, if called, until they are 70, would reflect the fact that people generally are living longer and are healthier at the time of retirement.

Previous studies have rejected change, citing the hardship that jury service may impose in terms of travel, long periods of concentration and the greater likelihood of impaired eyesight and hearing among the elderly.

But ministers now believe that, provided people have the right to be excused if they wish, the jury system could only benefit

RSPCA given pledge on foxhunting leaflet

The Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has won a High Court battle over a pro-foxhunting leaflet issued by the British Field Sports Society.

The BFSS promised at a private hearing before Mr Justice Walton yesterday not to use the RSPCA logo on the leaflet *Foxhunting: why the RSPCA is wrong*.

The BFSS also agreed to destroy all leaflets already printed and pay all the

RSPCA's legal costs after they were sued for infringement of copyright and passing off.

The court undertaking was given by Lord Magdalen, president of the BFSS, Sir Bernard Waley-Cohen, deputy president, and Sir Stephen Hastings, the chairman.

Mrs Joan Selthouse, chairman of the RSPCA, said after the hearing: "This leaflet was in our view highly misleading, so we are delighted the BFSS has recanted."

Police authority wants faster Stalker inquiry

By Peter Davenport

Leaders of the Greater Manchester police authority are to meet Mr Giles Shaw, a Home Office minister on Thursday to demand the speeding up of the inquiry into the suspension of their Deputy Chief Constable, Mr John Stalker.

They want assurances that the disciplinary inquiry into allegations that Mr Stalker may have kept "unwise associations with criminals", in its sixth week, be brought to a

conclusion as soon as possible.

They want the officer in charge, Mr Colin Sampson, Chief Constable of West Yorkshire, to be removed from the inquiry into an alleged shoot-to-kill policy by the Royal Ulster Constabulary.

The meeting will be attended by the authority's Labour chairman, Mr Norman Briggs; his deputy, Mr David Moffatt; Tory group leader, Mr John Hanscomb; and the clerk, Mr Roger Rees.

German on spy charge 'won £1/2m contracts'

By Stewart Tendler, Crime Reporter

An East German accused of espionage was a hard-working and talented kitchen designer who negotiated more than £500,000 of contracts in a few months, a jury at the Central Criminal Court was told yesterday.

Reinhard Schulze, aged 33, and his wife Sonja, aged 36, of Cranford, west London, have pleaded not guilty to charges under the Official Secrets Act.

Yesterday Mr Russell Smith, director of a Bedfordshire company, told the court that he employed Mr Schulze in the spring of 1985 and found he was a very hard worker. He said that he

Olympic campaign praised

Security is the strongest point in favour of Birmingham's bid to host the 1992 Olympic Games, Señor Juan Samaranch, president of the Olympic Committee, said yesterday during a visit to the city.

Señor Samaranch, who comes from Barcelona which is tipped as the top contender for the games, said: "I shall not be voting, nor can I influence the vote. There are 90 members of the Olympic Committee and they are all independent."

"They know very well what is needed for the Games."

He was in Birmingham to visit the Olympic facilities and to launch a new BBC Olympic English language course.

After touring the National Exhibition Centre site where the Games would be staged, Señor Samaranch said: "There are no weaknesses in Birmingham's bid. I am more impressed than I was before."

He said that Birmingham would also be able to stage a proposed art Olympics in its new conference centre.



"So I asked myself why shouldn't there be a woman in No 10" ... PC Nuttall's view of Mrs Thatcher and her fellow parliamentarians (from left): Michael Heseltine, Francis Pym, Julian Critchley, Sir Ian Gilmour, Ted Heath, Tam Dalyell, Peter Bruinvels, Michael Foot, Dr David Owen, David Steel, Neil Kinnock, Denis Healey and Mrs Edwina Currie, with portraits of Lord Carrington and Mr Leon Brittan behind.

'Modern Spy' star of House hanging

As paintings and drawings by Members of Parliament and Peers were being hung for today's opening of the annual House of Commons art exhibition, the show's undisputed "star" stood duty in the Lower Gallery in his favourite role of an observer.

The only non-member of both Houses permitted to exhibit in the show, Police Constable Ian Nuttall has earned wide acclaim for his satirical studies of political life at Westminster.

Mrs Margaret Thatcher, who opened last year's show, praised his work and referred to him as the "modern Spy".

A series of three cartoons, painted in water-colours, which feature Mrs Thatcher and politicians from both Houses, take pride of place in this year's exhibition in the Upper Waiting Hall.

Mr David Crouch, Conservative MP for Canterbury, and a keen water-colourist, described PC Nuttall's cartoons as "outstanding".

"They improve every year and the advisory committee orders artists to buy at least two of the cartoons to hang in the House," he said.

Camera shy and reluctant to talk much about his other career as an artist, PC Nuttall said that he didn't mind being called a "modern Spy".

"I started out with portraits and then ventured into caricatures. If you work in the House you see many characters. This is a wonderful vantage point."

However, the public will not be able to view a fourth cartoon submitted by PC Nuttall, which features some members of the royal family.

Mr Crouch, the show's organizer, said that it would not be exhibited "because the House does not make comments about the royal family".

PC Nuttall said that he was surprised it had been withdrawn and that he would not call it controversial. He not only includes MPs and former political personalities in his work.

About 22 MPs and Peers will be exhibiting more than 50 paintings, drawings and tapestries in the annual show, which has been running for more than 20 years.

Mr Crouch, who always takes a sketch book and a paintbox on his overseas trips, has submitted four water-



PC Nuttall, praised by the Prime Minister for his satirical look at political life at Westminster.

colours, including a view of the Kremlin in Moscow from the British Embassy.

Lord Thorneycroft, an accomplished painter and member of the Royal Society of

British Artists, has contributed a still life and a Venetian scene.

Mr Richard Luce, Minister for the Arts, will open the exhibition today.

Blaze was 'fraud for insurance'

Rowland Gorst, a managing director, set fire to his factory in a £98,000 insurance fraud, Chester Crown Court was told.

But first he made sure his own Ferrari was moved out of harm's way. Mr Anthony Evans QC, for the prosecution, alleged.

Mr Gorst, aged 41, of Huntingdon, Chester, denies arson at an industrial estate in Sandycroft, Cwyd, on November 10, 1984.

He also denies arson to machinery, plant and stock belonging to his company, Glassguard Products Limited.

He pleads not guilty to attempting to dishonestly obtain £98,000 from the General Accident Insurance Company. The case continues today.

Dealers in £1m 'heroin misery' sent to prison

Two heroin dealers who were trapped by undercover policemen as they prepared to put "£1 million worth of misery" on to Britain's streets, were given jail sentences at the Central Criminal Court.

Judge Rant told Shevaram Pranjabi, aged 50, a naturalized Briton, and Hajj Mohammed Makwana, aged 40, an Indian national: "Trading in heroin is about the worst crime short of murder in the criminal calendar."

"The reason why it is such a contemptible and filthy activity is because, perhaps almost uniquely so far as crime is concerned, there is bound to be harm of a serious nature caused to others as a result."

"I propose to sentence both of you in terms of the quantity

you were dealing with. The quantity of the drug indicates the quantity of human misery which would result if it had gone on to the streets."

He jailed Punjabi, of Smallberry Avenue, Isleworth, west London, for 13 years, and Makwana, of Alby Court, Sussex Gardens, Bayswater, west London, for nine years. Both were convicted by a jury of possessing more than £1 million worth of heroin on October 28, 1984.

The judge recommended Makwana for deportation.

He said that Parliament had recently underlined its serious view of heroin trafficking by raising, from 14 years to life, the maximum sentence. But he was bound by the maximum sentence — 14 years — which applied at the time.

BR may offer new cheap fare

British Rail passengers in London and the South-east may get another cheap day's train travel in the autumn after the outstanding success of last month's "network day".

Mr Chris Green, director of BR's services in the region said yesterday (Michael Bailly, Transport Editor, writes).

Some 200,000 people paid £3 for a day's unlimited travel when the network was thrown open on June 21.

The autumn Network Day might be linked to the launch of a new Network Railcard, offering reduced fare travel throughout the sector on a regular basis.

Television producer changing channels

Mr Roger Bolton, the former *Panorama* and *Nationwide* editor, is to leave the BBC to join Thames Television.

Mr Bolton, aged 40, was in charge of the BBC's Manchester production centre which was scrapped in a regional shake-up.

He will join Thames next month as editor of *This Week*, which returns to replace the current affairs programme, *71' Eye*, in September.

Mr Bolton was editor of *Panorama* for two years from 1979 before going to *Nationwide* as editor, where he stayed for two years before moving to the Manchester centre.

Raid on home of actress

Police are hunting two or three armed robbers who bound and gagged the actress Honor Blackman in a raid on her home at Barnes, south London.

Miss Blackman was asleep when the attack took place last Tuesday. The raiders took jewellery and other personal items valued at several thousand pounds.

Fifth member of family dies

Nigel Williams, aged three, who was burned in a blaze which killed his father, two sisters and a baby brother at their home in Wirycombe Drive, Banbury, Oxfordshire, died in hospital yesterday.

His mother, Mrs Jayne Williams, aged 24, who fought to save her children, was expected to leave hospital today.

Dynasty star's 'rash move'

The actress Pamela Bellwood, who plays Claudia in *Dynasty*, refused to be interviewed by TV-am presenter Nick Owen yesterday after being told that he was suffering from suspected German measles.

Miss Bellwood, who was concerned about passing on the infection to her young son, was interviewed by co-presenter Anne Diamond in another studio.

Man in fight at base dies

A murder inquiry has been set up after the death of a man following a fight during an annual "friendship fete" at a United States Air Force base, RAF Chicksaods, near Shefford, Bedfordshire, on Sunday.

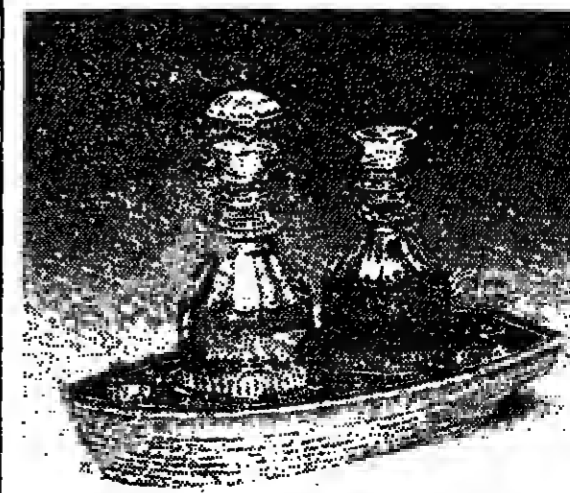
Benjamin Gordon, aged 23, of Hart Lane, Luton, received head injuries and later died in hospital at Bedford.

Pier scheme

Shanklin Pier on the Isle of Wight is to be restored to its former Victorian splendour. Leading Leisure, the new owners, says it plans to create a big leisure complex on the pier after restoring the structure.

GARRARD
THE CROWN JEWELLERS

PRESENTING THE GARRARD COMMEMORATIVE COLLECTION, THE CROWN JEWELLERS' TRIBUTE TO A JOYOUS ROYAL OCCASION. The Wedding of His Royal Highness The Prince Andrew to Miss Sarah Ferguson has inspired our craftsmen to create an outstanding Sterling Silver Collection with a novel theme. Pictured is the magnificent "Jolly Boat" Wine Coaster bearing a pair of Royal Brierley Crystal Decanters. Other items range from an Alms Dish at £200 to a silver mounted Crystal Claret Jug at £1,250. For further information please send for our brochure.



"Jolly Boat" £3,850.

112 REGENT STREET
LONDON W1A 2JJ
TELEPHONE 01-734 7020

Damages for child blunder

A mother won damages in the High Court yesterday after giving away her new-born daughter because of a hospital blunder.

Her daughter, now aged 4, who is being adopted by foster parents, is also seeking damages for the accident which left her severely handicapped.

Mrs Margaret Puxon, QC, counsel for the girl, told Mr Justice Alton that Sandra Roberts had been rejected by her mother and that there was "no bonding" between them. Sandra was born prema-

turally in November 1981 at West Suffolk Hospital, Bury St Edmunds, and had been given a massive blood transfusion because her parents had rare incompatible blood.

The court was told that she had suffered a heart attack and brain damage, and was now deaf and spastic in her lower limbs, although she could crawl, with the mind of a child aged 18 months to two years.

The hospital has been accused of going ahead with the birth when it did not have the proper facilities, and of not

giving the mother tests which would have allowed the baby to be treated.

Mrs Puxon said that the mother, Mrs Julie Roberts, of Mouse Rougham, Bury St Edmunds, had suffered distress and feelings of rejection after the birth and Sandra had been taken away from her.

The East Anglian Regional Health Authority has agreed to pay damages to both parties, but is contesting the amount to be paid to the child. The hearing continues today.

Japanese challenger to Porsche on sale

By Clifford Webb, Motoring Correspondent

A Toyota sports coupe designed to beat the Porsche goes on sale in British showrooms today. The 138mph Supra is the fastest production car yet from Japan's largest motor manufacturer.

It is not only faster but more lavishly equipped than the big selling Porsche 924S. At £15,299, it costs £3,000 more than the previous Supra but is still about £200 cheaper than the Porsche.

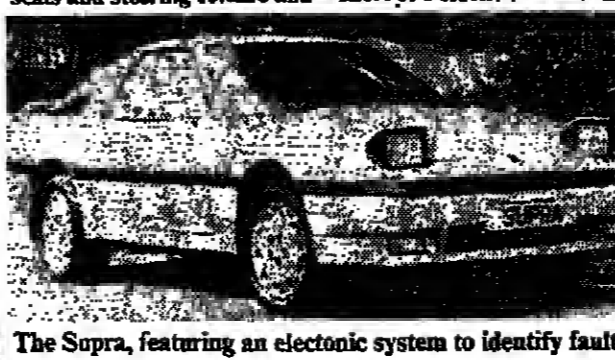
A front-engine, rear-driven 2+2 Grand Tourer, it comes standard with power steering, air conditioning, cruise control, central locking, electric windows, multi-adjustable seats and steering column and

a stereo radio/cassette player with four speakers.

The 3-litre, 6-cylinder engine is claimed to be one of the most technically advanced in the world with four valves per cylinder, double overhead camshafts, twin nozzle fuel injection and an electronic system which controls the engine's efficiency and identifies problems.

In the event of a serious malfunction it will override the driver and stop the engine.

The new Supra will still have to prove itself to fast drivers to win them over from Porsche. Despite development work by Lotus the handling and ride of its predecessor fall short of Porsche's standards.



The Supra, featuring an electronic system to identify faults.

Robbery link is denied

Mr John Fleming, who is wanted for questioning about Britain's biggest robbery, the £26 million Brinks-Mat London raid at Heathrow, London, in 1983, said yesterday that he had no intention of returning to Britain after his expulsion from Spain in 12 days' time.

Mr Fleming, aged 45, who was interviewed by Independent Television News at his villa near Benidorm, said that he had nothing to do with the robbery, but feared police would fabricate evidence against him.

The Spanish Interior Ministry has ordered his expulsion under a strict new aliens' law on the grounds that he was in possession of a false passport.

Mr Fleming said in the ITN interview: "I had nothing to do with the robbery."

He added: "I cao sit here and talk to you now and say I had nothing to do with this robbery, but I should think that one day in an English cell a confession would appear."

New movie to outland obscenity on the air

ban
ue

likely on C
union elect

TING SALE
LOW ON
D 25% DISCOUNT

millet

PARLIAMENT JULY 7 1986

Howe's mission

Needs of industry

Coal imports

Howe intending to visit S Africa later this month

Minister outlines six policy objectives for industry

Tory MPs seek purge of Civil Service

APARTHEID

Sir Geoffrey Howe, Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs, said in a statement to the Commons that the South African government had made clear that it intended to receive him but had proposed different dates which were now under consideration.

He was replying to Mr Denis Healey, chief opposition spokesman on foreign and Commonwealth affairs, who asked whether it remained his intention to visit South Africa and, if so, what were his plans.

Sir Geoffrey Howe said he intended to make an early start on the mission entrusted to him of the recent European Council meeting in The Hague.

Mr David Steel, Leader of the Liberal Party, said he wished Sir Geoffrey's series of missions all success and hoped he would be able to talk with all the people he wanted to see.

These were pointers in the right direction. They would help Sir Anthony Kershaw (Stroud, Devon, C) said Sir Geoffrey's trip was bound to get the good will and support of all people of good will and good sense.

He would certainly take the opportunity of meeting members of the ANC because it was important to urge them, as well as everybody else, to turn away from violence and go down the path of dialogue.

Mr David Steel, Leader of the Liberal Party, said he wished Sir Geoffrey's series of missions all success and hoped he would be able to talk with all the people he wanted to see.

His chances of doing that would be greater if he stressed that he was going as President of the Council of Ministers.

He should make it clear to the South African government that the question was not whether white minority rule ended, but that it should be sooner and peacefully, rather than later and violently.

Sir Geoffrey Howe said that Prime Minister Thatcher had said apartheid was an outmoded system; that he looked forward to a situation which would not be dominated by any race.

These were pointers in the right direction. They would help Sir Anthony Kershaw (Stroud, Devon, C) said Sir Geoffrey's trip was bound to get the good will and support of all people of good will and good sense.

He referred to the outburst against sanctions on the weekend by the South African Foreign Minister (Mr "Pik" Botha) which seemed to be a change of emphasis, saying: "Come and get us, we do not care."

Sir Geoffrey Howe did not believe it was helpful to comment on everything that was reported in newspapers and elsewhere, even if in these circumstances it was tempting to do so.

Mr Norman Buchan (Paisley South, Lab) urged Sir Geoffrey to remember that his visit would be very much against a background of sanctions being wanted.

The United Kingdom's European partners favoured them immediately, whereas the British Prime Minister and Foreign Secretary had wanted them postponed - if at all.

The bulk of Community foreign ministers favoured sanctions because these were necessary to make the white regime realize that they must come to terms on the basis of agreement - with one man one vote.

The heads of Government of a number of other countries took the same view as the United Kingdom.

Those who had considered carefully were impressed by the need for a patient and cautious approach.

Sir John Biggs-Davison (Epping Forest, C) said the sort of sanctions being called for against South Africa would have a catastrophic effect upon some of the other countries that Sir Geoffrey was about to visit with Mr's good will.

It was important to encourage as well as to warn. Sir Geoffrey Howe said there was real force in what Sir John had said.

Mr John Evans (St Helens North, Lab) said he had not been snubbed and humiliated by the South African government, but he told the House the date of his rearranged visit to South Africa and if it will take place before the Commonwealth summit?

If he does not see President Botha and the foreign secretary, he must see Nelson Mandela.

Sir Geoffrey Howe: I shall tell the House the date or dates of my future visit when they are discussed. Those I hope to see include all those he has mentioned.

Sir David Price (Eastleigh, C) said he was glad to hear the implementation of the public purchasing initiative.

Mr Kenneth Carlisle (Lincoln, C) opening the debate, said some people argued that the British could earn their wealth in other ways.

Mr Laurence Pavia (Brent South, Lab) said he was glad to hear the implementation of the public purchasing initiative.

Mr Frank Field: Is the Foreign Secretary's position strengthened or weakened by the fact that the European Community will take further action should his mission fail?

Sir Geoffrey Howe: The position has been made clear in the communiqué that further measures are now the subject of ongoing discussions.

Mr Norman Buchan (Paisley South, Lab) urged Sir Geoffrey to remember that his visit would be very much against a background of sanctions being wanted.

or there would be no relations and no industry.

Mr Roy Jenkins (Glasgow, Hillhead, SDP) said they already had the largest service sector of any large developed economy in the world with the exception of the United States.

It was important to remember that services as a whole were very difficult to export. Some of them were almost literally unexportable and could only perform on the spot.

The steady closing down of industry was difficult to reverse. It was instructive, and a new thing, to look at the 1930s precedent.

The next objective was to tackle the regional legacy arising from the mismatch economy, that unhappy legacy of wasted human resources.

The final objective, he said, was to secure a broader implementation of the public purchasing initiative.

Mr Kenneth Carlisle (Lincoln, C) opening the debate, said some people argued that the British could earn their wealth in other ways.

Mr Laurence Pavia (Brent South, Lab) said he was glad to hear the implementation of the public purchasing initiative.

Mr Frank Field: Is the Foreign Secretary's position strengthened or weakened by the fact that the European Community will take further action should his mission fail?

Sir Geoffrey Howe: The position has been made clear in the communiqué that further measures are now the subject of ongoing discussions.

Mr Norman Buchan (Paisley South, Lab) urged Sir Geoffrey to remember that his visit would be very much against a background of sanctions being wanted.

The United Kingdom's European partners favoured them immediately, whereas the British Prime Minister and Foreign Secretary had wanted them postponed - if at all.

The bulk of Community foreign ministers favoured sanctions because these were necessary to make the white regime realize that they must come to terms on the basis of agreement - with one man one vote.

Sir Geoffrey Howe said he would be in mind all the views of all the other members of the European Council.

MANUFACTURING

The six main objectives of the industrial policy of the Department of Trade and Industry were outlined to the Commons by Mr John Birtcher, Under Secretary of State in the Department, during a debate on the future of manufacturing industry.

The first objective, he said, was to support and disseminate the best practices in getting world beating products to the market.

The second objective was to enhance the competitive environment and where competition was impaired or did not exist, to introduce safeguards required to protect properly the consumer.

The next objective was to tackle the regional legacy arising from the mismatch economy, that unhappy legacy of wasted human resources.

The final objective, he said, was to secure a broader implementation of the public purchasing initiative.

Mr Kenneth Carlisle (Lincoln, C) opening the debate, said some people argued that the British could earn their wealth in other ways.

Mr Laurence Pavia (Brent South, Lab) said he was glad to hear the implementation of the public purchasing initiative.

Mr Frank Field: Is the Foreign Secretary's position strengthened or weakened by the fact that the European Community will take further action should his mission fail?

Sir Geoffrey Howe: The position has been made clear in the communiqué that further measures are now the subject of ongoing discussions.

Mr Norman Buchan (Paisley South, Lab) urged Sir Geoffrey to remember that his visit would be very much against a background of sanctions being wanted.

The United Kingdom's European partners favoured them immediately, whereas the British Prime Minister and Foreign Secretary had wanted them postponed - if at all.

The bulk of Community foreign ministers favoured sanctions because these were necessary to make the white regime realize that they must come to terms on the basis of agreement - with one man one vote.

Sir Geoffrey Howe said he would be in mind all the views of all the other members of the European Council.

money policy following a Labour Government which had followed a very uncertain money policy until it was stopped by the International Monetary Fund.

People were saying that the Government then should have perpetuated an even bigger cheat on the saver by having a rate of interest even further below the rate of inflation.

Industrial production last year had been recovering dramatically from the low point of 1981. Industrial production was growing substantially and would do so next year to the dismay of the Conservatives' opponents.

I am not saying that we have anything to be complacent about (he said) but to suggest that our industry is still in decline is not borne out by any test any fair-minded person would apply.

The steady closing down of industry was difficult to reverse. It was instructive, and a new thing, to look at the 1930s precedent.

The final objective, he said, was to secure a broader implementation of the public purchasing initiative.

Mr Kenneth Carlisle (Lincoln, C) opening the debate, said some people argued that the British could earn their wealth in other ways.

Mr Laurence Pavia (Brent South, Lab) said he was glad to hear the implementation of the public purchasing initiative.

Mr Frank Field: Is the Foreign Secretary's position strengthened or weakened by the fact that the European Community will take further action should his mission fail?

Sir Geoffrey Howe: The position has been made clear in the communiqué that further measures are now the subject of ongoing discussions.

Mr Norman Buchan (Paisley South, Lab) urged Sir Geoffrey to remember that his visit would be very much against a background of sanctions being wanted.

The United Kingdom's European partners favoured them immediately, whereas the British Prime Minister and Foreign Secretary had wanted them postponed - if at all.

The bulk of Community foreign ministers favoured sanctions because these were necessary to make the white regime realize that they must come to terms on the basis of agreement - with one man one vote.

Sir Geoffrey Howe said he would be in mind all the views of all the other members of the European Council.

MILITANT

No one was precluded from employment in the Civil Service because of membership of a particular organization. Mr Richard Luce, Minister for the Civil Service, said during Commons questions when Conservative MPs urged that Militant supporters be purged from the Civil Service.

Mr Luce said that he was not saying that we have anything to be complacent about (he said) but to suggest that our industry is still in decline is not borne out by any test any fair-minded person would apply.

The steady closing down of industry was difficult to reverse. It was instructive, and a new thing, to look at the 1930s precedent.

The final objective, he said, was to secure a broader implementation of the public purchasing initiative.

Mr Kenneth Carlisle (Lincoln, C) opening the debate, said some people argued that the British could earn their wealth in other ways.

Mr Laurence Pavia (Brent South, Lab) said he was glad to hear the implementation of the public purchasing initiative.

Mr Frank Field: Is the Foreign Secretary's position strengthened or weakened by the fact that the European Community will take further action should his mission fail?

Sir Geoffrey Howe: The position has been made clear in the communiqué that further measures are now the subject of ongoing discussions.

Mr Norman Buchan (Paisley South, Lab) urged Sir Geoffrey to remember that his visit would be very much against a background of sanctions being wanted.

The United Kingdom's European partners favoured them immediately, whereas the British Prime Minister and Foreign Secretary had wanted them postponed - if at all.

The bulk of Community foreign ministers favoured sanctions because these were necessary to make the white regime realize that they must come to terms on the basis of agreement - with one man one vote.

Sir Geoffrey Howe said he would be in mind all the views of all the other members of the European Council.



Healey humiliating snub from President Botha

a real risk of the Commonwealth breaking up unless he took advantage of his position to take more notice of the views expressed.

Mr Healey also asked if Sir Geoffrey shared the view expressed by President Mitterand that the Government was committed to sanctions if the mission failed and did not secure the unconditional release of Nelson Mandela and the unbanning of the African National Congress.

Is the Government prepared

Labour MPs urge coal import ban

MINING

Several Labour MPs urged that the Government should end the import of coal from South Africa to Britain, especially as it would benefit the jobs of British miners.

Mr Peter Walker, Secretary of State for Energy, said that coal imports from South Africa had gone on under Labour Governments when the South African regime had been just as intolerant to black people as it was now.

He added that Mr Scargill, leader of the NUM, was damaging the market for coal with his intemperate remarks.

Mr Geoffrey Lofthouse

coal was imported from South Africa than from Poland. Imports from South Africa were just as intolerant of the position of blacks and imports of coal from South Africa took place.

In later exchanges, about improved productivity in the British coal industry, Mr Ed Lewis (Harrow East, C) said it would be absolute madness for Arthur Scargill - who had shown himself to be a madman - to attempt to foment further industrial action, callously and pointlessly, against the brighter future of the coal industry at risk.

Mr Peter Walker, Secretary of State for Energy, said he was not worried just about Mr Scargill's actions, but about his words as well.

At any time Mr Scargill made an intemperate speech a number of industrialists decided they could not take the risk of switching to coal.

Mr Walker: For the whole

period of the Labour Government he was in the South African regime was just as intolerant of the position of blacks and imports of coal from South Africa took place.

In later exchanges, about improved productivity in the British coal industry, Mr Ed Lewis (Harrow East, C) said it would be absolute madness for Arthur Scargill - who had shown himself to be a madman - to attempt to foment further industrial action, callously and pointlessly, against the brighter future of the coal industry at risk.

Mr Peter Walker, Secretary of State for Energy, said he was not worried just about Mr Scargill's actions, but about his words as well.

At any time Mr Scargill made an intemperate speech a number of industrialists decided they could not take the risk of switching to coal.

Mr Walker: For the whole

Minister's commitment on free borrowing of books

LIBRARIES

The great tradition of a free lending service by libraries in Britain was to be continued, Mr Richard Luce, Minister for the Arts, said during a question time.

Mr Christopher Murphy (Weymouth, C) said he was not sure that an opportunity might be given to libraries to charge for fiction loans so that extra resources can be used within the library service.

Mr Luce: I note that, it is a legitimate point. Other countries, including New Zealand, make a distinction, but it is difficult to draw a distinction on educational grounds.

Mr Clement Freud (North East Cambridgeshire, L): I welcome that and will be steadily reminding the importance of free access to books to study, whether fiction or non-fiction.

Mr Luce: It would be good if he listened to my answer. There is no intention to charge borrowers for existing free services.

already? (Labour protests) Mr Luce: I note that, it is a legitimate point. Other countries, including New Zealand, make a distinction, but it is difficult to draw a distinction on educational grounds.

Mr Clement Freud (North East Cambridgeshire, L): I welcome that and will be steadily reminding the importance of free access to books to study, whether fiction or non-fiction.

Mr Luce: It would be good if he listened to my answer. There is no intention to charge borrowers for existing free services.

Mr Luce: It would be good if he listened to my answer. There is no intention to charge borrowers for existing free services.

Mr Luce: It would be good if he listened to my answer. There is no intention to charge borrowers for existing free services.

Mr Luce: It would be good if he listened to my answer. There is no intention to charge borrowers for existing free services.

Success of energy year

Energy Efficiency Year, far from being the flattest of flat panicles for industry and commerce as Mr Tony Speller (North Devon, C) suggested during Commons questions, has directed many considerable financial savings.

For commerce and industry (he said) the target and potential are so enormous that any assessment of progress so far seems of necessity to be something of an anti-climax.

But we have been able to identify already that industry and commerce have been able to make savings as a result of my department's programme of £250 million.

Mr Luce: It would be good if he listened to my answer. There is no intention to charge borrowers for existing free services.

Mr Luce: It would be good if he listened to my answer. There is no intention to charge borrowers for existing free services.

Mr Luce: It would be good if he listened to my answer. There is no intention to charge borrowers for existing free services.

Mr Luce: It would be good if he listened to my answer. There is no intention to charge borrowers for existing free services.

Mr Luce: It would be good if he listened to my answer. There is no intention to charge borrowers for existing free services.

Mr Luce: It would be good if he listened to my answer. There is no intention to charge borrowers for existing free services.

Mr Luce: It would be good if he listened to my answer. There is no intention to charge borrowers for existing free services.

Changing face of television: 2 Cable promise slow to dawn

In the wake of the Peacock Report on the financing of the BBC, Bill Johnston, Technology Correspondent, examines innovations which television will soon be able to exploit.

European cable television networks are poised for rapid expansion. They are destined to play a big part in the newest phase of television history as the primary means of carrying a homes, dramatically changing the nature of home entertainment in the next decade.

Homes, schools, hotels and colleges will be able to receive 30 channels or more on multi-channel networks for the same monthly price as hiring a video recorder.

Britain, once enthusiastic about the technology, has been slow to embrace it. The twentieth UK cable franchise has been awarded by the Cable Authority for multichannel networks but only seven are in operation.

The first 24-hour, all British, TV satellite channel - Superchannel - is due for launch in the autumn with programming provided by most of the ITV companies and the BBC.

But a big push is required to keep Britain in line with Europe. France, Germany and the Benelux countries are extremely active.

Mr Patrick Whitten, CIT managing director, said: "If it weren't for the UK figures Europe would have seen record cable growth last year."

Last year the number of homes linked by cable in western Europe grew by 4 per cent to a total of 11 million.

The cable business, CIT estimates, could be worth £645 million by the next decade. But unless the UK finds a satisfactory formula to encourage its expansion it could take little part in the newest phase of TV and home entertainment.

Concluded

M5 driver was going wrong way

By a Staff Reporter

Arthur Frampton, a motorist for 60 years, who drove the wrong way along a motorway's fast lane missing oncoming cars by inches, was advised by magistrates at Womford, Essex, yesterday to stick to quieter roads in future.

Frampton, aged 78, at first found himself driving the wrong way along a dual carriageway, the court was told. As a policeman tried to attract his attention, Frampton, who is hard of hearing, drove on to the M5, still going against the flow of traffic and with the officer chasing him along the hard shoulder.

Frampton, of Lower Holditch, Axminster, Devon, eventually found a break in the barriers after stopping at some traffic cones. But his U-turn ended up still going in the wrong direction before stopping.

Frampton admitted driving without due care and attention and was fined £25 with £25 costs. His licence was endorsed.

Universities 'must pay for refuse'

Local authorities are fully entitled to charge universities for removing refuse from their halls of residence, a High Court judge ruled yesterday.

Mr Justice Macpherson held that refuse from halls of residence is not "house refuse" within the meaning of the Public Health Act, 1936

and, therefore, does not qualify for free collection.

Mr Frank Mattison, Registrar of Hull University, against a decision by South Hunsley Beach Magistrates at Brough, North Humberside, that Beverley Borough Council was entitled to charge for collection refuse from the university's ten halls of residence.

Mr Jarlath Finney, counsel for the university, had told the court: "The cost of removing the refuse would be something in the order of £20,000 a year."

Law report, page 28



Rula Lenska and Dennis Waterman, stars of the television "Minder" series, with June, a black rhinoceros, at the launch of a rhino "minder" campaign at London Zoo, yesterday to help preserve the threatened species (Photograph: Peter Trevnor).

£206,000 for widow of sailor

A woman whose sailor husband was lost at sea nine months after they were married won £206,504 damages in the High Court yesterday.

Jennifer Wittamont, aged 22, of St Austell, Cornwall, had joined her husband Alan, aged 24, a second officer, on board the oil carrier Pan-America, in September 1983.

But he was blown overboard by an explosion in the Gulf of Mexico while fighting a fire. Mr Justice Mann said: "Rodney Mayne, aged 23, of Coppice Road, Kingsclere, Hampshire, who was left paralysed from the chest down after a road accident, was awarded £306,674 damages in the High Court yesterday."

His motor cycle collided with a car at Newbury, Berkshire, in September 1980.

88 arrests

A weekend rally at Porthcawl, South Wales, of about 5,000 riders, organized by the Lambretta Scooter Club of Great Britain, resulted in 83 arrests for offences of theft, assault and public order offences.

General Overw... effect... sanct... Strasbo... on £60... Dissiden... petition... rejected... £206,000 for widow of sailor... 88 arrests... Trained report...

General Synod: debate on South Africa

Overwhelming vote for effective economic sanctions by Britain

By Alan Wood

A motion calling for effective economic sanctions against South Africa was carried by an overwhelming vote yesterday at the General Synod of the Church of England meeting at York.

The Church's objective of a simple, clear message was achieved easily, to much acclaim.

The Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr Robert Runcie, indicated immediately that he would convey its terms and message to Bishop Desmond Tutu, the Bishop of Johannesburg.

Bishop Tutu had sent messages to the Archbishop and to the Bishop of Coventry, the Rt Rev Simon Barrington-Ward, who moved the motion and was chairman of the group that compiled the Church report *Prisoners of Hope*, which concluded that South Africa was moving daily into further repression.

The Synod swept out all amendments in the interests of attempting unanimity, and carried the motion by 394 votes to 21, with 12 abstentions.

The motion read: "That this Synod, in the light of the

resolutions of July 1982 and of the serious deterioration in the South African situation since that time;

(A) is convinced of the urgent need to establish as peacefully as possible a new South Africa which will be non-racial, democratic, participatory and just" (Bishop Desmond Tutu);

(B) calls upon the Church by prayer and action to offer support to all who are attempting to bring this about;

(C) urges HM Government, in the light of the failure of the mission of the Eminent Persons' Group to deploy effective economic sanctions against South Africa; and

(D) requests banking and financial institutions, transnational corporations, and all bodies with significant links in South Africa to take whatever steps are in their power, including acts of disengagement, to increase the pressure on that economy, and urges the Church's financial bodies to give a clear lead in this direction."

Amendments welcoming the proposed visit to South Africa of Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Foreign Secretary and

President of the EEC Council of Foreign Ministers, were defeated or withdrawn because of strong doubts that he would be able to see anyone there.

Dr Runcie, during the debate, supported carefully targeted sanctions, and said that if Sir Geoffrey's mission failed, Britain should not falter further in mustering what he described as massive international support for implementing sanctions.

Opposition to sanctions was muted. The Bishop of Birmingham, the Rt Rev Hugh Montefiore, spoke of the limitations of such measures, and said that what made the Botha Government listen would be if the Rand crashed further than it had.

There were criticisms of Church of England investment that might help to prop up apartheid. Sir Douglas Lovelock, First Church Estate Commissioner and Chairman of the Church's Central Board of Finance, said that only 0.5 per cent of the total income of the commissioners came indirectly from South Africa.



The Archbishop of Canterbury and (right) the Bishop of Coventry during the debate yesterday (Photographs: John Voos).

Hope of progress fading, Bishop says

Opening the debate on South Africa, the Bishop of Coventry, the Rt Rev Simon Barrington-Ward, said that Mr Nelson Mandela could still unite people across the length and breadth of South Africa but the chance for progress was fading day by day, the longer he was left in jail.

He said that he had spoken that morning to Bishop Desmond Tutu, who told him:

"We are moving daily further into repression."

The Rev Clarry Hendricke, of Liverpool, who said that he was a South African by birth and classified there as a Cape Coloured, believed that sanctions could break through the close system of secrecy and misinformation and be effective in persuading the South African Government to acknowledge black leaders.

Britain was duty bound to

give a strong moral lead, he said. He believed South Africa did not take seriously Britain's claim that it abhorred apartheid.

The Rev Graham Cray, of Clifton, York, said that those suffering most wanted sanctions. The argument that sanctions would hurt blacks most was white liberal argument that failed to grasp the depth of black rage.

Sir William van

Stranbeezee, Conservative MP for Wokingham, who is Second Church Estates Commissioner, said it had to be remembered that apartheid was being carried on by devout Christians, and he had an uneasy feeling that when history came to be written "our withdrawal from dialogue with the Dutch Reformed Church in much earlier days, may not be accounted to us in great credit".

He still hoped that Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Foreign Secretary, with all the authority of the European Community behind him, might succeed where the Eminent Persons' Group had so far failed.

Runcie support for more action

The Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr Robert Runcie, said during the South Africa debate that the Church of the Province of South Africa had yet formally to speak about sanctions, as the Roman Catholic Episcopal Conference had done. It might do so in November.

There were certainly misgivings in both churches about taking such a line, and some outright opposition to it, but he believed that in the mind of the Church in South Africa was such as to justify the terms of the motion before them.

Each new wave of arrests, each new refusal to talk with Nelson Mandela diminished the influence of moderate African leaders.

In these circumstances, he supported the conclusion of the Eminent Persons' Group that the countries of the Commonwealth could now consider further actions against South Africa. He believed that sharp economic measures or sanctions offered the only hope there was, however slender, of doing what they could in this country to stop the blood shed.

He still hoped that Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Foreign Secretary, with all the authority of the European Community behind him, might succeed where the Eminent Persons' Group had so far failed.

Strasbourg to rule on £600 m award

By Frances Gibb, Legal Affairs Correspondent

A final ruling in the case brought by seven groups of shipbuilding and aerospace companies for £600 million compensation from the Government will be made today by the European Court of Human Rights at Strasbourg.

The case, which stems from the nationalization of the companies under the last Labour Government, has proved the most politically embarrassing for the Government.

The Government attacked the compensation terms assessed by Labour as "grossly unfair" when in Opposition but since then has defended the sum paid before the European Commission of Human Rights where the claims were first argued.

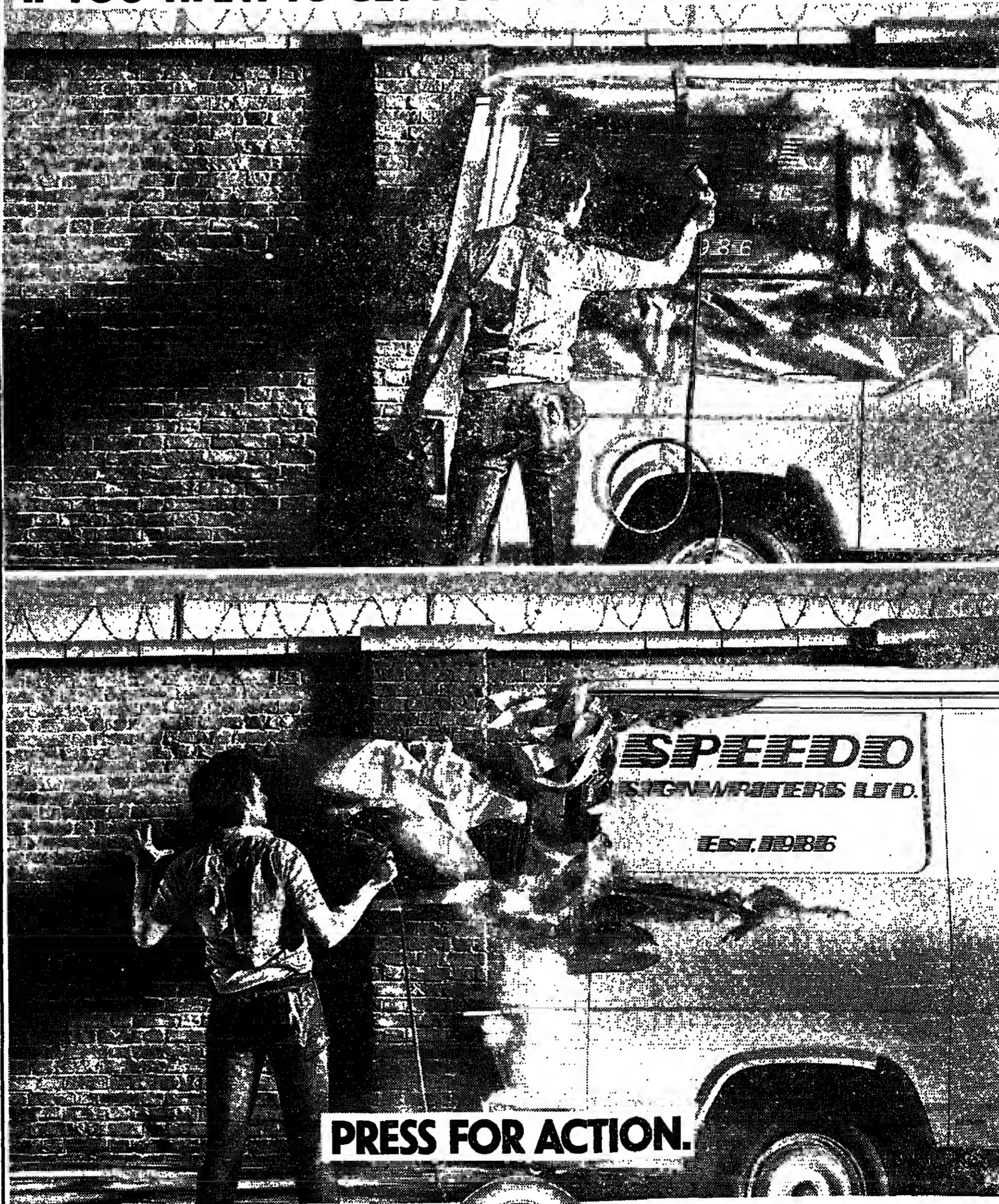
If the 19 judges of the European Court are true to

precedent, they are likely to follow the ruling of the European Commission, which has upheld already the Government's view that the compensation was not unfair.

The ruling marks the end of a one-year battle by companies, including GEC and Vickers, which maintain that the £125 million they received from the Government on being nationalized was so inadequate and discriminatory that it violated the European Convention on Human Rights.

The Government has resisted claims for improved compensation brought by the shareholders of the shipbuilding and aircraft industries and claimed that the compensation is outside the scope of the convention.

IF YOU WANT TO GET YOUR NEW BUSINESS MOVING



PRESS FOR ACTION.

Dissident petition rejected

An attempt by a delegation from The 35's Women's Campaign for Soviet Jewry to hand in a petition, urging clemency for Mr Alexey Magarik, aged 28, a Soviet dissident, failed at the Soviet Embassy in London yesterday.

The party, which included Mr Magarik's father, Vladimir, Mr Tom Stoppard, the playwright, and Mrs Margaret Rigal, co-chairman of the campaign, were turned away at the gate and the petition of thousands of signatures was not accepted.

Mr Magarik, who is married, with a son aged eight months, was tried on charges of possession of drugs in Tbilisi, Georgia, in March this year and sentenced to three years in a labour camp. Mr Vladimir maintains that the drugs were planted on his son.

Mr Magarik, aged 53, said: "I do not know if the appeal will work for there were many strange things about my son's trial and imprisonment."

Mr Magarik left the Soviet Union in 1982 and now lives in Israel.

Court bans limits for homeless

A High Court judge yesterday banned housing authorities from offering accommodation for a limited period to homeless persons with a priority need.

Mr Justice McCowan said those with "priority need" and not intentionally homeless, should be free of such limits threatening their security.

He quashed a decision of the London Borough of Camden to offer Mr Jeremy Wait accommodation for a few months only.

Mr Wait became homeless with "priority need", under the provision of Section Four of the Housing (Homeless Persons) Act, 1977, when fire destroyed his flat at Chamberlain House, Somerstown, Camden, in May last year.

The council decided he was only entitled to accommodation for a limited period because Chamberlain House was a "short life" property due for demolition in a few months, when Mr Wait would have had to make alternative arrangements anyway.

Trained street rioters report 'not improper'

The Press Council today deprecates the sensationalism of a lead story on the front page of the *Daily Express* reporting that some leaders of the riot in Tottenham, north London, were trained in street fighting in Moscow, but says it is not satisfied that the report was improper.

Mrs Sandra Tolley, of Sutton Court, Sutton, Ely, Cambridgeshire, complained that the newspaper improperly published the report without factual evidence.

The report, headlined "Kill! Kill! Kill!", said that thugs who murdered a policeman in the riot acted on orders of crazed left-wing extremists. Street-fighting experts trained in Moscow and Libya were behind Britain's worst violence.

Mrs Tolley complained that the report was unsubstantiated conjecture. Responding, Mr Struan Coupar, the managing editor, said that Mr Don Coolican, home affairs editor, spoke to a police officer who told him the Special Branch had for four years been observing known activists.

The Press Council's adjudication was: There is general acceptance, shared by the Press Council

that journalists have an ethical duty to protect the identity of sources of confidential information. The council can find no sufficient reason for requiring the journalist in this case to disregard that duty.

Inevitably, therefore, evidence that would normally be required is not available. While deprecating the sensationalism of its treatment, the Press Council is not satisfied that publication of the report was improper.

The complaint against the *Daily Express* is rejected.

Although the editor of the *Oxford Mail* had been asked not to identify a woman undergraduate wounded by an airgun pellet, it was within his discretion whether to do so, the Press Council ruled.

The council rejected a complaint by the Warden and Fellows of Wadham College, Oxford, that it was improper of the newspaper to give details of her name and address sufficient to be identified by her assailants, despite requests from her and from the police not to identify her.

A complaint about a report in *The Guardian* that National Front literature was printed by a company set up with a government grant was rejected by the Press Council.

Here's your first move. Send us the coupon. Or if you'd rather, dial 100 and ask for Freefone NatWest.

Then within a few days you'll receive our Business Start Up pack.

It's crammed with expert information and guidance that you'll find essential to give your business a smooth start.

But if even a few days is too long for you to wait, just get in touch with your local NatWest branch manager.



NatWest The Action Bank

To National Westminster Bank PLC, Small Business Service, FREEPOST, Hounslow TW4 5BR. Please tell me more about how NatWest can help me start up in business.

Name (Mr/Mrs/Ms) _____ Address _____

Postcode _____ Daytime telephone no. _____ NatWest branch where account held (if applicable) _____

I am already in business/plan to start up within three months or after 3 months

STUT 6/7

Coal import... Tory MPs seek purge of Civil Service MILITANT

Success... energy...

£206,000 for widow of sailor

Manila revolt starts to crumble after 24-hour ultimatum by Aquino

From Keith Daiton, Manila

Military and political opponents of President Aquino trying to form a breakaway government yesterday held initial talks to end a two-day occupation of a luxury Manila hotel.

The occupation had threatened to split the military and damage the four-month-old Aquino Government. In the break-through discussions, begun hours after Mrs Aquino issued a 24-hour ultimatum for the siege to end, an agreement to resolve the crisis was reached.

Opposition leaders and supporters of Mr Ferdinand Marcos, the deposed President, agreed to leave the five-star Manila Hotel early this morning.

A former assemblyman, Mr Salvador Britanico, said he and other members of the opposition met Mrs Aquino, General Rafael Nieto, the Deputy Defence Minister, and Mr Teodoro Locsin, the Information Minister, for 2½ hours late yesterday to discuss solutions to the stalemate.

Separate negotiations will continue today between military officials and rebel soldiers on an amnesty from arrest for their occupation of the country's top hotel.

Hundreds of opposition and government supporters were

the hotel to end it and come out within 24 hours," Mrs Aquino said. She added that "an early and favourable response to this appeal will be taken greatly in their favour".

Military support for Mr Tolentino cracked just 12 hours after he took his oath of office.

While hundreds of pro-Marcos soldiers and civilians maintained an all-night vigil in the hotel lobby, 300 soldiers, billeted 50 yards away behind the grandstand of the seaside Luneta Park, quietly climbed on board the five army trucks that had brought them to the weekly pro-Marcos rally the day before and surrendered at 3 am at the nearby military headquarters.

"They realized they had been misled," Brigadier-General Emilio Tepto, Manila's deputy military commander, said later.

He said the soldiers had been misled into believing that they were supporting a military takeover by the Defence Minister, Mr Juan Ponce Enrile. When Mr Enrile expressed full support for Mrs Aquino's Government in a nationally televised press conference, the troops quickly agreed on a mass surrender, he said.

kept apart at the Army and Navy Club — where the talks took place — by several hundred troops backed by six armoured personnel carriers.

The former Foreign Minister, Mr Arturo Tolentino, set off the minor revolt on Sunday when, with the support of several hundred heavily armed soldiers, he took an oath as acting President and established himself inside the hotel. Security was provided by the renegade troops, who had the building as the headquarters of their fledgling government.

"It was a propaganda gimmick and a violation of law and it has failed," Mrs Aquino said at a press conference called to denounce this "act of disloyalty and defiance".

"I want to appeal to the people who have holed up in

Pope kindles hopes of change

From Geoffrey Matthews, Bogotá

As the Pope ended his week-long visit to Colombia yesterday, a cartoon in the Bogotá newspaper *El Espectador* summed it all up with the pointed, ironic humour that is such a feature of the national character and of a democracy that, however imperfect, staggers on as the most durable in Latin America.

It portrayed the Pope in the classic pose of a Colombian political orator, fist clenched, impassioned, shouting: "For education! For health services! For agrarian reform!"

Beside him was a priest-like figure, head bowed, eyes closed, clutching a crucifix, murmuring in prayer: "On Earth... peace to all men of good will."

The cartoon neatly reversed the public roles of two men with much in common, both being natural commentators, extremely human, patently sincere and unashamed populists.

Several times the Pope praised the Betancur administration's "generous initiative" to forge peace with the country's guerrillas during its four-year term which ends on August 7. But he also tacitly criticized the state by identifying himself with the plight of the poor, the unemployed, the homeless, the landless *campesinos*, and an indigenous population that has been largely abandoned.

Senior Betancur, an independent Conservative, always recognized that his peace process depended on social reforms to improve conditions in the guerrillas' natural constituency — but was thwarted by economic recession, a Liberal majority in Congress and the defence mechanisms of arguably the most sophisticated oligarchy in Latin America.

However, the Pope's repeated calls for a serious assault on poverty, particularly through job creation, will be ignored at his peril by the President-elect, Señor Virgilio Barco Vargas, a Liberal, who will inherit a fast-improving economy. The papal visit has undoubtedly generated great expectations among the poor that change can indeed be made to happen.

The Pope delivered stern admonishments on divorce and abortion, and implicitly criticized the more extreme manifestations of liberation theology, dissociating the church from those who preach class war and, even worse, guerrilla war. But he also emphasized that the church was in the vanguard of the struggle for peaceful and meaningful social change.

Of particular interest will be the long-term impact of his visit on the Colombia Church, very much in tune with him on religious doctrine but lagging far behind on social issues. Many Colombians regard it as a reactionary body whose clergy are more interested in their stipends and privileges than the welfare of their flocks.

The Pope's latest Latin American pilgrimage was, by any theatrical standards, a star performance in which his constant humanity and good humour won the hearts of all Colombians.



The Pope visiting the Armero memorial cross for the 25,000 people who died when the volcano erupted last November.

One memorable example of papal wit came as rain poured down on a multitude of 700,000 at a service in Bogotá. From the crowd came a bellowing cry: "Juan Pablo, amigo, Bogotá is with you." Quick as a flash the grinning Pope responded to the sea of umbrellas before him: "Bogotá, amigo, the rain is with you."

In Cartagena yesterday the Pope condemned the drug racket while paying homage to a local martyr, St Pedro Claver, a 17th century monk credited with helping to liberate black slaves. He said drugs represented "slavery at times even more dreadful" than that suffered by the slaves brought from Africa to the New World in the colonial period.

His visit ended in the port of Barranquilla, then he headed home, with a brief stop in the former British colony of St Lucia in the Windward Islands.

He may return to Latin America next year.

Mexican election fraud claimed

From John Carlin, Ciudad Juárez, Chihuahua, Mexico

The ruling Institutional Revolutionary Party (PRI) yesterday declared itself the outright winner of elections in the state of Chihuahua, on the United States border, as further details emerged of blatant electoral fraud.

The elections — for governor, mayors and congressional deputies — are seen as a test of the degree to which the Government of President de la Madrid retains credibility, or failing that control, at a time of acute economic crisis.

As indignation grew yesterday at the perceived scale of the fraud, an estimated 2,000 troops were on alert on the streets of Ciudad Juárez bordering El Paso, Texas, which has a population of one million.

A senior PRI official, Señor Mario Niebla, said in Ciudad Juárez that he felt proud of what he described as a clear, transparent triumph. The PRI, he said, estimated a 60 to 40 victory margin in Chihuahua, Mexico's largest state.

The official result will not be available until later this week. Nor will it be in the states of Michoacán, Zacatecas and Durango, where the PRI has claimed victory to elections for governors which took place on Sunday.

The major opposition party, the right-wing National Action Party (PAN), said its figures showed it had won PAN electoral delegates said the PRI Government — which has not lost a state election in 57 years — had rigged the vote, and would now fix the figures to assure victory.

Evidence of fraud on a massive scale was accumulated not only by PAN, but also by scores of foreign reporters and an independent civic action group which closely monitored voting.

It emerged that the vote had been fixed principally by resorts to the crudest of methods: the stuffing of ballot boxes before polling with ballots marked in favour of the PRI.

In a typical case, one woman told how, despite being only the tenth person in her polling station to vote, she had to force her voting slip into a crammed ballot box.

At another polling station the final figures showed a PRI victory by 6,980 votes to 596 by PAN. In order for that many votes to have been polled, allowing one minute for each voter to cast his ballot, voting would have lasted five days.

Dutch navy rescues Britons

Den Helder, Netherlands (AP) — The Dutch Navy yesterday rescued the crew of a British freighter which began to sink near the Dutch coast after loose cargo shifted, a Navy spokesman said.

The British-registered Olaf sent a distress signal at about 3pm local time and the frigate *Picier Florisz* and a helicopter came to its assistance.

The Olaf's crew of 16 was taken aboard the frigate, but its captain decided to stay on board while a tugboat tried to take the ship in tow.

Last rites for Great Teacher

Rangoon (Reuters) — The Taungpulu Sayadaw (the Great Teacher of Taungpulu) Burma's most revered Buddhist monk, a 92-year-old master of meditation, with followers around the world, has been cremated after a month of rites following his death in early June.

The ascetic monk was the foremost authority on Buddhist meditation in Burma and taught and converted followers in Britain, the US, India, Nepal and Thailand.

British ships to visit China

Peking (AP) — Two British warships will visit Shanghai from July 11 to 15 in the first port call to China by a navy with nuclear capability since a visit planned by the US Navy last year over the issue of whether the American vessels carried nuclear arms.

The destroyer *Manchester* and the corvette *Amazon* will make the goodwill visit, the first by British warships to China since 1980.

Dry Norway

Oslo (Reuters) — Norwegian alcohol supplies dried up as 900 workers in the state wine and liquor monopoly went on strike for more pay. Hoteliers, who buy their supplies from the state stores, said the dispute could force businesses to close during the summer holidays.

Arrest evaded

Monrovia (AFP) — Senator Charles Williams, of Buchanan City, said he had ordered the arrest of Mrs Ellen Johnson-Sirleaf, an executive member of the opposition Liberal Action Party, and other partisans for "illegally holding a political rally" in his constituency, but they had escaped.

Sword terror

New York (Reuters) — A man wielding a sword turned a quiet Staten Island ferry into a scene of terror yesterday, stabbing nine people, killing one and badly injuring eight before being subdued.

President ill

Algiers (AP) — A team of French surgeons operated successfully on President Chadli of Algeria who had been suffering for more than a week from a herniated disc.

Clean milk

Berne (Reuters) — Swiss authorities have lifted a warning against the use of cow's milk by small children, nursing mothers and pregnant women issued after the Chernobyl nuclear disaster.

Bull run

Pamplona (AP) — More than a dozen runners were injured, none seriously, in the bull run on the opening day of the annual San Fermín bull festival.

Eaten alive

Dar es Salaam (AFP) — A wildlife official in southern Tanzania's Tuaruru district was eaten alive by lions as he was returning home.

Never say die

Belgrade (AP) — Unabashed after nine years of failing to pass a driving test, Mr Branislav Mirkovic, aged 54, will have another try, his 79th.

Court veto for budget cuts law

From Bailey Morris, Washington

The United States Supreme Court yesterday struck down the key provisions of the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings balanced-budget law designed to reduce the soaring US deficits to zero by 1991.

By a vote of seven to two, the High Court declared unconstitutional the provisions directing Congress to make major automatic spending cuts whenever deficits rise above specified levels.

The court ruled that the automatic "trigger" provision violated the Separation of Powers Act, which states that Congress and the Administration have separate but equal functions.

The ruling put in doubt the ability of Congress to meet the difficult deficit-reduction goals outlined in the unprecedented legislation. It requires across-the-board cuts in defence and domestic programmes to reduce the \$200 billion (about \$127 billion) deficit to \$144 billion in fiscal 1987, \$108 billion in fiscal 1988, \$72 billion in fiscal 1989 and down to zero by 1991.

To reach those targets, more than \$34 billion in additional cuts in domestic and defence programmes would have to be made by October, just before the mid-term elections. The first round of cuts, totalling \$11.7 billion last March, will remain in effect.

The decision also raises the strong possibility of another protracted legal battle which could paralyze the deficit-reduction process further.

Both Houses of Congress have passed budgets and agreed, in a special conference, on legislation that would meet the first-year targets, cutting the deficit to \$144 billion in the 1987 fiscal year which begins in October.

In meeting that goal, Congress is now bound by a fall-back provision in the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings legislation. It is very similar to the traditional congressional process which has resulted in so many political stalemates.

Under the fall-back provision, the President's Office of Management and Budget and the Congressional Budget Office will jointly take a "snapshot" of the US economy on or before August 15. If the deficit, now projected at more than \$175 billion, is above the \$154 billion level, then the two agencies will produce a "repealer order". It will direct Congress to cut programmes by anywhere from 10 per cent to up to 20 per cent in some cases.

Unlike the automatic "trigger", however, both Houses of Congress must then vote on the order and President Reagan must sign it into law.

South African unrest

Five bodies found after house fire

From Michael Hornsby, Johannesburg

Another 25 people have died in the continuing civil strife in South Africa which has claimed more than 2,000 lives, the majority of them black, since serious disturbances began in September, 1984.

A Government spokesman said five charred corpses were found in a partially burned house in the KwaZakhele black township near Port Elizabeth on Sunday night. He gave no further details.

The spokesman said the security forces shot and killed a black man in an incident on Sunday night when they opened fire on a mob stoning their vehicle in a black residential area near Nelspruit, in the Eastern Transvaal.

In a separate report, the police said they had killed three men in a skirmish near Empangeni in north-eastern Natal, and seized a number of Russian-made landmines, hand grenades and AK47 rifles and ammunition. A police dog was seriously injured.

The police also reported that the white general foreman of a construction company was shot by a man with a revolver after dropping off workers in the KwaZakhele township outside Port Elizabeth. He died in hospital.

In continuing unrest in the mines, 15 black miners were killed in what were described as faction fights last weekend at the St Helena gold mine in Welkom, in the Orange Free State.

General Mining Corporation, which owns the mine, gave few details about the fighting, saying only that it erupted after the fatal stabbing of a man on Saturday evening. Thirteen miners were being

South African unrest

Five bodies found after house fire

From Michael Hornsby, Johannesburg

treated at the mine hospital. It said calm had now been restored.

The Anglo American Corporation reported a go-slow since Sunday night by some 5,000 of the 12,500 blacks employed at its nearby Free State Geduld Mine. As a result two of the mine's four shafts were not operating.

Anglo American reported a return to work by about a third of the 1,950 blacks employed at four mines in Kimberley owned by De Beers, the corporation's diamond-mining arm. The miners went on strike at the end of last week.

In Cape Town, the Supreme Court heard an application to declare the detention of a Dominican nun, Sister Clare Harkin, unlawful and to order her release.

According to a witness, the nun, who had been among mourners in a funeral procession at Guguletu, outside Cape Town, stood between a policeman and a young man who had been chased into a garden and repeatedly said: "Please have mercy on the boy."

The witness said the policeman threw the boy to the ground and kicked him. When another policeman arrived the nun again tried to shield the youth. The first policeman pushed her out of the way, and again kicked the boy, shouting at the second policeman to "take that woman". The nun was then arrested.

● Greases freed: Two leading members of the West German Greens Party arrived in Johannesburg yesterday after being detained for seven hours in South African-ruled Namibia (Reuters reports).

Church-state clash in Argentina

Divorce debate opens old wounds

From A Correspondent, Buenos Aires

A Congressional debate on divorce is soon to get underway in Argentina, one of only a handful of countries where it is illegal.

About six different proposals have been introduced by MPs of several parties. Behind the debate are two important realities, one sociological, the other religious and political.

The first is that, according to the 1980 census, there are about two million Argentines living in irregular family units, without the chance to marry. The figure is widely regarded as an under-estimate. One MP puts it at more than four million, or more than 10 per cent of the population.

Secondly, not only is Argentina a jurisdictionally Roman Catholic country in which, for example, only a Catholic can be President, but the Church also has a long history of intervention in political life.

Almost every civilian government has come into conflict with the Church in its efforts to liberalize marriage laws, education, or both. A divorce law is theoretically on the books, having been legislated by the Peronist Government in 1954.

It contributed greatly to President Juan Domingo Peron's open conflict with the Church, which in turn played an important part in his overthrow in 1955. The incoming military rulers suspended the divorce law.

Although it has been denied by church authorities, there is a tacit agreement between the Church and the democratic Government of President Alfonsín, under which the Church would moderate its attack on divorce initiatives and the Government would not call a plebiscite on the matter.

Polls over the past four years indicate that between 66 and 75 per cent of the population favour divorce legislation.

However, on Saturday in the main square of Buenos Aires, 35,000 to 55,000 Catholics gathered for an ostensibly non-political demonstration in favour of the family.

The rally was inspired by Mgr Emilio Oggenovich, the most outspoken critic of divorce within the conservative Catholic hierarchy.

It was a peaceful gathering, in which secondary school children predominated. They sang religious folk songs. The tranquility of the demonstration contrasted sharply with heated exchanges in the past week between political and church figures.

Church-state clash in Argentina

Divorce debate opens old wounds

From A Correspondent, Buenos Aires

At another polling station the final figures showed a PRI victory by 6,980 votes to 596 by PAN. In order for that many votes to have been polled, allowing one minute for each voter to cast his ballot, voting would have lasted five days.

Mitterrand welcomed at Kremlin

From Christopher Walker, Moscow

President Mitterrand of France yesterday held talks in the Kremlin with the Soviet leader, Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, at the beginning of a four-day official visit which has added international significance because it follows similar talks in New York last week with President Reagan.

It is the second meeting between the Soviet and French leaders since Mr Gorbachev came to power in March 1985, indicating the importance the Kremlin places on the role of France.

Although senior French officials were at pains to deny that President Mitterrand was playing a role as go-between, his three sessions of private talks with Mr Gorbachev are expected to provide a strong pointer to the chances of the 1986 superpower summit going ahead as originally agreed last November in Geneva.

Both Soviet and French officials emphasized what they see as the special ties between Paris and Moscow and yesterday *Pravda*, the Communist Party newspaper, said that the Soviet Government hoped that the trip — repaying that made to Paris in October by the Gorbachevs — would help strengthen security in Europe.

French sources said that, during the private meetings, the French President was likely to repeat his earlier rejection of Mr Gorbachev's offer to negotiate a separate nuclear arms deal with Paris and insist on the independence of the French nuclear force.

But the sources said that the French leader was also likely to speak out during his trip in favour of prolonging the 1972 Anti-Ballistic Missile treaty. Mr Gorbachev recently called on the US to adhere to the treaty without its six-month let-out clause for a period of 15 years in return for concessions on nuclear arsenals.

M Mitterrand's arrival, in company with the new Foreign Minister, M Jean-Benoist Léon, until recently the French ambassador in Moscow — has raised expectations among Soviet

Mitterrand welcomed at Kremlin

From Christopher Walker, Moscow

who remember his gesture in 1984 when he openly cited the name of the banished Nobel prize winner Dr Andrei Sakharov during an official Kremlin speech.

Western sources believe that the subject will gain in sensitivity because of his meeting in Paris in May with Dr Sakharov's wife, Mrs Yelena Bonner, shortly before her return to the Soviet Union to resume her internal exile with her husband in the closed city of Gorky 250 miles to the east of the capital.

If the question of the Sakharovs' future does not come up in public before, Western sources are confident that it will be raised at a closing news conference President Mitterrand has scheduled before he leaves Moscow on

Church-state clash in Argentina

Divorce debate opens old wounds

From A Correspondent, Buenos Aires

At another polling station the final figures showed a PRI victory by 6,980 votes to 596 by PAN. In order for that many votes to have been polled, allowing one minute for each voter to cast his ballot, voting would have lasted five days.

Church-state clash in Argentina

Divorce debate opens old wounds

From A Correspondent, Buenos Aires

At another polling station the final figures showed a PRI victory by 6,980 votes to 596 by PAN. In order for that many votes to have been polled, allowing one minute for each voter to cast his ballot, voting would have lasted five days.

Church-state clash in Argentina

Divorce debate opens old wounds

From A Correspondent, Buenos Aires

At another polling station the final figures showed a PRI victory by 6,980 votes to 596 by PAN. In order for that many votes to have been polled, allowing one minute for each voter to cast his ballot, voting would have lasted five days.

Church-state clash in Argentina

Divorce debate opens old wounds

From A Correspondent, Buenos Aires

At another polling station the final figures showed a PRI victory by 6,980 votes to 596 by PAN. In order for that many votes to have been polled, allowing one minute for each voter to cast his ballot, voting would have lasted five days.

Duvalier link to properties in New York

New York (AP) — The former Haitian president, Mr Jean-Claude Duvalier, his family and associates have been linked to about \$5 million (£3.2 million) in New York real estate.

The properties consist of five Manhattan apartments, according to the July 14 issue of *New York* magazine, which said "interests linked to the family of... Duvalier" own the properties.

The information came to light as a result of investigations by the new Government of Haiti, which employed an inquiry firm to do the work.

Duvalier link to properties in New York

The information came to light as a result of investigations by the new Government of Haiti, which employed an inquiry firm to do the work.

Duvalier link to properties in New York

The information came to light as a result of investigations by the new Government of Haiti, which employed an inquiry firm to do the work.

Duvalier link to properties in New York

The information came to light as a result of investigations by the new Government of Haiti, which employed an inquiry firm to do the work.

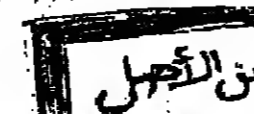
Duvalier link to properties in New York

The information came to light as a result of investigations by the new Government of Haiti, which employed an inquiry firm to do the work.

Duvalier link to properties in New York

The information came to light as a result of investigations by the new Government of Haiti, which employed an inquiry firm to do the work.

War Aus Walo
Envo
Punjab on stat
Naka
From David V... Tokyo



War document reveals Auschwitz link with Waldheim's army unit

From Ian Murray, Jerusalem

A newly-discovered wartime document released here yesterday shows that some 2,500 Jewish men, women and children were deported to the Auschwitz extermination camp on the orders of the German army unit in which Dr Kurt Waldheim served as the deputy chief intelligence officer.

The document, released by the World Jewish Congress (WJC) on the eve of the inauguration of Dr Waldheim as President of Austria, was discovered six days earlier in the Federal Archives in Freiburg, West Germany.

Dated September 22, 1944, it records the deportation of Jews to Auschwitz. The Turkish citizenship in the entire command territory upon instructions of the High Command of Army Group E.

IC/AO. This involved the Jewish population on the islands of Crete and Rhodes.

In a letter sent to the US Justice Department last April, Dr Waldheim said he was the "OS" officer of this unit. This meant he was responsible for all operational intelligence and control of the intelligence staff.

The document was discovered by the WJC, currently meeting in Jerusalem, which launched a campaign in March to have the former United Nations Secretary-General excluded from the US as a war criminal.

Mr Waldheim, executive director of the WJC, said yesterday that the new evidence should be considered by the American authorities, who should place the Austrian President-elect on the "watch list" of aliens who can be excluded from the US.

Mr Steinberg said the document refuted a letter sent by Dr Waldheim to the WJC president, Mr Edgar Bronfman, on March 7, in which he said he had "never been informed" about the deportation of Greek Jews. It clearly showed, he said, that the unit in which he was a senior officer actually ordered the deportation.

The WJC means to go on seeking evidence about Dr Waldheim's wartime career. "The chief witness against him is his own signature," Mr Steinberg said.

Israel is continuing its own judicial inquiry into the wartime records, but this is not yet complete. To mark the inauguration, there is to be a special showing today in the Knesset of the nine-hour film about the Nazi Holocaust, *Shoah*.

Envoy to boycott ceremony

From Richard Bassett, Vienna

The Austrian Parliament's formal swearing-in as head of state of Dr Kurt Waldheim at a ceremony this morning will be boycotted by some diplomats and Socialist MPs.

Dr Waldheim, the former UN Secretary-General, has since his election on June 8, faced a barrage of criticism over his activities as a Wehrmacht officer in the Balkans during the Second World War.

Hopes that his election would ensure that he remained in the tradition of all previous Austrian presidents — above controversy — have not been realized. Dr Waldheim's office was yesterday forced to reject new allegations from the World Jewish Congress that he was involved in deporting Jews from Crete during the war.

It was regrettable, a spokesman for Dr Waldheim said,

that this "smear campaign" continued even though Dr Waldheim had been elected President by a majority of Austrians.

But the shadows lying over Dr Waldheim's past will also be noticeable in Vienna at today's ceremony. Several Socialist MPs have already said they will be absent, and neither the Israeli envoy nor the American Ambassador, Mr Ronald Lander, will attend.

Although the Israeli absence is interpreted here as an obvious expression of Tel Aviv's distaste for Dr Waldheim, a spokesman for the American Embassy here said that Mr Lander could not attend because of "family reasons". Mr Lander is, however, an American Jew of some prominence, and is believed to be unwilling to spend more time in Dr Waldheim's presence than strictly necessary.

A spokesman for the British Embassy in Vienna said that the ceremony would be attended by the British Ambassador, who would follow "normal procedure".

One foreign dignitary in Vienna who is anxious to talk to Dr Waldheim, but who is not expected to attend this morning's ceremony, is Mr Yasser Arafat, the PLO leader.

Mr Arafat, who is here for the United Nations Namibia conference, told Austrian journalists yesterday that he looked forward to talking to the new Austrian President.

NEW YORK: The American Jewish Congress is to cancel tours to Austria because of the election of Dr Waldheim as President "has made it impossible" for AJC members to feel comfortable there (AP reports).

Punjab snubs inquiry on state land transfer

From Kuldip Nayyar, Delhi

The Punjab Government yesterday said it would not make any representation to the Desai Commission, appointed to identify the 70,000 acres due for transfer next Tuesday from Punjab to Haryana in lieu of Chandigarh.

Its reasoning is that Delhi has erred in asking the commission to identify the 70,000 acres afresh, when it was prepared to transfer 45,000 acres of Hindi-speaking villages and to accept the verdict of another commission on the remaining 25,000 acres.

The Venkatraman Commission, which preceded the Desai Commission, had recommended the transfer of

70,000 acres of Punjab territory in lieu of Chandigarh and had said that the 45,000 acres offered by the state government was "inadequate".

Mr Surjit Singh Barnala, the Punjab Chief Minister, who has met Mr Justice Desai, is reported to have conveyed his inability to "co-operate" with the commission.

Mr Barnala also said the hideouts of some hard-core extremists had been uncovered. Many extremists had been "eliminated" or arrested.

Mr Harinder Singh Kahlon, leader of the militant All India Sikh Students Federation, has been arrested in connection with several murder inquiries.

Soviet officials on bribery and theft charges

Moscow (Reuters) — A former Transport Minister in the Soviet republic of Kazakhstan has been arrested for bribery and many officials in his department have been charged with theft, Pravda, the Communist Party daily newspaper, reported yesterday.

The paper did not say when the minister, Mr Anatoly Karavayev, was sacked and arrested or give details of the offence.

Pravda published a scathing account of mismanagement in the republic, focusing on agriculture, transport and construction. Bureaucracy and violations of discipline were still rife, it said.



Mrs Barbara Barlow and a friend viewing the casket (above) containing the remains of her son Kevin, while a tearful Mrs Sue Chambers, mother of Brian Chambers, leaves St Marys Church with an Australian High Commission official (below).

Hawke says Malaysian hanging of two drug traffickers is barbaric

From Tony Daboudin, Melbourne

A wave of revulsion swept Australia yesterday after the deaths of the convicted drug traffickers, Brian Chambers and Kevin Barlow, who were hanged in Kuala Lumpur's Pudu jail. Mr Bob Hawke, the Prime Minister, described the hangings as barbaric.

"I extend my deepest sympathy to the parents of these two men," Mr Hawke said in Hobart, where he is attending the Labor Party's federal conference.

One of the conference's first actions was to pass a motion condemning the execution of the two Australians.

The news that the Malaysian authorities had executed Chambers, a building contractor from Perth, and Barlow, a British-born Australian welder, was flashed on radio and television stations just after 9am in the eastern states.

Mr Brian Burke, the West Australian Premier, who had cabled the Malaysian Government offering to imprison the two offenders in Western Australia for life without remission, said the hanging was a sad commentary on any social or government system.

"It's certainly not in any way a means of rehabilitation... and I'm just very, very sad," he said.

The Foreign Minister, Mr Bill Hayden, said the Australian Government deeply regretted the executions. He said the Government understood the anguish of the families at this "terrible moment".

"The Australia Government reaffirms its abhorrence and rejection of the death penalty in any circumstances, believing that the taking of life as a punishment can never be justified," Mr Hayden said.

"The Australia Government's repugnance at the death penalty had been put forcefully to the Malaysian authorities by the Prime Minister, Mr Hawke, by Senator Evans, as acting Foreign Minister, and by myself on a num-

ber of occasions in the series of representations seeking clemency for the two men," he said.

Tan Sri Zakaria, the Malaysian High Commissioner, said he sympathized with the parents of the executed men. He said he hoped the hangings would not lead to a deterioration of relations between Malaysia and Australia.

"Drug trafficking is a problem of enormous proportions in Malaysia, and is regarded as the most serious security threat to the country," Tan Sri Zakaria said.

Federal Police have stepped up security outside the Malaysian High Commission in Canberra after a death threat was made against the High Commissioner. Threats have also been made against Malaysian students at the University of New South Wales, and there is concern within the New South Wales prison system that there might be violence against Asian prisoners over the hanging.

The newspaper published a photograph of the body of Barlow, the uncovered feet sticking out from under the grey prison blanket, being carried on a stretcher into the mortuary, past a group of photographers.

WELLINGTON: Mr David Lange, the New Zealand Prime Minister, yesterday warned New Zealanders to heed the "awful message" contained in Malaysia's hanging of the two Australians (Reuters reports).

He said the executions should tell young New Zealanders that drug dealing was not only intrinsically wrong, it was "near suicidal".

Mr Lange's warning was apparently aimed at preparing the country for the possible conviction of two New Zealanders, a 43-year old woman and her 19-year old son, awaiting trial in Malaysia on heroin trafficking charges.



Executions highlight dangers of dealing

From M. G. G. Pillai, Kuala Lumpur

Until Kevin Barlow and Brian Chambers were hanged yesterday, most travellers, especially Caucasians, had not realized the dangers of drug trafficking in Malaysia, which has now breached both of its taboos: the hanging of women and of whites.

If anything, it can be expected to be tougher on traffickers than in the past.

On the same day as the hangings, the Penang High Court sentenced to death a 69-year-old Malaysian grandmother, reinforcing the dangers of drug dealing.

There are five whites awaiting trial: Mick McAuliffe, an Australian; Derrick Gregory, of Richmond, Surrey, a West German; and a New Zealand woman and her son. All face the death sentence if convicted.

Why is Malaysia so tough on drug traffickers? It has hanged 36 Malaysians, Thais and Singaporeans since 1975, when the mandatory death penalty was introduced.

Seventy-four people are in death row, awaiting the result of appeals, but the world at large had not been aware of the situation until yesterday.

In the past week two Malaysians have been sentenced to death, but this was hardly recorded.

The drug problem is serious enough for the Government to view it as bad as the communist menace.

No specific figure on drug addiction is available, but most addicts tend to be Malays, and most pushers and traffickers Chinese.

There are as many civil servants, it is said, as there are drug addicts; about one million.

The main criticism of the drug laws is not the mandatory death penalty, but the change in trial procedure: convictions are based not on the burden of proof beyond reasonable doubt, but on the principle of the balance of probabilities.

Chinese lawyers organize nationally

From A Correspondent, Peking

The National Congress of Lawyers, the first meeting of its kind to be held in China since 1949, has opened here to organize China's first National Lawyers' Association.

China now has 20,000 full-time and part-time lawyers, most of whom work as legal advisers to 20,000 companies and work units, according to the Chinese Vice-Premier, Mr Qiao Shi.

These lawyers have provided legal services in 530,000 criminal cases and 230,000 civil cases in the past six years, and have been involved in 900,000 cases of "economic

disputes" since 1983, Mr Qiao said at the weekend.

The national meeting is taking place at a time when China's legal structure is still in its infancy.

Although the Chinese constitution guarantees full legal rights for all citizens of the People's Republic, local associations made up of Chinese Communist Party members have arbitrated on most disputes — ranging from domestic squabbles to theft and fraud — during the past 37 years.

During the cultural revolution the rule of law was suspended, and Chinese sources now estimate that during these ten years of chaos (1966-1976) thousands of people were murdered to settle personal grudges.

The paramount leader, Mr Deng Xiaoping, and his supporters have sought to give China a viable civil and economic legal code.

A bankruptcy law is now under consideration by the National People's Congress, and a variety of business laws, including those spelling out liability in Sino-foreign joint venture investments, is now being written.

"We are going to have peace here," he said. "My responsibility is to bring security for everyone. I don't like gunmen. I don't even have a gun for self-defence — only to defend the security of people here."

The general is nothing if not a humorist. Every morning at 7.30, he goes jogging along the Beirut seafront. "I go alone without protection or even a gun because it is important that the people see me and I can show they will be released. I wish I could be released. I wish I could be released. I wish I could be released."

The general had remarkably little to say about the Christians who have opposed the deployment of Syrian troops in West Beirut. "The Lebanese are like this," he said. "If there are two Lebanese people, one of them cannot bear to have the other one happy. I hope they (Muslims and Christians) will be together again one day because they are one people."

At this, the general looked at *The Times* correspondent and asked: "Why don't you come jogging with me tomorrow morning?" Was this, one wondered, an offer that could be refused?

Of the American, French and British hostages held in Lebanon — perhaps in Beirut — General Kenaan said that "even in Syria we are working on this — even the President (Assad) himself is personally working for their release because it is a human (sic) case. We hope they will be released. I wish I could be released. I wish I could be released. I wish I could be released."

The meeting, chaired by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr Nigel Lawson, was the first Council of Finance Ministers since Britain took over the EEC presidency last week.

Ministers argued that the increase was justified by the

The Japanese elections

Nakasone faces fight over future role

From David Watts, Tokyo

Mr Yasuhiro Nakasone's overwhelming election victory has opened the way for an extension of his term as Prime Minister, but tough intra-party bargaining separates him from his goal.

It now seems possible that Mr Nakasone may stay in office beyond the end of his second term as party president and Prime Minister at the end of October.

He has said that he would like to complete the principal tasks of reform now before the Government, the most arduous of which is reform of Japanese national railways, which many believe will take longer than the extra Diet session proposed for the autumn.

Mr Nakasone might then extend his term at least until the end of the year. But beyond that the longer-term question of leadership for party and country centres on whether he will be able to persuade the party to change its rules and give him a third two-year term as Prime Minister.

Mr Nakasone was quick to say yesterday that he would follow party rules on the extension of his term, but more significantly the party secretary-general, Mr Shin Kanemaru — who has enormous political influence — said that if Diet members wished it, it would be possible to change party rules to allow Mr Nakasone another term.

Mr Kanemaru has previously said that he was against any change of the LDP constitution. He is, however, not a great admirer of Mr Nakasone.

More important in leadership terms than the 96-seat majority in the House of Representatives, is the relative strengths of the factions within the LDP.

To effect the necessary change of rules, Mr Nakasone cannot merely rely on his own faction of approximately 83 Diet members. He needs the



Mr Yasuhiro Nakasone, the Japanese Prime Minister, placing roses on the names of elected Liberal Democratic Party candidates at the party's headquarters in Tokyo yesterday.

support of other factions to achieve the necessary two-thirds majority within the party to change its constitution.

Ironically, the largest faction — that of the former prime minister, Mr Kakuei Tanaka, the "kingmaker", who was too ill to leave his home to compete in the election — was increased by some 20 new followers. Most of these are likely to support one of Mr Nakasone's rivals for the prime ministership, the Finance Minister, Mr Noboru Takeshita, a Tanaka follower, and now the strongest aspirant in terms of factional support.

But after a bruising term as Finance Minister, and with the prospect of the party being forced to raise taxes, he may be prepared to wait a little longer for the top party position.

Mr Nakasone's leadership of the party to its stunning victory and the debts other politicians now owe him might induce them to support him in a bid for a third term.

Reagan policies served by Tokyo poll result

From Christopher Thomas, Washington

The Reagan Administration is delighted with the clear victory in Sunday's elections of Japan's ruling Liberal Democratic Party and hopes it will increase the chances of Mr Yasuhiro Nakasone remaining Prime Minister after his term expires in October.

Mr Reagan and the Japanese leader have struck a warm personal rapport and have similar views on fighting United States protectionism and curbing Japanese imports to the US. They share a deep concern about the growing Soviet military build-up in the Pacific, saying it poses a grave threat to stability in the region.

Mr Nakasone is a forthright supporter of Mr Reagan's military build-up and arms control policies. In turn, the American leader has contin-

ued to demand cuts in the Soviet Union's force of SS20 intermediate-range missiles in Asia — many of which are targeted on Japan — during the protracted Geneva arms control negotiations.

Mr Reagan has fulsomely praised Mr Nakasone for trying to lower trade barriers against American goods, while he himself continues to fight an uphill battle in both Houses of Congress to prevent the raising of special barriers against Japanese imports.

Even if Mr Nakasone does not succeed in persuading his party to change the rules that require him to step down in October, officials in the Reagan Administration are confident that Mr Nakasone's main economic, defence and foreign policies will be closely followed by his successor.

Civilian to be Premier for Ershad

From Ahmed Fazl, Dhaka

President Ershad of Bangladesh is to appoint Mr Mizanur Rahman Chowdhury as the country's civilian prime minister in a major step towards the return of democracy after more than four years of martial law, official sources said yesterday.

Mr Chowdhury, the Minister of Telecommunications in General Ershad's Cabinet, will also be elected leader of the pro-Government Jatiyo Party in Parliament, which is due to meet on Thursday.

Officials said his appointment would be announced by tomorrow, after General Ershad dissolves his Cabinet.

Mr Chowdhury, aged 57, switched allegiance from the opposition Awami League to the Government in 1982.

Student boycott: Tens of thousands of Bangladesh students yesterday boycotted classes in protest against the military rule of President Ershad (Ahmed Fazl writes).

Mr Akhtaruzzaman, the leader of the Central Students Action Committee which called the strike, said it had shut down six state universities and more than 500 colleges and high schools.

Labor asks delegates to support Hawke

Hobart, Tasmania (Reuters)

The president of the ruling Australian Labor Party pleaded with delegates to a party conference yesterday to rally behind the Prime Minister, Mr Bob Hawke, and help solve Australia's economic problems.

Mr Mick Young, in an opening address to the biennial conference, urged the policy-making meeting not to inflict unsustainable political and economic dreams on the Hawke Government.

The conference began amid a mounting economic crisis for Mr Hawke, who has failed to solve a bitter battle between unions and business over an employer-funded retirement scheme. Mr Young said eco-

nomic woes facing the Government posed a major threat to implementing party objectives.

"Over the last year, our terms of trade have declined so markedly, with commodity prices collapsing, that they now present the Government and our party with a major impediment to growth and the fulfilment of our objectives," he said.

His speech made it clear that Mr Hawke was determined to defend tough policies facing for belt-tightening, despite left-wing criticism.

Meanwhile, unions in the coal industry yesterday endorsed industrial action if employers reject their superannuation claim on July 14.

Boost for EEC farm spending

From Jonathan Brande, Brussels

European Community finance ministers yesterday gave the go-ahead for increased spending on agriculture this year, despite pressures on the EEC budget.

The meeting, chaired by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr Nigel Lawson, was the first Council of Finance Ministers since Britain took over the EEC presidency last week.

"exceptional circumstance" of the fall in the value of the dollar, which boosts the cost of EEC food export subsidies.

But Mr Lawson denied that the new agreement signalled a less disciplined approach to EEC spending.

"Its discipline has not gone out of the window," he said, referring to the agreement to keep budget growth under control which the Prime Minister had extracted from other

General warns Beirut gunmen

From Robert Fisk, Beirut

Brigadier General Ghazi Kenaan head of Syrian military intelligence in Lebanon, yesterday delivered a harsh warning to the gunmen and militias of West Beirut that, if they oppose Lebanese troops patrolling the city, they will be striking "directly against Syria".

His implicit threat to use force against opponents of Syria's new "security" plan — made in a long interview with *The Times* as heavily-armed Syrian security agents stood outside his hotel room — was mainly directed at Mr Yasser Arafat and his PLO supporters, whom the general blamed for the chaos in Lebanon.

Two of three men arrested after an attempted car-bombing at Beirut airport had admitted being "Arafat Palestinians", he said. "Arafat is the man who would really like to prevent a solution in Lebanon. From the beginning, he has been trying to create an explosion here."

The general said 150 people had already been arrested in Beirut for carrying arms in contravention of Syria's security plan, and were now being held prisoner in Lebanese Army barracks.

General Kenaan is a small, dark-haired, confident man with a sharp sense of humour as well as a ruthless determination that emerged from time to time as he sat talking in his hotel room, a place of dark furnishings decorated with two bouquets of roses, a copy of a Gainsborough with a bullet hole through the middle and a sketch of President Assad grinning broadly from one corner of the suite.

He had only "40 or 50" uniformed Syrian troops in West Beirut, he claimed, but they were sufficient to give the necessary moral support to the 1,200 Lebanese troops and paramilitary police on the streets. The general clearly expects to be taken seriously — and obeyed.

"I said to the Lebanese Army officers — and today I said the same to General Osman of the internal security force — I said to them: 'You are going to have everything you need to maintain the law — but this is your country and you must work for it. We will support you — but this is your responsibility, not ours.'"

"Now all the parties (militias) have agreed in control their people and there will be no more arms carried in the streets... they will have to collect their arms later. They will only be allowed to have one rifle each — for political affairs. The trouble-makers have to be faced. I told the Lebanese officers: 'We are with you. All the Lebanese people are with you. They will give you their support.'"

General Kenaan insisted that the militias would have to hand over anyone wanted by the Army, "even if that man is the personal bodyguard of a party leader."

"We are going to have peace here," he said. "My responsibility is to bring security for everyone. I don't like gunmen. I don't even have a gun for self-defence — only to defend the security of people here."

The general is nothing if not a humorist. Every morning at 7.30, he goes jogging along the Beirut seafront. "I go alone without protection or even a gun because it is important that the people see me and I can show they will be released. I wish I could be released. I wish I could be released. I wish I could be released."

The general had remarkably little to say about the Christians who have opposed the deployment of Syrian troops in West Beirut. "The Lebanese are like this," he said. "If there are two Lebanese people, one of them cannot bear to have the other one happy. I hope they (Muslims and Christians) will be together again one day because they are one people."

At this, the general looked at *The Times* correspondent and asked: "Why don't you come jogging with me tomorrow morning?" Was this, one wondered, an offer that could be refused?

Of the American, French and British hostages held in Lebanon — perhaps in Beirut — General Kenaan said that "even in Syria we are working on this — even the President (Assad) himself is personally working for their release because it is a human (sic) case. We hope they will be released. I wish I could be released. I wish I could be released. I wish I could be released."

The meeting, chaired by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr Nigel Lawson, was the first Council of Finance Ministers since Britain took over the EEC presidency last week.

Ministers argued that the increase was justified by the

SPECTRUM

From milk round to gravy train

In the carefree 1970s, many students felt that graduation was a magic ceremony opening the way to a host of employers offering glamorous jobs and clamouring to pay exotic salaries.

Golden helms and exploding offers are among the exotic mating cries with which employers lure Britain's new graduates on to their pay rolls each spring.

High employment is only part of the explanation. It is clear that students think about jobs much earlier than they used to.

This hunt for talent, traditionally dubbed "the milk round", started as early as February. Some companies restricted their attentions to the "blue chip" universities such as Durham and Bristol while others were even more particular and visited only Oxford and Cambridge.

The first interviews were mainly general chats, with the next stage a more rigorous second interview, usually at the firm's head office.

Cit-gilded carrots have been dangled by some companies to attract the more talented students. One American investment bank pays £1,000 when an offer is accepted immediately.

ALEXANDRA HOGG Age: 21 Education: Dame Allan's Girls' School, Newcastle-upon-Tyne St Catharine's College, Cambridge

Alexandra Hogg faced the hardest decision for any woman: a choice between suitors. Four of the biggest chartered accountancy firms - Price Waterhouse, Deloitte Haskins & Sells, Touche Ross and Coopers & Lybrand - offered places on their three-year training schemes.

Ten per cent of graduates now embark on careers in accountancy. "Several of my friends have ended up with three or four job offers", she says.

The image of accountancy as dull is a myth, she says. "I'll have a professional qualification that can take me anywhere. I've seen friends bored stiff after six months in merchant banking, leaving to train as accountants, eating their words in doing so."

Alexandra's varied choice of degree subjects reflects her own open-mindedness about her career. Unlike many of her friends, she waited until

Finals are over, results are in and the battle by employers and graduates alike to fill the top jobs is drawing to a close. In the first of a two-part series, Fiona Maddocks finds out how the modern graduate deals with the serious and professional business of career hunting and hard interviews

such practices. "It's a good way of paying off one's debt in the college bar. But do companies really imagine we'd fall for such baits?" one student said.

For the more opportunistic or extrovert, the milk round has plenty of perks. There's the chance to make contacts and to sample good food and wine. Tales of drinking Dom Perignon all night in Mayfair are scarcely exaggerated.

But many undergraduates have found the milk round a stressful experience. Job interviews had to be juggled around preparation for finals. One graduate described the process as "eight weeks of hell. Some interviewers are needlessly sadistic. You come out feeling mugged".

Companies taking part in the milk round have been adopting a heavy American East Coast influence, and include such catch-phrases as meritocracy, high pressure, analytical content and transferable skills.

For those graduating in 1986, the prospects of finding work are good. University graduates fare better than those from polytechnics, with Oxford and Cambridge still taking the highest proportion of top jobs.

The most popular areas for top-calibre graduates have been the City, accountancy and information technology. Industry has a better image than before, but still suffers acute shortages of applicants in some areas.

Teaching is unpopular, while the Civil Service, once the Mecca of high intellect, has lost most of its charm. In 1985, only 55 Cambridge graduates took Civil Service posts, the lowest figure for 10 years.

Mr Bill Kirkman, secretary of Cambridge University Careers Service, blamed this decline on its Ys Minister image. "The continual denigration of the Civil Service by its political masters has taken its toll on applicants", he said.

For all the success stories, however, there are numerous sad cases whose applications are all rejected. The moral of the milk round, as one triumphant student put it, is that bragging pays dividends: "As I see it, there's no point being British about it. You have to turn yourself into a high-class whore and peddle like hell. Then everyone's after you."



NEIL HAYWARD Age: 21 Education: Sir Joseph Williamson's Mathematical School for Boys, Rochester, Kent Corpus Christi College, Oxford (history) Job: Has accepted place in Midland Bank's new corporate personnel division Starting salary: £10,400 a year

"The main thing I wanted out of Oxford was a job. I spent three weeks filling in forms. At one stage, I travelled to London for second interviews so regularly I knew all the commuters on the train. I never doubted I'd get a job."

"I always intended to go into banking or personnel - something challenging, but secure. Merchant banks didn't appeal. The salaries may be massive now, but a bank

could suddenly collapse altogether." His final choice was based largely on interview. "Some of my interviewers were appallingly vague. I'd prepared myself for astute lines of questioning. Instead I was asked senseless things like who in the world I'd like to be. But at Midland, they took a far more challenging, aggressive approach."

Having offered him a job, Midland invited Neil to attend a 24-hour personnel assessment course in Surrey, then offered the position in their corporate personnel division. "Even though the organization is huge, I won't be machined into a job that 40 others are doing. I'll be shaping the job for myself. None of the other banks offered that opportunity."

He expects to stay with Midland several years. "It's up to them to keep me busy. I'm interested in money, but I wouldn't switch because of it." And of course there is the lure of a cheap mortgage.



IAN GLADMAN Age: 21 Education: Dulwich College, Christ's College, Cambridge (history) Job: Has accepted place at Morgan Guaranty Starting salary: £16,000

"I'm more ambitious than anyone I know, but it took quite a few interviews before I cracked the fact that you have to tell people you're a star. I was offered jobs by several



merchant and investment banks. I had to ask which would give me the best training. "I don't want to trade Eurobonds the rest of my life. I'm looking for high pressure, hard work, early responsibility, quick promotion and high pay."

Having already taken holiday work in banking, Ian had no difficulty in securing second interviews. "At Warburg's I attended a whole day's presentation but didn't feel they were good enough to train me. At Kleinwort's they caught me



out by asking, at the end of the interview, whether I remembered their names. I said no and just kept walking. I was rejected. He chose Morgan Guaranty, impressed by the high pay, the promise of six months' training in New York, and the knowledge that 70 per cent of its graduate recruits are still there."

TOMORROW How the employers set about selection

Dicing with life and death in the desert

A 12-year-old child in a British secondary school thinks himself into the mind of an African desert nomad.

Starting with a fixed number of camels, goats and cattle, the player has, during the course of a year, or 182 moves in what is billed as the first

How a new computer game will teach British pupils about the fight for survival in the Third World

computer game about development to travel round his inhospitable desert environment, negotiating a series of climatic, bureaucratic and other problems.

The computer throws up a number of variables, such as rain or an animal epidemic. (The BBC Micro's 32K capacity is used to the full as its sound facility imitates a steady downpour.) With rain, the wells fill up and the young nomad's cattle multiply. Without rain, they die. If this happens, the computer lets out an eerie screech.

At the end of the year the player is presented with a print-out assessing his performance and giving the tally of his animal wealth.

There are additional role games, involving a female villager and a government officer.

In the villager game, the participant has to choose eight out of 14 development schemes which might benefit her people. The population of her village is stated at the start. She then has to allocate time to schemes such as irrigation and hygiene classes. A clock in the corner of the computer screen ticks away as, simultaneously, a multiple graph provides information on how each scheme improves life in the village. At the end of the game the revised population is given.

In the government officer game, the player has to spend the state's money on a variety of schemes. The object is to maximize the cultivation of cash crops, earnings from foreign exchange, and finally, balance the budget. The whole package, called Sand Harvest, has been pio-



Finger on the button: making a wrong move could prove fatal

neered by one of Britain's most respected but least-known development agencies, the Centre for World Development Education (CWDE), in conjunction with Longman Micro Software.

Sand Harvest, launched today, is not cheap at £30 including VAT and postage, but the price does cover four comprehensive background booklets - one for each of the role-players and one for the organizers. These booklets tie the game to one particular country. Mali. The organizers' manual

children aged from 10 upwards.

The game's launch comes as CWDE's own future remains in the balance. Timothy Raisin, Minister for Overseas Development, is due to pronounce before the end of the summer on whether the Government will continue to provide the centre with the funding it needs to survive.

Since starting 10 years ago, CWDE has had a hand-to-mouth existence as government, aid agencies and others have argued about where responsibility for development education lies.

The Overseas Development Administration's £100,000-a-year grant is due to end in March next year and the Government has said that it wants CWDE to look to private means for its funding.

In March 1984 CWDE's fortunes appeared to look up when it received over £80,000 from a gala performance of Andrew Lloyd Webber's musical Starlight Express. But last summer it suffered a setback when it was forced to spend more than £70,000 fighting dry rot in its Victoria headquarters.

The campaign has since moved to smaller offices in north London, where it will save £36,000 on establishment costs. Three of its full-time staff have been made redundant (eight remain). New efforts are being made to raise non-government funds. Project co-ordinator Elizabeth Segall now looks forward to Sand Harvest being used in schools and youth groups by

FASHION 1

Cut...

Textile students are making a better show than their fashion counterparts this year with folios bulging with creative ideas, and it is Scotland that is showing the way for British design

Last week, five Scottish colleges staged a joint design show that should be a beacon for other art schools. Boldly-printed fabrics, subtle weaves, ceramics, jewellery, duvets and table napkins were all shown on a circular stage in front of an audience that included Princess Anne and Malcolm Rifkind, Secretary of State for Scotland.

The idea was to show in London the wealth of design talent in Scotland. The show, sponsored by the Scottish Development Agency, succeeded, as so few college shows do, in making design seem relevant, important and

often more serious and important than the end-of-term fashion show. Is the annual jamboree of catwalk shows really necessary? The Royal College of Art has turned its leavers' event, even though many established designers would be nervous of such a showbiz spotlight, in spite of the odd flashes of colour and fun, and capsule collections from Royal College graduates, no one could really fill the stage or hold the attention. The resulting feeling of disappointment is unfair and unfortunate to a college which prides itself on feeding fashion's voracious creative appetite.



Bold fabric image using woodcut by Ronald Sberro of Dundee, graduating to RCA

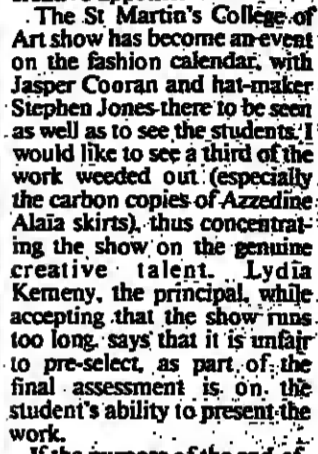
desirable to the whole of life, rather than isolated in the fashionable wardrobe.

"No one gives enough credit to what textiles do for a garment", Zandra Rhodes said as we watched printed table cloths shaken out on stage, patterned umbrellas twirl, and simple modern garments leap to life in print. The most classic men's suits were given a cutting edge of style in the tactile tweeds and richly-coloured weaves.

Cut versus cloth is the great divide this summer, when the college fashion shows have been generally disappointing and the textile students exceptionally strong. Or perhaps it is rather that the fashion students put all the focus on presenting and styling a handful of garments, while the flat artists' folios of their textile colleagues seem to bulge with creative imagination.

Scottfree, the joint Scottish college show, was devised by Mikel Rosen, a fashion show presenter who taught for five years at Middlesex Polytechnic and understands how to brief and encourage students. Working with Patricia Berry, of the Scottish Trade Centre, Rosen gave a time frame to the show. Each of the five colleges - at Glasgow, Galashiels, Aberdeen, Edinburgh and Dundee - was given a time of day as a focus. Rosen was then able to show Glasgow's extraordinary printed felts or delicate devore fabrics alongside complementary sculptures, printed textiles on restaurant lunch tables and Dundee's imaginative prints climbing into bed.

"We want to show how much talent there is in interior design and textiles, rather than just fashion", says Patricia Berry, who envisaged the show and worked on it for eight months. The Scottish Trade Centre is backing up the show from tomorrow with an exhibition of student work that manufacturers and commercial studios can study in detail. Many colleges hold similar displays, which are



Designer jewellery at the Scottfree show: acrylic bangle by Moira McKenzie of Edinburgh Jewels by Simon Fraser

try, discourage joint efforts - although the Inner London Education Authority stages a show of six London colleges tomorrow at County Hall.

The design talent in Scotland is echoed throughout Britain in colleges from Liverpool to Brighton who show in far-flung venues over a five-week period. The out-of-town colleges put in a great deal of effort, yet it is hard to view more than a handful or to compare their work realistically. If the colleges could work together to show it one week, and ideally in one venue, the impact would be greater.

Scottfree in London is at the Scottish Trade Centre, 17 Cockspur Street, SW1, from tomorrow until July 31.

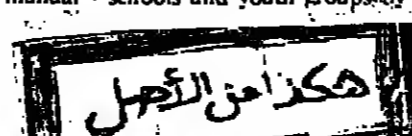
ALLANS 1946-1986 SALE 40 YEARS OF LOVELY FABRICS EVERYTHING IS REDUCED 56/58 Duke Street Grosvenor Square London W1M 6HS Mon-Fri 9-5 Sat 9-1

Nina Campbell Ltd 9 Walton Street London SW3 2JD SALE COMMENCES 9.30am Wednesday 9 July (For 7 Days)

CONCISE CROSSWORD NO 996

Crossword puzzle grid with clues for Across and Down. Across clues include: 1 Road surface (6), 5 Occupied (4), 8 Yoke neck fitting (5), 9 Confound (7), 11 Not southwards (8), 13 Den (4), 15 Going round (13), 17 Prepare (4), 18 Nominate (8), 21 Lung air sacs (7), 22 Very large thing (5), 23 Clotted (4), 24 Fatal (6). Down clues include: 2 Cutter shaft (5), 3 Cut grass (3), 4 Causing disagreement (3), 5 Filled (4), 6 Course subjects (7), 7 Horn of plenty (10), 10 Valuables area (10), 12 Due time (4), 14 Card-match game (4), 16 Faith re-awakening (7), 19 Bouncy Brazilian dance (5), 20 Gangster (4), 22 Black lignite (3).

SOLUTION TO NO 995 ACROSS: 1 Datum 4 Lowdown 8 Flair 9 Neglect 10 Sanitise 11 Wolf 13 Femme fatal 17 Odds 18 Beverage 21 Bambini 22 Elite 23 Duckling 24 Angke DOWN: 1 Deuce 2 Train 3 Maritime 4 Long-suffering 5 Waage 6 Overall 7 Noifs 12 Eiectra 14 Endemic 15 Forbid 16 Recede 19 Aging 20 Mini



FASHION 2 by Suzy Menkes

مكزيامين النجول

... gives way to cloth



Sharp tailoring was the key to St Martin's show (Rebecca Tyrrel writes). Body-conscious suits, coats and dresses, inset with pleats or finished with fish tails, opened the graduate designs. There were rag dolls, gangsters, Dickensian doctors and flamenco dancers. Rifat Ozbek and Jean Paul Gaultier strongly influenced much of the students' work, but behind the *mardi gras* atmosphere, well-cut clothes and strong shapes followed fashion's return to the body-conscious. Aaron Wilson's draped jersey dresses and wool crepe jackets over sunray pleated skirts made a fresh, sophisticated collection, while Tony Crosbie's menswear featured voluminous Las Vegas suits appliqued with sequinned paisleys.

Above: Grey flannel coat and Napoleonic hat, by Clive Westerman of St Martin's



Right: Face-printed nightshirt and patterned bed linen by Fledgling Nelson from Dundee

COMMENT

Simon Richardson

I believe that design education, through the attitudes and expectations it creates, does not serve young designers as well as it might. I believe, too, that the British fashion industry, in my experience hidebound, incompetent and lacking in integrity or vision, is also greatly to blame for the poor performance of Britain's young designers.

Fashion is taught with a two-dimensional bias. Students graduate with full design sketchbooks and all-but-empty notebooks. They are taught in a system geared to preparing them for working as assistants in large companies, in a country where they will have to set up business on their own. Even the basis of sound financial management is neglected.

Design graduates enter an industry that is fragmented. Integrity is lacking. Young designers gain orders from shops, only to have designs poorly manufactured by factories.

Management and administration is done by people with a traditional business approach where the product is unchanged from year to year. British design talent has been used by our foreign competitors to grow rich. But it is their ability to direct that talent that has helped them.

A business-like attitude is expected from young designers, but the industry itself makes it difficult. Many textile companies are unwilling to deal with students.

The problem is that education has failed to keep pace with altered circumstances. The present system that culminates in a lavish degree show encourages young designers to act like those who have backing and organization. The industry is waking up to the fact that it is easier to give a designer training in business than a businessman training in design.

Simon Richardson, a former Middlesex Poly student, is now a freelance fashion designer



Floral fancies: cotton evening dress and flower circlet headdress, from Laura Ashley

Flower power is back in fashion for summer fragrances. First in the corn field is Estee Lauder's Beautiful, with its graceful blend of 2,000 flowers and herbs, including the gentle jasmine and the powerful tuberose.

Old-fashioned girls will come up smelling of roses, honey or even Cox's apples. The first three fragrances have been recreated from original formulae by Crabtree and Evelyn; the scent of Apple joins South Sea Island Flowers and the romantically named l'Elixir d'Amore, all using the nature-knows-best concept of blended fruit, flowers and herbs.

Next's new fragrance range

Scented garden

also says it with flowers with a bunch of floral bouquets botanically named as Floribunda - blending roses, fuchsia, jasmine and lilac - Lilium and Lonicera (wild honeysuckle). Created for Next by Molton Brown, the prettily-packaged bottles of eau de toilette cost £9.99 from Next branches.

Fabergé did not just create a fragrance, it landscaped a garden to launch it in. It commissioned garden design-

er Michael Balston to create a Fleurs du Monde garden full of delicate blooms for the Chelsea Flower Show in May. The sweet smells of bluebell, hyacinth and rose linger on in the Fleurs du Monde fragrance.

June was roses all the way, and their fragrance is captured in the manufacturers' powerful essential oils. The Perfumer's Workshop's Tea Rose now comes in full bloom as a perfume in a beautiful crystal flacon with a Liqueur rose bottle. The quarter-ounce bottle sells at £40, but you can splash on the scent of roses more cheaply with the eau de toilette at just £12.95 for a 10z bottle.

HARRODS SUMMER FUR SALE

Starts tomorrow 9am to 7pm
BUY A FUR NOW
AT OFF SEASON PRICES
AND WE'LL STORE IT FREE
UNTIL OCTOBER '86

Furs from Grosvenor Canada. The examples listed here are all Half Price or less.	Harrods Usual Price	Sale Price	Harrods Usual Price	Sale Price
Illustrated: Pastel Female Mink coat	£5,500	£2,750	Fitch and Mink coat	£5,995 £2,495
Not shown: Mink Tweed coat	£7,795	£3,895	Stranded Fitch coat	£9,725 £3,995
Dark Mink coat with fox trim	£3,750	£1,850	Dark Female Mink jacket	£3,500 £1,750
Blue Fox jacket	£1,795	£895	Fur Salon. First Floor. Personal shoppers only.	
Two Tone Fox coat	£3,995	£1,495	All reductions are from Harrods Usual Prices.	
White Mink jacket with fox trim	£2,795	£1,395	Credit Sale Agreements No deposit. 24 equal monthly payments (APR 24.8%). Interest free if you settle within 10 months. Ask for written details.	
Raccoon jacket	£2,500	£1,250	Sale Opening Hours Wednesday 9th July 9am to 7pm. Thursday 10th to Saturday 19th July 9am to 6pm. Monday 21st July to Friday 1st August 9am to 5pm. Wednesdays 9am to 7pm, Saturdays 9am to 6pm.	
Cross Fox stroller	£15,000	£6,500		
Mink and Fox jerkin	£6,250	£2,995		
Red Fox coat (petite size)	£9,995	£4,995		
Coyote coat	£6,995	£3,495		



THE TIMES DIARY

Out of the liner fire

Cruise passengers could soon be bugged by their crew if radical measures now being proposed to fight Achille Lauro-style attacks against passenger ships and ports are introduced.

Biters bit

Since the Church and the co-ops conjoined to quash Sunday shop opening for a twentieth time, the disappointed champions of reform take malicious pleasure in notifying me of two developments.

No, minister

The Department of the Environment is fast building a reputation for minor clangers. Only last week, members of the local authority associations were mystified by the request for a second annual rate support grant meeting.



Yes, he's a lot better. The regular doses of publicity seem to be working.

Multiverbalized

Teachers in Ealing must have left a lecture yesterday on community issues in education with their heads reeling. Maurice Lynch's subject had so excited the borough community education team that it wrote to schools beforehand to brief them.

The ball is over

I am declaring the innings closed on the highest-score-in-an-over debate, and not before time. A reader berates me for not already knowing about the pre-war village fixture during which a batsman cleared the boundary with a mighty stroke.

PHS

Time for honest talk on Aids

Michael Adler says it is far too late for British squeamishness

We were warned about Aids in the United Kingdom but have been too slow in mounting a programme of health education. We have allowed prejudice to rule over concern for public health.

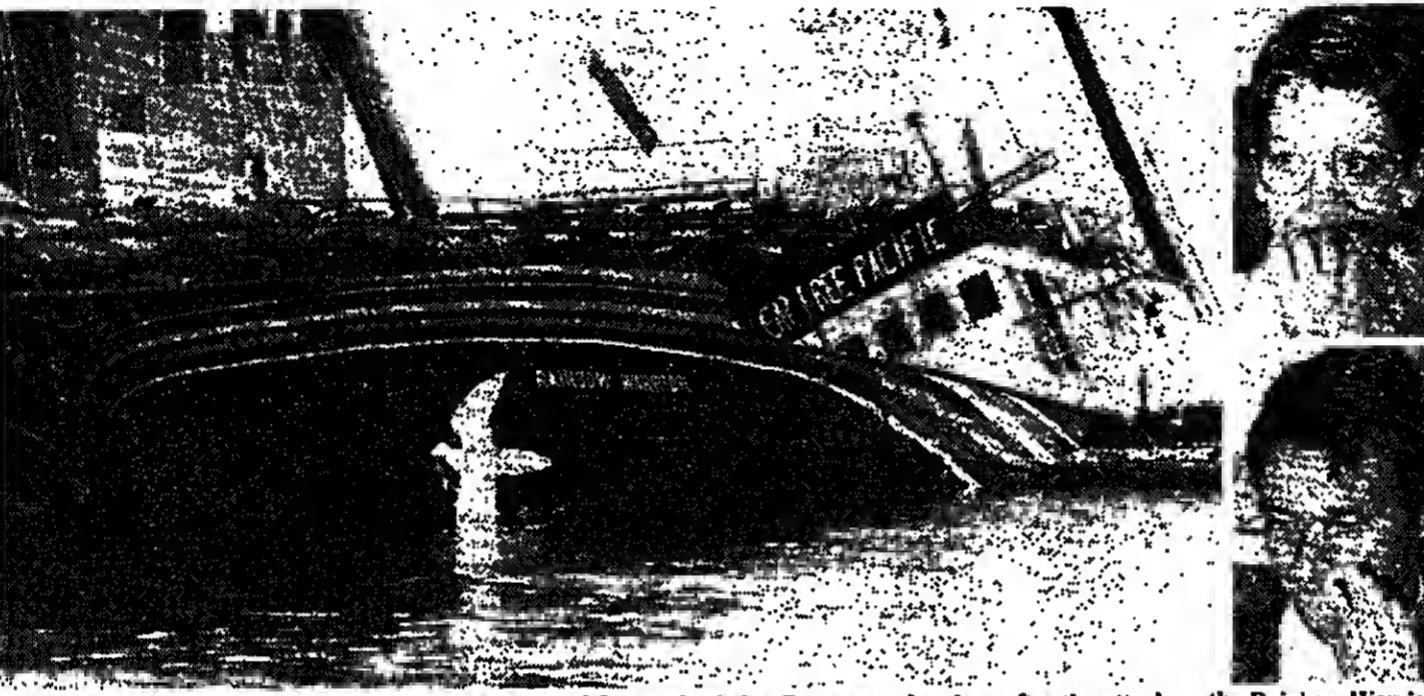
showed that 76 per cent of addicts in Italy, 32 per cent in Switzerland and 10 per cent in the UK were infected with the virus and in one general practice in Edinburgh the figure was as high as 50 per cent.

will have to be placed on television and radio; material will have to be put through letterboxes. Why have the authorities not launched such a campaign?

response. As it is, our inertia will mean that heterosexuals and babies are now truly at risk through transmission from infected bisexuals and drug addicts.

Yet we have the infrastructure to produce a campaign. The Health Education Council exists for such a purpose. The Terrence Higgins Trust has done excellent work by trying to educate homosexuals about the disease in an imaginative and direct manner.

Richard Long on why New Zealand has freed the two French agents



Death ship: Dominique Prieur (top right) and Alain Mafart pleaded guilty to manslaughter after the attack on the Rainbow Warrior

Wellington A year ago this Thursday, when two bombs ripped holes in the side of the Greenpeace protest ship Rainbow Warrior, sending it to the bottom of Auckland harbour, the reverberations spread around the world.

Before long it emerged that the sinking, in which a man was killed, was the work of French saboteurs, acting on high orders to stop the ship from interfering with a French nuclear test. It was a crime that rocked the French government.

halt to tinned kiwi fruit exports to France. French customs officers began slicing open New Zealand bales of wool, ostensibly and rather ludicrously in search of heroin.

After all the rhetoric, a vulnerable deal

been whisked to Tahiti in a French nuclear submarine. The French government at first denied involvement and then issued an official whitewash known as the Tricot Report. But in the end when their guilt was proved, the French defence minister and the head of the secret service were dismissed.

Lange commented that their destination was "an exquisite irony that will not be lost on the French", but his electorate may not be so amused. Political polls in New Zealand have been strongly opposed to the release of the agents.

Finally came a ban on lamb's brains, a delicacy in France. Lange changed his tack earlier this year and said the agents would not be "released to freedom". Negotiations started with the French; were called off; started again.

New Zealand justice was not for sale, the prime minister said

The Turene couple were picked up by police just two days after the sabotage. The Ouvea yachtsmen had sailed away, were tracked by police to Norfolk Island, north-east of New Zealand, but were released for lack of evidence. Samples taken from the yacht later showed evidence of explosives having been stored aboard, but by this time the yacht had disappeared - scuttled in mid-Pacific - and her crew had

Just get this the right way down

As Parliament moves towards recess and the time when ministers hope to God that nothing will happen in the next two months to call them back from the Mediterranean, it is difficult to tell whether the sudden absence of new developments in the long Land Rover-Sikorsky-Guinness-Pear-Allied Biscuits-Westland-Argyll-Fiat-United Distillers-Allied Lyons saga (a) threatens or strengthens Mrs Thatcher's position; (b) is due to a genuine stalemate or just an agreement by all parties not to muck up the two months and (c) makes any sense at all.

Finally came a ban on lamb's brains, a delicacy in France

And indeed Lange's past rhetoric has been studded with promises to this effect. The agents would not be released during the lifetime of his government, he pledged on several occasions last year. New Zealand justice was not for sale, he said. There would be no deal with the French.

Digby Anderson

Learning the right lessons The press gave much, though unstated, attention to the latest thoughts of the Employment Minister, Kenneth Clarke, on the inner cities, in which he appeared to advocate using tax and rate-payers' money to bribe contractors to employ, not those they currently find the best employees, but those he thinks they should employ. In order to secure government money allocated to inner cities, it appears, firms should employ labour on criteria of location and race, favouring blacks and Asians.

Douglas Evans

Japan reaches out to the US The sweeping parliamentary gains registered on Sunday by Japan's ruling Liberal Democratic Party may prove a watershed, not only for the practice of a more forceful style of democratic leadership within the country, but also for a more active political role for Japan in world affairs.

Paul Jennings

Distillers then very close to an upside-down drinkable whisky. Equally meanwhile United Biscuits, under its dynamic chairman Sir John Hazeldine, had been working in a typically British makeshift laboratory then housed in a Nissen hut, on developing the already known Upside-Down Pineapple Pudding into a real space-age Upside-Down Biscuit.

Japan reaches out to the US

The sweeping parliamentary gains registered on Sunday by Japan's ruling Liberal Democratic Party may prove a watershed, not only for the practice of a more forceful style of democratic leadership within the country, but also for a more active political role for Japan in world affairs.

For two compelling reasons - the one commercial, the other personal - the Reagan Administration, unlike most of its European counterparts, has already understood this new balance of power. The Pacific Basin has for some time contained the most human and natural resources of any comparable region.

Digby Anderson

Learning the right lessons The press gave much, though unstated, attention to the latest thoughts of the Employment Minister, Kenneth Clarke, on the inner cities, in which he appeared to advocate using tax and rate-payers' money to bribe contractors to employ, not those they currently find the best employees, but those he thinks they should employ.

Douglas Evans

Japan reaches out to the US The sweeping parliamentary gains registered on Sunday by Japan's ruling Liberal Democratic Party may prove a watershed, not only for the practice of a more forceful style of democratic leadership within the country, but also for a more active political role for Japan in world affairs.

Japan reaches out to the US

with headquarters in San Francisco and very extensive Pacific business contacts. Almost unnoticed by European leaders this Pacific-orientated administration had been consistently pursuing its quiet diplomacy in a region which a decade ago, in the wake of the Vietnam era, had little confidence in US leadership.

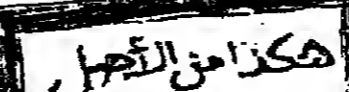
With few exceptions European commentators interpreted the Reagan tour to Ball as an exercise to alleviate presidential jet-lag. No doubt it was. But Ball is part of ASEAN, which in turn is part of ASEAN, America's fifth largest trading partner. Last year Secretary Shultz chose the ASEAN ministerial meeting as the venue for a major speech on global economic expansion, a flyer in fact for the Plaza Pact. As ASEAN sees itself as a bridge between the Third World and the Western industrial nations, what more natural step than for the president to take them into his confidence before the Tokyo summit?

Digby Anderson

Learning the right lessons The press gave much, though unstated, attention to the latest thoughts of the Employment Minister, Kenneth Clarke, on the inner cities, in which he appeared to advocate using tax and rate-payers' money to bribe contractors to employ, not those they currently find the best employees, but those he thinks they should employ.

Douglas Evans

Japan reaches out to the US The sweeping parliamentary gains registered on Sunday by Japan's ruling Liberal Democratic Party may prove a watershed, not only for the practice of a more forceful style of democratic leadership within the country, but also for a more active political role for Japan in world affairs.





1 Pennington Street, London E1 9XN Telephone: 01-481 4100

DRUGS AND THE GALLOWS

The world is awash with drugs, the Home Secretary said graphically earlier this year when he introduced the Drug Trafficking Offences Bill.

measures in, say, Pakistan may be shifting the locus of supply elsewhere in Asia. One consuming nation, which is also a supplying nation, is Malaysia.

Consideration of the case in this country, however, has been tainted by patronising implications about the quality of justice in Malaysia. No country can fully satisfy the standards of another in its legal conduct - which is why extradition is so fraught a business even between the friendliest of allies.

The bill - due to become law today - contained measures for curbing the criminal sale of drugs at home. But the Government also pointed out that it was meant to be part of a diplomatic offensive.

On Monday morning, the Malaysian authorities executed two Australians, one of whom had been born in Great Britain. They were found guilty of breaking domestic law which forbids trade in heroin.

There may, in the prosecution of Kevin Barlow and Brian Chambers, have been a desire on the part of the Malaysian authorities to demonstrate that their policy appears even-handed between the races. That might elicit misgivings about the severity of the sentence - the gallows for six ounces of heroin.

The death since then of the daughter of a Cabinet minister can only have focussed public and political concern. The ministerial campaign has several sides, moral as well as legal, international as well as domestic.

The two men were convicted of attempting to smuggle a small amount of heroin out of Penang Airport. Note that their offence was to smuggle out of a Third World country enough toxic material to make the men a considerable profit in Australia, Britain, the United States or Europe and, incidentally, to help an unknown number of eventual purchasers to poison themselves.

Statistically, Sir, the figures show that during the period of most rapid growth of YTS (1979-82) A-level uptake also grew. Furthermore, since then the proportion of 16-year-olds choosing YTS has grown from 13 per cent to 25.8 per cent, while A-level has only marginally declined, from its peak of 20.5 per cent to 19.2 per cent.

International commerce in heroin and kindred killers is not to a fixed pattern. Police

A PARTIAL REPORT

The private inquiry set up by Haringey Council to report on the riots at the Broadwater Farm Estate in Tottenham has not revealed any significant new facts about the events preceding or during the violence which erupted, or about the deeper-rooted social problems which underlay this and other similar outbreaks.

a black woman, Mrs Cynthia Jarrett collapsed and died of a heart attack. A riot of exceptional violence broke out on the following evening and night in which PC Keith Blakelock was killed. Buildings and motor vehicles were set on fire and the police were attacked with petrol bombs.

others, were full of sorrow and anger because a mother had died and because nothing effective was being done about her death; and a unit of police officers who were, with many others in reserve, heavily equipped, hostile to the people on the estate, expecting trouble to start, and ready at a moment's notice to quell it with force.

The inquiry was set up by Haringey Council when the government declined to set up its own investigation. The Home Office had stated that it did not believe that a re-run of such an inquiry as Lord Scarman's would "cast any new perspective on the situation" or that it would discover new solutions to urban violence.

At the outset, Lord Gifford gave it as a reason for undertaking the inquiry that "people do not attack the forces of law out of mere wickedness or a sense of fun". There are, however, those who out of wickedness and callousness, stand ready to exploit supposed and actual grievances for the sake of the violence from which they gain satisfaction, and the report gives no weight to this reality.

The tone of the report in respect of the police goes far to undermine interest in its not very original remedies for the future. They include a new training unit for police to learn about "racial awareness", government grants and a jobs plan for Haringey, new council housing and education policies to combat racism, more black teachers and more multi-cultural lessons in schools.

Sunday's attempt by Arturo Tolentino to wrest power from Corason Aquino and set up a pro-Marcos government in the Philippines seems to have been little more than a warning shot across the bows of the Aquino government. It is, however, a warning that should not be taken lightly.

It is the police who are blamed for the failed relationship with the community before the tragedy. The riot itself is described as a "clash...between a group of youths who, along with many

But most significant is that the report should repeat the demand of the Labour left for an elected authority to run the police - in other words, for a politically-run police force - and should advocate what it calls co-operative policing with the organisations "which represent the community on Broadwater Farm." Who in practice would run such agencies is not hard to imagine. This report is both partial and political. It will not help the people of Tottenham, nor the cause of good relations between the public and the police it affects to value.

It illustrates, first, how vulnerable President Aquino's government still is. Despite much wishful thinking from supporters of "People's Power" and opponents of the Marcos regime, Mrs Aquino has powerful enemies representing powerful interests. However corrupt February's election was, Mrs Aquino's eventual victory was no landslide.

WARNING SHOT

Sunday's minor coup attempt illustrates, second, the continuing appeal of Ferdinand Marcos. Whether or not he had any part in Tolentino's action (and he has denied that), the regular appeals he has transmitted to his countrymen from exile have clearly not gone unheeded. He has kept a finger on the pulse of his homeland. Moreover, however corrupt and however weak his rule in its latter stages, he was seen as a strong leader made even stronger by US backing. And strength is expected of a leader.

coup attempt came shortly after the government had announced the start of talks with the communists at an undisclosed location.

The populist nature of her campaign itself was bound to alienate many of those who had enjoyed power under Marcos. The big landowners stood to lose from her plans for land reform. Provincial governors, legally elected, stood to have their own victories questioned. The local officials who owed those governors allegiance stood to fall with their patrons. And the military, one of the last groups to declare itself for Mrs Aquino, was likely to lose authority once a stable civilian

Though it is still early days, President Aquino has not been able to give the same impression. She has sometimes appeared at odds with the military. There has been talk - perhaps malicious, but talk nonetheless - of her being a mere puppet of those around her. She has not, despite protestations to the contrary by both sides, been able to attract the unqualified confidence of the United States once enjoyed by Marcos. Nor has she helped her own cause by speaking so insistently of compromise - comment in particular with the country's communist insurgents. Perhaps by accident,

Mrs Aquino's suspension of parliament while a new constitution is drafted and her replacement of a number of elected officials have also laid her open to accusations of arbitrariness and rule by fiat. The potentially damaging nature of these charges is shown by the fact that they were used by Tolentino during his few hours in the limelight. For the time being, Mrs Aquino's government appears to be secure. This weekend there was insufficient support for the restoration of Marcos to make Tolentino's rebellion a serious threat. The open show of defiance suggests, however, that the sooner Mrs Aquino can regularize her position by adopting a new constitution, the better it will be for her. Until then, she would be well advised to take the most elementary precaution of all: to ensure that either she or her Vice-President, Salvador Laurel, is in Manila, and visible. Diplomacy, whether abroad or in far-flung provinces, will be to no effect if the power base at the centre is

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Unfair slice off wage packets

From the Director of the National Association of Citizens Advice Bureaux

Sir, The Citizens Advice Bureau service has two urgent concerns about the Wages Bill which is now before the House of Lords.

First that employees will no longer have the right to be paid in cash, and may have a bank account nominated by the employer. We feel it is unfair that the Government is willing to issue over 4,000,000 Giro cheques to social security claimants but is unwilling to ensure that employees have the same easy access to their pay from employers.

Advice Bureaux that there is a significant minority of unscrupulous employers who evade the protection Parliament has already given to employees against unfair deductions: indeed such deductions sometimes amount to the whole of the wage packet.

We fear that unless the 10 per cent limit also applies to the final wage packet it will be these employers who will make frequent deductions so that they can make regular large deductions for unproven losses. The small measures that we advocate would bring considerable benefit to employees, no detriment to honest employers and would not undermine the intentions of the Bill.

Second, that although it is proposed to limit the deductions an employer may make for stock and till deficiencies up to 10 per cent of the wage, this limit will not apply to a worker's final wage packet. We would welcome the 10 per cent limit on deductions, as a step in the right direction to protect low paid employees, if it also applied to the final wage packet.

We hope that the Government will take the remaining opportunities before them to include them in the Bill

Yours faithfully, ELIZABETH FILKIN, Director, National Association of Citizens Advice Bureaux, (15-123 Pentonville Road, N1, July 3.

YTS and A levels

From Mr Brian Morgan

Sir, It is possible that a regrettable anti-Youth Training Scheme bias has coloured interpretation of the report of the Commons Select Committee on Education and Science? Assertion that growth of acceptance of YTS may be at the expense of A-level uptake, and the implication that this would be a bad thing, are not justified statistically, qualitatively, or practically.

ment (July 2) that "the figures show a sudden fall-off in the proportion of A-level students as the scheme expanded".

Qualitatively, it is not possible that even if the 0.2 per cent fewer students of A-level have all without exception moved to YTS, this may be no bad thing? A student-centred widening of flexibility of choice is not only sound educational philosophy but also sound marketing. If 16-year-olds are showing a small shift from academic study to work-place training, are they not doing just what Industry Year is asking them to do?

Statistically, Sir, the figures show that during the period of most rapid growth of YTS (1979-82) A-level uptake also grew. Furthermore, since then the proportion of 16-year-olds choosing YTS has grown from 13 per cent to 25.8 per cent, while A-level has only marginally declined, from its peak of 20.5 per cent to 19.2 per cent.

Practically, YTS would appear to be more in touch with the needs of 16-year-olds than the providers of A-level studies. As a consequence, A-level studies have stagnated while YTS has been growing fast. That finding is neither new nor bad. Yours faithfully, BRIAN MORGAN, Brian Morgan Associates, 24 Caledonia Place, Clifton, Bristol, Avon, July 2.

Drink-driving case

From the Secretary of the British Medical Association

Sir, The so-called "breathalyzer" Act was stated by the Minister of Transport to be based on the BMA's report The Drinking Driver. That report advised strongly against courts permitting any "back calculation" being allowed for purposes of determining how much higher the blood alcohol concentration must have been at the material time, and it was for that reason that the Act provided that the concentration given to the court should be based on analysis of the sample at the time it was taken.

entirely upon chemical analysis of breath or of body fluids must depend upon the integrity of the scientific evidence. As has been pointed out by Dr Taberner (July 1), the rates of elimination of alcohol from the body vary not only as between different individuals, but in the same individual at different times. Furthermore, the reduction occurs in a series of peaks and troughs which only add to the problems of attempting back calculation.

We were, of course, aware of the practice being allowed in certain European countries, where geographical conditions could lead to a considerable delay before the driver could be taken to a police station. However, it appears that the recent case (report, June 27) arose out of an accident which occurred in the middle of Birmingham and it is difficult to see how it was impossible for the police to obtain a specimen of blood, breath or urine until four hours and 20 minutes after the accident took place.

If such an estimation was ever to be accepted scientifically, it certainly should not be based on a single sample, as in the case reported, but on a series of samples taken over a period of time.

Those responsible for law enforcement would be better advised to step up the level of breath testing and to concentrate on those places where drinking drivers are most likely to be found, or where alcohol related accidents are known to take place. Yours faithfully, JOHN HAVARD, Secretary, British Medical Association, BMA House, Tavistock Square, WC1, July 1.

Occupational hazard.

From Dr Conrad Dixon

Sir, The Times Diary (July 3) referred to the Tottenham police cricket team as the fuzzi, and thus highlighted the burning issue of equal treatment for pejorative occupational nicknames.

Cheats who prosper

From Mr R. L. Barycz

Sir, With reference to Mr Gordon Fleck's suggestion (July 3) I can think of an even simpler method of encouraging fair play in a game of football and that would be to deem the winner of any game the side in whose half of the pitch the ball has spent the shortest time, no matter what the goals scored.

Some come readily to mind - hacks and quacks, for example, need no explanation, while snivels, for Civil Servants, is gaining ground. Would readers care to add to the list so that every occupation may, in future, receive an honourable mention? Yours faithfully, CONRAD DIXON, 27 Tiddworth Road, Ludgershall, Andover, Hampshire, July 3.

Not only would this discourage foul play, it would also provoke actual play by putting an effective stop to time-wasting tactics that do nothing but provoke the spectators into verbal and actual violence.

Yours faithfully, CONRAD DIXON, 27 Tiddworth Road, Ludgershall, Andover, Hampshire, July 3.

Yours sincerely, R. L. BARYCZ, 30 Millmark Grove, New Cross, SE14, July 4.

Uniform discomfort

From Mr. R. W. L. I. Watts

Sir, A welcome voice (Mr A. J. Ougham's July 4) has been raised in a plea for good sense in men's dress. It always seemed absurd that Cairenes, Delhians and the like should be encumbered with suits and ties when they could have been wearing galabieh, ideal for hot climates.

Sky-blue riband

From Mr Frederick O. Marsh

Sir, Perhaps our seafaring friends ought to follow the example set by us aviators. Since 1905, when the world airsporting organisation called the Fédération Aéronautique Internationale was founded, it has controlled and certificated all successful record attempts covering aeronautical vehicles from balloons, right through powered aircraft, to man-powered flight and spacecraft.

It is, of course, that little iron fist in the dainty glove. Not long ago a special resolution of our club bridge committee decreed, with amazing audacity, that ties need not be worn in very hot weather, just cravats would be enough, the lady members murmured, smiling sweetly.

Our records include speed over recognised courses, point-to-point and many others for the different types of aircraft. They are based on a formula related to weight and power plant and cover sporting and recreational aeroplanes as well as commercial and military aircraft.

What is so repellent about the male neck? Grime, scrawn, hair, bubkles? It is time, gentlemen, to put an end to this tyranny. Yours faithfully, R. W. L. I. WATTS, Flat 3, Palmer Court, Westfield Road, Budleigh Salterton, Devon, July 5.

Perhaps Mr Richard Branson and other wet bobs, worldwide, should now consider whether this is an appropriate time to form a similar organisation and establish regulations. I would be happy to provide assistance. Yours faithfully, FREDERICK O. MARSH (UK Vice-President, Fédération Aéronautique Internationale), Flat 4, 40 Buckingham Gate, SW1

ON THIS DAY

JULY 8 1924

The Channel Tunnel Bill was read for the second time in the Commons on June 6 1986, thus bringing to the point of realization a project first mooted over 180 years ago; in that period there have been at least a dozen proposals and two aborted starts. At the 75th annual meeting of the Channel Tunnel Co in 1985 the chairman told the press that the Government had ceased to regard the tunnel as a danger to the country's defences, "objections," he added, "were now of an economic nature".

THE CHANNEL TUNNEL

GOVERNMENT DECISION.

MR. MACDONALD, replying to Sir W. Bull (Hammersmith, U.) and Viscount Curzon (Battersea, S., U.), said: "The Government have had under consideration the question of the Channel Tunnel, which was brought to their notice by the members of the House of Commons Channel Tunnel Committee. In a memorandum with which the Committee were good enough to furnish me, it is stated that virtually 400 members of this House have now declared their intention to support the scheme. Some members attached the condition, to which the House of Commons Channel Tunnel Committee assented, that the approval of the naval and military authorities and of the Committee of Imperial Defence should first be given, and the Committee gave me to understand that the promoters would, in the absence of such approval, be unwilling to launch the project..."

I think that most of those present, like myself, had approached the subject with a certain predisposition in favour of the Channel Tunnel. When the evidence came to be discussed, however, it was found that everyone had been forced to an opposite conclusion. The advice of the Staffs of the Admiralty, War Office, and Air Ministry was against the project..."

From the point of view of security, the Committee of Imperial Defence do not wish to overstate the risk, but they are advised, as their predecessors were advised, that there is unquestionably an element of danger involved. While naval and military opinion in the past has differed considerably as to the extent of this danger, there appears no room for doubt that the existence of a tunnel would be bound to add something to the anxieties of those responsible for national defence, to our commitments, and to our expenditure. And, as pointed out by Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman in a statement on the subject in this House in 1907:

"Even supposing the military dangers involved were to be amply guarded against, there would exist throughout the country a feeling of insecurity which might lead to a constant demand for increased expenditure, naval and military, and a continued risk of unrest, and possibly alarm, which, however unfounded, would be most injurious in its effect, whether political or commercial..."

Having examined the defence aspects of the question, the Committee turned to its civil aspects in order to ascertain whether there were overriding advantages which would justify them in advising that the military risks involved should be run. The Committee were informed that the construction of the Channel Tunnel would have but little effect on the foreign trade of this country. The question of passenger traffic is alone important, and by it the Channel Tunnel scheme as a commercial enterprise must stand or fall. If, however, the Tunnel, when completed, succeeded in attracting passenger traffic to the extent which its promoters hope for, one result would be the gradual disappearance of the cross-Channel steamship services. (Laughter.)

As regards relief to unemployment, the Parliamentary Committee estimate that on the Tunnel itself about 2,500 men would find employment on the English side, and an equal number on the French side of the Channel. There would, in addition, be consequential employment elsewhere, and one of the estimates in the memorandum of the Channel Tunnel Committee was for an overall figure of 12,000 workers in Great Britain and 12,000 in France.

The Committee of Imperial Defence were unanimous that the advantages of the Channel Tunnel would not commensurate with the disadvantages from a defence point of view. Further, they took the view that all that has happened in the last five years in the way of naval, military, and air development has tended, without exception, to render the Channel Tunnel a more dangerous experiment...

any questions? From Professor H. H. Huxley Sir, As one who has been learning Latin and Greek for nearly 60 years I have much sympathy for the baffled Wykehamists (July 1). "Examinations," said Charles Colton, "are formidable even to the best prepared, for the greatest fool may ask more than the wisest man can answer."

I have tried always to keep before me Hazlitt's cautionary words: "Anyone who has passed through the regular gradations of a classical education, and is not made a fool by it, may consider himself as having had a very narrow escape." Yours sincerely, HERBERT H. HUXLEY, 12 Derwent Close, Cambridge, July 1.

Misrouted

From Sir Thomas Bazley

Sir, You report (July 4) that Miss Sarah Ferguson will go up the aisle to the strains of Elgar's "Imperial March". Hitherto, brides have always gone up the nave. Yours faithfully, T. S. BAZLEY, Eastleach Folly, Near Hatherton, Cirencester, Gloucestershire, July 4.

Spoiled case for animal care

From the Chairman of the RSPCA

Sir, It was heartening to read Bernard Levin's tribute to the work of the RSPCA in his article, "The animal lovers lust for blood", in today's Times (July 3).

What is not often appreciated is that it is reputable organisations like the RSPCA that feel the backlash against extremists who make bombing and murder threats in the name of animal rights. The society feels it where it really hurts - in the purse.

As a charity the RSPCA depends on public support to finance the fight against cruelty to animals. The need has never been greater. This year we had the sad task of reporting the highest number of cruelty cases ever. The danger is that in the public revulsion against fanaticism all organisations working for animals get tarred with the same brush.

The RSPCA abhors the actions of extremists whose illegal attacks on people and property bring no relief to the animals they purport to help. On the contrary these attacks alienate animals' potential benefactors.

As the newly elected chairman of the RSPCA's governing body I can assure supporters that the society will not relent in its battle to prevent cruelty and promote kindness to animals. I can equally assure them that it will be a battle fought within the law and without violence.

Yours faithfully, JOAN FELTHOUSE, Chairman, Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, Causeway, Horsham, West Sussex, July 3.

Heads, they win

From Mrs Jean Potter

Sir, An illustration of the new Tonga two panga coin under the heading "The difference a new head of state can make" (Focus, June 23) and the comment that "countries regarded as the best potential export markets are... those which change their head of state frequently, necessitating a change in the ruler's portrait on the obverse of the coinage" was an unfortunate and misleading choice.

King Taufa'atua Tupou IV has been monarch of the kingdom of Tonga since the death of his mother, Queen Salote, in 1965, and she reigned for 47 years.

The new coin is of interest in that, currently, only seniti (100 seniti = 1 panga) are available as coins, and panga in denominations of one, two, five, 10, 20 etc, are in note form.

One disadvantage of the new coins is that, unlike the paper money, they will not be able to be "stuck" on to the coconut-oiled legs, shoulders and arms of traditional dancers, according to the custom at fund-raising events. But this, presumably, is one of the consequences of inflation, now running at about 8 per cent in Tonga, and the higher denomination notes will come into their own on such occasions.

Yours faithfully, JEAN POTTER, 16 Fenitman Road, SW8, June 23.

Stand-in teachers

From Mr David Wardill

Sir, It is certainly true that the problem of stand-in teachers has reached absurd proportions in secondary education, as outlined by Michael Marland (feature, June 30). In particular, with the many new initiatives in education, in-service training has increased enormously.

In one nearby local education authority, for example, the heads of mathematics in most of the secondary schools were sent for training on 10 consecutive Mondays in the weeks preceding the O and A-level exams. In many schools this reduced the teaching available to final-year examination pupils by between 25 per cent and 40 per cent.

Sadly, as this sort of situation is encouraged and funded by Government departments such as the Department of Education and Science and the Manpower Services Commission, and shamelessly accepted by LEAs desperate for money, then Marland's thesis, "Common sense in short supply", seems most appropriate.

However, his solution is wrong. Instead of trying to improve the quality or quantity of available supply cover, we should wonder why such training has to take place during lesson time at all.

Why not do the training after 4 pm, when the pupils have been taught properly, by the right person? If need be, pay the teacher the money which has been "saved" by not employing a difficult-to-obtain, inappropriately qualified baby-sitter.

After all, teacher will have done his own supply cover. And very well, too. Yours faithfully, DAVID WARDILL, 7 Ashree Close, Rowlands Gill, Tyne & Wear, June 30.

Misrouted

From Sir Thomas Bazley

Sir, You report (July 4) that Miss Sarah Ferguson will go up the aisle to the strains of Elgar's "Imperial March". Hitherto, brides have always gone up the nave. Yours faithfully, T. S. BAZLEY, Eastleach Folly, Near Hatherton, Cirencester, Gloucestershire, July 4.

TRAINING FOR WORK

FOCUS

The on-air push for Phase II lift-off

It's action time again for training. The publication last week of the new *Education and Training White Paper* showed that there is neither let-up nor disillusion in the Government's drive to modernize the nation's system of vocational training.

Today at the National Education and Training Conference in Birmingham there will be a chance for Lord Young, the Secretary of State for Employment, and Ian Johnston, chief executive of the Manpower Services Commission's training division, to spell out in some detail the implications of the new measures.

For Lord Young at least it will make a change from tripping out the old exhortations for better training and more of it. By now anyone with even the slightest interest in the subject knows that you need to invest in training for better profitability — and that the Germans, the Japanese and the Americans do much more of it than we do. And, above all, that our deep indifference to developing Britain's "human resources" needs to be shaken.

So it will come as a relief to both Lord Young and his audience that there is something fresh to talk about. Both he and Mr Johnston will be able to claim that we are entering a new phase in the upgrading of training, and that after years of working at it the Government is getting to the point where it has done as much as it can do. The rest is up to us.

Perhaps most important of all the Government has accepted the recommendations of Oscar de Ville's *Review of Vocational Qualifications* and a comprehensive, but simple

structure of vocational qualifications should soon be with us. In addition, the Technical and Vocational Education Initiative is to be put on a national basis. A "college of the air" now looks certain and funding for the Open Tech is to be extended.

College of the Air will be a joint BBC and IBA training venture for broadcasting MSC and Open Tech programmes for people over the age of 16, on radio and television, on similar lines to the Open University.

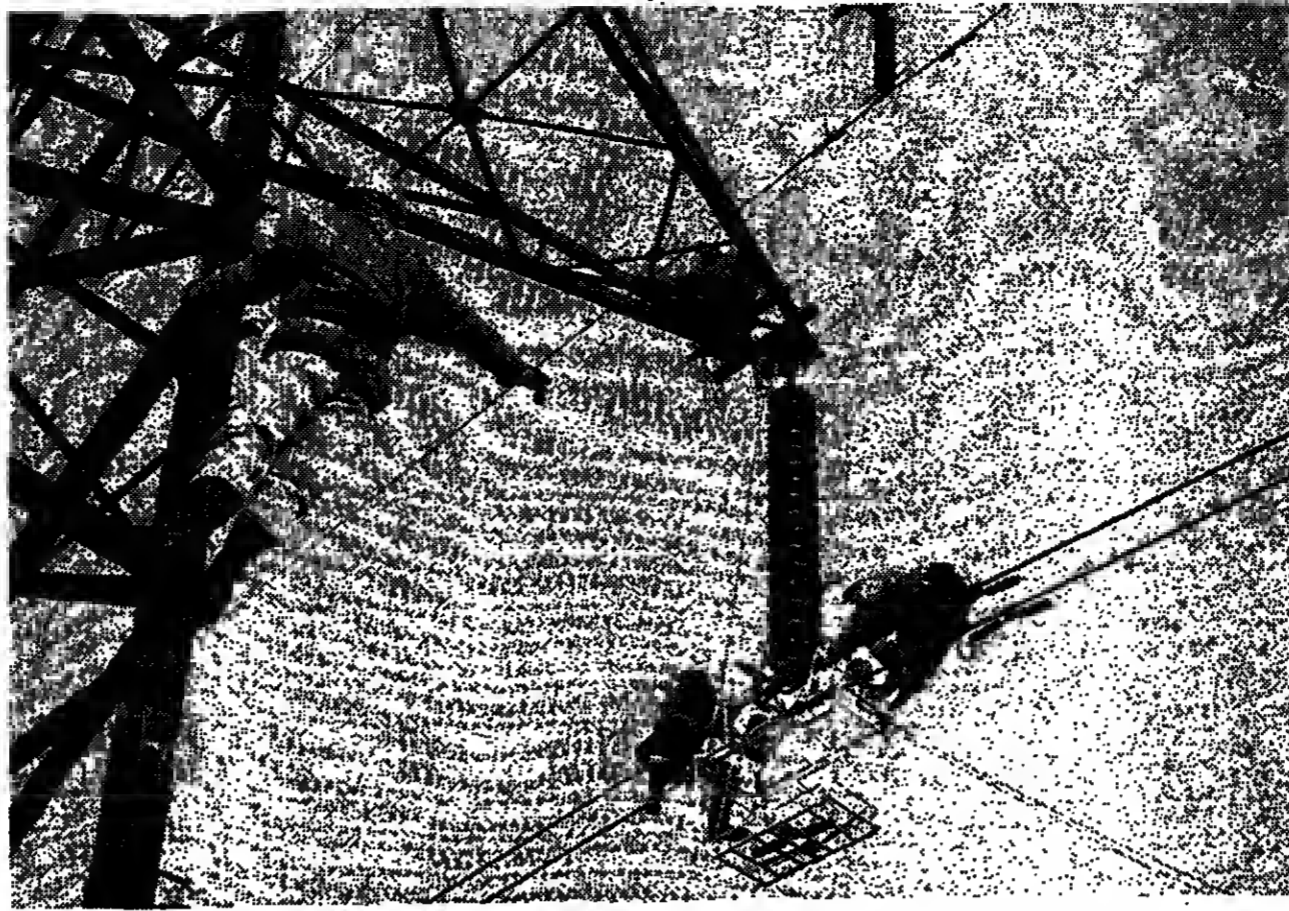
All of this is evidence that the Government remains serious about improving our training performance by creating the structures which make it possible. It is not an issue which has been played with for a few years and then forgotten.

Full details of a College of the Air are expected at the sixth annual Education and Training conference and exhibition which opens today at the NEC, Birmingham

But there is a "down" side to these developments. The reason funding for the Open Tech has been extended, for example, is because industry has not responded fast enough to what "open learning" can offer.

When the Open Tech was launched it was intended that, after initial pump-priming, projects would become self-funding. Generally speaking that has not happened. MSC money is needed to keep them afloat.

Similarly, the extension of TVEI is worthwhile and the money going into schools will be welcomed as a way of



● High standards of training are statutory in hazardous industries such as power engineering but are not so well recognized in some more down-to-earth sectors. Lord Young (above), Secretary of State for Employment, is heading the drive to modernize the UK's vocational training system; and left, trainee linemen receiving instruction at the Central Electricity Generating Board's Line Training School, near Hams Hall power station

upgrading technical equipment. But TVEI was intended to bring about a change in orientation in the curriculum, and to make education more "relevant". Attitudes, rather than mere cash, were what mattered.

and the MSC are starting to lose patience with the NSTOs. Pledges freely made have not been kept.

It is rumoured that many NSTOs, rather than providing better and cheaper training, have become mere token operations which distribute information but do little else. They are certainly not the powerhouses of relevance and expertise which they were supposed to be.

They will probably be given a period of grace to start delivering on their promises — but over the horizon there is appearing once more the possibility of statutory obligations.

So whatever the Government and MSC may do administratively and structurally, the most decisive battle still remains to be won in the attitudes and priorities of managers, teachers, parents, and workers.

As the phone-in response to Granada TV's *Jobwatch* programmes are revealing, thousands of people are crying out for help and information on training. If the country is serious about developing its human talent there is no longer any excuse for turning a blind eye to the problem.

Like most professional groups these days the architects are being pressured into continuing education by two distinct factors.

First, as practitioners they need to keep up-to-date with new techniques and materials. They need to understand the

implications of information technology and they need to stay abreast of changes in the law.

Second, as business operators they need to improve their management skills; to understand changes in the market; and to devise more efficient methods of running their practices.

Unanimous decision to update

Marketing as an advanced specialist qualification for those who are already professionally qualified.

One of the problems about continuing education, however, is the puzzle of who will conduct it.

Although the RIC is bringing in the College of Estate Management for its new Diploma much of the day-to-day CPD is done through self-help in local branches. This may work for the surveyors and it certainly reflects well on the motivation of those involved.

But effective training for professionals ideally needs to be done by people who are skilled in training techniques.

In an ideal world there would be a varied array of training facilities available so that, whatever the need or circumstance a professional person could tap into an appropriate professionally organized training package. As engineering recruitment expert Michael Stills of SRL said recently: "The problem with most traditional courses is that they have to be booked up too far ahead, they're too long

and they're too expensive."

To remedy this the Manpower Services Commission has stimulated the growth of "Open Learning" (through the Open Tech) and the Department of Education and Science has developed its Pickup (professional, industrial and commercial) updating programme.

Perhaps the strongest line taken so far on CPD is that of the Law Society which has made continuing education compulsory for newly qualified solicitors for a period of three years. The fact that the lawyers are so convinced of its value must surely mean that continuing education cannot be gained.

As a recent editorial in the magazine *Surveying Technician* says: "It is no longer good enough to claim a person is qualified at the commencement of his or her career and will remain so without further definite training for the next 40 years or so."

All the professions are, for once, in accord. Is this a record?

The Drive for Improved Business Performance

The Sundridge Park Approach provides a pathway towards achieving demonstrable results from Management Development

Many companies have already benefited, so why don't you? You will be in good company!

For details of the full range of Open and In-Company programmes, please contact Client Services, Sundridge Park Management Centre, Bromley, Kent BR1 3TP. Telephone 01-460 8585 Quote Times

Sundridge Park Management Centre

A new message on people and skills

Sponsoring the Education, Training and Personal Development exhibition is something of a mixed pleasure for the Institute of Training and Development. "It is the largest event of its kind in Europe," says George Webster, the institute's executive director, "and it's an excellent place for people to get together and meet the producers of equipment and services. But although the exhibition is a success it doesn't mean, unfortunately, that the importance of training itself has yet been fully appreciated. We've still got a long way to go."

The institute represents 6,500 training specialists throughout the UK together with the 300 organizations which are most committed to training. Since its foundation in the early 1960s the institute has seen the status of training rise considerably and it welcomes the recent trend (most evident in the jobs' columns of the quality press) for new high-ranking training posts to be created.

"Whereas the industrial relations function has been on a decline over the last few years," says Mr Webster, "the training role has grown. There are now a number of well-paid, senior jobs in training." Unfortunately, there are still a

number of misconceptions about the nature of training.

"For too many people training is equated with courses," says Mr Webster. "A few years ago the move to make training an 'off-the-job' activity went too far so that it was seen as something which was rather narrow and isolated."

One of the institute's chief priorities, therefore, is to raise awareness of the scope of training. In doing this it has a major ally in the Manpower Services Commission. The two have been collaborating recently in preparing a management awareness programme together with Trainer Support Services which will be launched at the exhibition.

The institute also welcomes the trend for educational institutions to become more involved in training and assessment. Both the Department of Education and Science and the Manpower Services Commission have been nudging academics into sharing with industry their knowledge, skills and resources. And there have been some successes. Oxford University will be prominent at the exhibition.

Even so, the major obstacle to training remains one of attitudes.

What the institute hopes for is that the "training ethos" should percolate right through organizations so that every line manager and supervisor sees it as being a concern of theirs.

Looking to the future, the institute is planning for a new annual training conference to be held in the Spring of each year (starting in April 1987) at the Barbican. And, once that's established, there will be a major international training event at the end of the decade.

aat A cost-effective accounting qualification

— For accounts clerks to financial managers

The answer to accountancy training problems below chartered accountant level.

Established by the four London-based chartered accountant institutes, the Association of Accounting Technicians is a professional body for accounting and financial staff. Its advanced status qualification (MAAT) is only awarded when academic success can be supported by accounting experience.

Training
With a wide range of entry levels from nil to BTEC Higher and above, AAT courses are available in over 150 locations countrywide — mainly local authority colleges. Course content is practical and relevant with an emphasis on information systems. Study methods can be chosen to suit the student and employer.

Recruitment
Employers use AAT as a yardstick for job evaluation, and now have greater confidence when they recruit in this previously ill-defined area.

It all adds up to AAT
Employers like Ford, Boots and the Post Office encourage their financial staff to study for Accounting Technician qualifications. AAT qualified staff can benefit your organisation.

For further information, write to:
AAT (Dept. TSR), 21 Jockey's Fields, London WC1R 4BN or phone 01-405 4861

MEET WITH SUCCESS.

Anugraha, Egham's prestigious meeting and conference centre, will make a significant contribution to the success of your Board Meetings and client conferences.

Our 'Small Meetings' Package accommodates up to 8 people in one of our syndicate rooms, with easy access to bar, restaurant, indoor garden and 22 acres of parkland.

The special all-in price includes your meeting room, coffee, tea and lunch.

Ring Clive Holt on Egham (0784) 34355 for full details. Better still, call in for a drink and have a look around at your leisure.

Anugraha Hotels Ltd., Wick Lane, Englefield Green, Egham, Surrey TW20 0XN. Tel: 0784 34355 Telex: 928116 ANUGRA G

Anugraha PLACE APART

DAVIES'S INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS DIPLOMA

1 year course : Entry September '86

- Practical business skills & Personal development
- Foreign business languages/ Communication skills
- Computing

also 1 term Certificate courses.....

DAVIES'S MAYFAIR Management Training Centre

41 CHARLES STREET
BERKELEY SQUARE
LONDON W1X 7PB
Tel: 01-499 3201
Telex: 267612 DMCLON G

هكذا من الأجر

FOCUS

TRAINING FOR WORK/2

Serious video lessons, not Cleese clowning

Those who have giggled through one of John Cleese's video training films may be disappointed the next time they see video on their training programme. Rather than enjoying 20 minutes of humour they may find the video is hitched to a computer asking them questions and demanding replies.

It is usually possible to convey just half a dozen or so basic points in a conventional 20-minute film and, as training becomes more professional and hard-headed, many trainers are now demanding more for their money. The role of video in training, therefore, may be about to change. Instead of being a stand-alone medium it is likely to be found increasingly (and especially via the videodisc) as an adjunct to computer-based training.

The arrival of interactive training packages, in which individuals work their way through a variety of material on a screen, is now with us. Trainees will be guided through the subject matter by a text, either in a book or on the screen. And where it is necessary to illustrate a point, such as a technique in the use of a tool or a selling skill, then

a piece of video or perhaps a still photograph will be summoned up through the computer to give a demonstration. The result is that the video is being subordinated to teaching objectives. The flexibility of the screen, which can be used for moving pictures, text, graphic illustration, or still

Full of information and learning points

photographs, frees the producer to switch from one technique to another as the message demands.

It will be terrific for the trainers - but may be frustrating for the traditional producers of 20-minute programmes who see the art disappearing from their craft.

"Producing interactive video material will be less exciting than making a 20-minute film because there won't be the same challenge of building a story through pace and rhythm and holding the viewers' interest and attention over a number of minutes," says Michael Blakstad, of the Video Disc Company. "Instead it will be a matter of shooting much shorter materi-

al to illustrate a well-defined detail.

"In fact, the initiative is passing from the film-maker to the professional trainer."

Mr Blakstad is involved in making five programmes for computer-company Digital. Although they are not interactive they are full of information and learning points - far more than he would ever have attempted in the old days. The programmes will take the place of the instructor on one of DEC's in-house courses and the intention is to inform and educate the audience rather than entertain it.

The British interactive video market is small and struggling. Only a few companies - such as Patrick Friesner's Interactive Information Systems - can really claim to have cracked a market. Although everyone recognizes that the potential is enormous there are practical and financial problems.

Undoubtedly the biggest constraint is the absence of enough interactive workstations (of video-disc player, microcomputer and video monitor) to create sufficient market for the widespread production of generic



Screen training: Video discs give more information

training packages for general audiences.

Although Lloyds Bank recently invested £4.5 million in installing workstations in 1,500 branches, few companies are following its example. In fact, there is now talk of sponsoring workstations for schools to generate a much bigger market and give the industry some real momentum.

What is clear is that action is needed soon to give encouragement to UK companies and stimulate the growth of a

home industry. The danger is that our indigenous products may wither, leaving the field wide open for US imports which have been started up for British audiences.

The joker in the pack, however, may be the Manpower Services Commission. Its rumoured intention of putting a College of the Air on Channel 4 and BBC2 during night-time hours may well direct producers of training videos down a new track and where interactive video fits into that remains to be seen.

A sobering shortage

A couple of years ago the Manpower Services Commission conducted a survey of skill shortages in Newbury, the town midway along the M4 "Silicon corridor" between Reading and Swindon.

The results were sobering. Yes, there were significant skills shortages and, predictably, they occurred particularly in the field of engineering. But most acute of all they occurred at the technician level. As Tim King, then Secretary of State for Employment, said: "The shortages in Newbury for skills in computer maintenance, design and testing, (and) for technicians are recurring all over the country."

The increasing demand for technicians came as no surprise to the various professional bodies which represent them. And, since the Newbury survey, the skills shortages have got worse.

Because technician-level work is a cross between thinking and doing, it has suffered in the status stakes. The prime body responsible for technician qualifications is the Business and Technician Education Council (BTEC) and one of its worries is that virtually anyone capable of scraping on to a degree course will do so.

At the lower level the problem of conflicting examination bodies has choked the

throughput of upwardly-mobile craftsmen. The result has been a shortage of adequately trained people in the middle-range.

Yet more than ever, the demand for people who can both think and do is strongest. Many of the functions traditionally performed by technicians (such as test, quality assurance and production supervision) are becoming more sophisticated. The introduction of computer-aided design

is enhancing the technicians' role in the design process. And on the shop-floor computer-aided manufacture is upgrading the skills needed both by maintenance staff and skilled production workers.

But there are dangers in generalizing about technicians. For example, the subtleties of status have created two classes in engineering - the engineering technician and the technician engineer - and never the twain shall meet. In the hotel and catering industry, by contrast, there is little, if any, distinction drawn between the graduate hotelier and the Higher National-qualified person. And in the field of design (graphic, fashion, industrial) the relationship between those qualified via

BTEC's higher national diploma (the technicians) and CMAA's degree (the conceivers) pretty well defies any definition which is acceptable to both sides.

What is clear already is that technicians are at last receiving their long overdue recognition. The present BTEC campaign, Engineering Change, is enjoying considerable support in bringing together industrialists and educationists to hammer out what must be done to keep technician-training in line with the changes in the factories and design offices.

The Open BTEC programme, in conjunction with Macmillan Education, is making BTEC business qualifications available through open learning. And the overall number of students registered for BTEC qualifications went up by 20 per cent between 1982 and 1984.

The upwards drive though isn't restricted to BTEC alone. The City and Guilds of London Institute is pushing forward a campaign to establish in Britain the equivalent of the German Meister - the senior craftsman - who can control resources, manage projects and also communicate his skills. In the light of developments in the youth training scheme the person who can both do and teach is likely to be especially important.

o update

and skills

Beware computer cowboys

Whatever else may be happening in the training field there is a fantastic boom in teaching people how to use their computers. The demand is coming from both large and small companies, the self-employed and private individuals. Indeed the world seems to be dividing into those who deliver computer training and those who receive it.

Such an explosion in demand obviously creates opportunities for cowboys, so caution and careful investigation are essential before investing money in a training course.

Perhaps the most startling feature of the current scene is that (as predicted) computer training really seems to have become a non-stop process. As soon as you have mastered one technique you need to go away and learn something else.

"We are serving the generation gap - the people who left school before computers were introduced but who have still got years of working life ahead of them," said Anthony Gibbons of the Pitman Computer Training Centre, "so we provide a range of courses

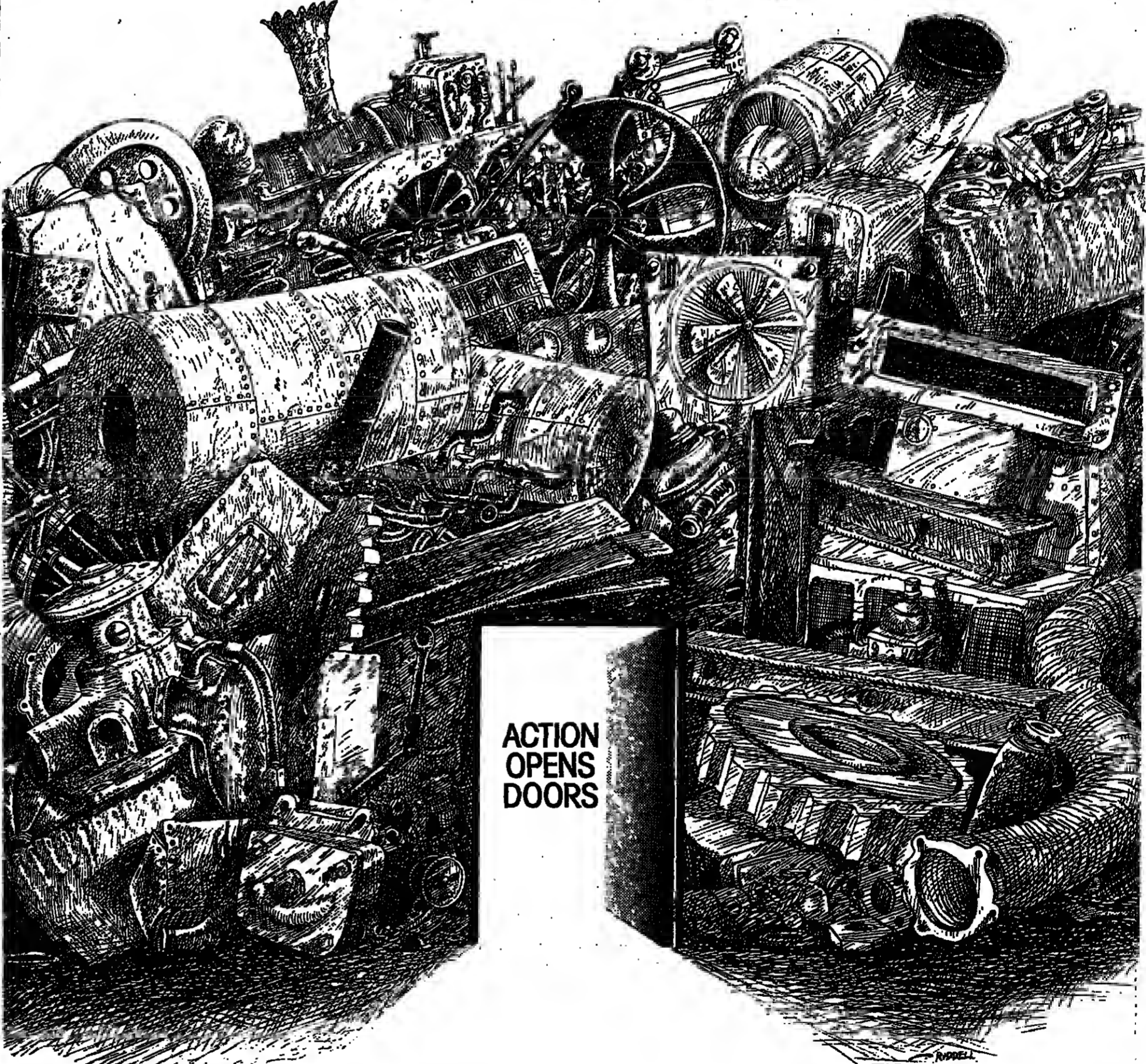
ranging from computer appreciation for managers and word processing for secretaries, through to applications of the most common software packages."

The emergence of popular computer packages in operation with thousands of users has led to a well defined market for applications-based courses. Symphony, Framework, Lotus, Multiplan and Multimate are popular and Pitman certainly find a larger than expected demand for them.

But because the hunger for training often exceeds the available supply of trainers (and training finance), users are starting to look for alternative sources of tuition.

White Rose systems acts as the UK distributor for the US-made Learning Center and reckons that it has come up with one solution to the problem based on the interactive videodisc and delivers computer training (via a monitor) for all the common packages - Wordstar, dBase II and dBase III, Lotus and so on.

OUR INDUSTRIAL PAST CLOSSES DOORS TO A BETTER FUTURE.



ACTION OPENS DOORS

Education, Training & Personnel Development

The 6th Annual Exhibition and Conference
8/10th July 1986 National Exhibition Centre
HOURS: 9.30 - 5.00 (9.30 - 4.00 Thursday)
FREE car parking, FREE catalogue
FREE admission to the exhibition

Coverdale

...and street wisdom. The ability to join and enhance teams has never been more important than for today's managers. The skills of building and maintaining productive teamwork help to produce vigorous and adaptive organizations which succeed in the marketplace.

Chris Coverdale, The Times, 8th Dec. 1985.

- Management Training, Consultancy, Organisation Development
- 21 years' experience Worldwide
- Over 50,000 Participants
- More than 300 Client Organisations

Coverdale Builds Effective Teams

The Coverdale Organisation, 23 Maddox Street, London W1R 9LE
Telephone 01 491 7636. Telex 295596 CTLCOV G

Most successful British companies have recognised the importance of better training for their workforce. They see that in today's economic climate, a well-trained workforce is an important factor for commercial success. Surprisingly there are still companies who haven't got the message. Not surprisingly they are among the lowest performing. They fail to recognise that the world has changed since Britain was its industrial leader. Consequently, in key areas, our training record lags well behind some of our main competitors, such as Germany, Japan and the United States. The 'Action for Jobs' booklet brings together a variety

of schemes, for people who are prepared to acquire the right skills for today's industry, and schemes for employers who recognise the importance of training. This applies to newcomers to industry, as well as re-training for those who are already working in it. These programmes all recognise that in today's world of fast-moving technology, training cannot be seen as a once-and-for-all operation, but must be a continuous process. The 'Action for Jobs' booklet gives details of these schemes. Ask your secretary to send in the coupon for a copy, or pick one up at your main Post Office or Jobcentre.



To: Action for Jobs, FREEPOST, Curzon House, 20-24 Lonsdale Road, London NW6 1YP. Please send me the 'Action for Jobs' booklet.

Name _____
Address _____

Company _____

Postcode _____

COURT AND SOCIAL

COURT CIRCULAR

BUCKINGHAM PALACE
July 7: The Prince Edward, Chairman of the Duke of Edinburgh's Award Scheme 30th Anniversary Tribute Project, visited the Isle of Man today, where His Royal Highness presided at Tynwald.
The Prince Edward travelled in an aircraft of The Queen's Flight and was received upon arrival at Ronaldsway Airport by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Isle of Man (His Excellency Major-General Lawrence New).

and Silver Wre Drawers and was later entrusted to Lanchester at Inholders' Hall, London.
Mrs Michael Wigley was in attendance.
YORK HOUSE
ST JAMES'S PALACE
July 7: The Duke of Kent, President of the Scout Association, today opened the 25th anniversary exhibition at Baden-Powell House, London SW7.
The Captain Michael Campbell-Lameron was in attendance.
The Duchess of Kent, Patron, this evening attended the Berkeley Square Ball.

Fortcoming marriages

Dr S.P. Allen and Dr D.E. Saunders
The engagement is announced between Stephen, elder son of Mr and Mrs Peter J. Allen, of Luton, Bedfordshire, and Dawn, only daughter of Mr and Mrs Peter M. Saunders, of Milford, Surrey.
Mr P. Buxton and Miss E. Winch
The engagement is announced between Peter, elder son of Mr and Mrs Ronald Buxton, of Kimberley Hall, Norfolk, and Eleanor, daughter of Mr and Mrs Richard Winch, of Swanton Manor, Norfolk.

Birthdays today

Lord Allen of Abbeylea, 74; Mr Jon Barnes, 57; Dr R.S. Barnes, 62; Dr Kate Bertram, 74; Sir Peter Darby, 62; Mr Leslie East, 37; Mr Keith Fielding, 57; Sir Ian Gilmore, M.P., 60; Mr Bruce Gungell, 57; Dr D.B. Harden, 85; Sir Austin Bradford Hill, 89; Major-General R.B. Loudoun, 64; Brigadier G.L. Prendergast, 81; Sir Roy Shaw, 68; Air Commodore Sir Victor St. John, 94; Mr Brian Walden, 54; Sir Peter Watkin Williams, 54; Sir Chief Marshal Sir Neil Wheeler, 69; Lieutenant-General Sir John Worsley, 74.

Sale room Mixed prices for Asian art

By Huon Mallalieu
A sale of South-east Asian, Indian and Tibetan works of art at Sotheby's yesterday met with a mixed reception. Although many dealers from Thailand were not bidding, their absence was largely offset by numerous private buyers from Europe and America.
Klans and Thai bronzes, sculptures were only in demand if there was something exceptional about them. With an fifteenth or sixteenth-century Thai bronze seated Buddha in the U-Thong style, it was the size, 52 1/2 in, which provoked a bid of £30,000 from a private collector (estimate £20,000-£30,000).

Receptions

Victoria League for Commonwealth Friendship
Princess Margaret, President of the Victoria League for Commonwealth Friendship, was the guest of honour at a reception held yesterday afternoon at St James's Palace to mark the eighty-fifth birthday of the league. The guests were received by Lord Maclehoose of Bosch, chairman.

Marriages

Mr C.J. Caminada and Miss C.H. Samsetson
The marriage took place on Saturday, July 5, at St Peter's Church, Uxley, of Mr Charles Caminada, son of the late Mr and Mrs Jerome Caminada, and Miss Claire Samsetson, younger daughter of Mr and Mrs Peter Samsetson, of Uxley Hall, Uxley, Essex. The Rev. David Grinstead, assisted by Mr C.P. Jennings.

Memorial service

Major-General Sir Edmund Hawkeill Smith
The Queen was represented by Major-General Sir Peter Gillett, Governor of the Military Hospitals in the United Kingdom, and the Duke of Edinburgh by Lieutenant-Colonel Sir John Johnston, at a memorial service for Major-General Sir Edmund Hawkeill Smith held in St George's Chapel, Windsor, on July 7. The service was officiated at by the Dean of Windsor, who also read the second lesson. The memorial service, Canon John White read the first lesson.

Claremont Fan Court School

The annual Summer meeting of Claremont Fan Court School will be held on Saturday, July 12, 1986, at 2.30 pm at Claremont, Essex. The speaker will be Mr Bernard Weatherill, Speaker of the House of Commons, and Mrs Weatherill. All past pupils, former staff and friends are especially welcome at this meeting.

Latest wills

Lieutenant-General Sir John Bagot Gubbins, who as Gubbins Pasha was commander of the Arab Legion, left estate valued at £201,731 net.

Corrections

The name of E. S. Disley was omitted from the Cambridge Historical Tripos, Part I, Class 2 Division 1, list published on July 7. The names of S. D. Green and B. J. Hassett were omitted from the Mathematical Tripos, Part I, Class 3, on July 3.

OBITUARY LIEUT-COL DAVID CURRIE, VC

Gallant seizure of St Lambert sur Dives

Lieutenant-Colonel David Currie, VC, who has died in Ottawa at the age of 73, was awarded the Victoria Cross for an outstanding gallantry and leadership during a successful attack on the village of St Lambert sur Dives in the Falaise pocket in Normandy to August 1944.
A small mixed force, of which he was commander, was instrumental in preventing the escape westwards of substantial German forces in the Falaise pocket for three days and nights.
Born in Saskatchewan, Canada, in previous civil life Currie was a motor mechanic and welder.

SIR FOLLIOTT SANDFORD

Sir Ffolliott Sandford, KBE, CMG, who died on July 5 at the age of 79, had two careers, in both of which he achieved distinction.
As a civil servant, chiefly in the Air Ministry, he won and retained the confidence and respect of his colleagues, both service and civilian. When in 1958 he became Registrar of Oxford University he soon achieved a similar position for himself in the very different world of the academics. He retired from this post in 1972.
Folliott Herbert Sandford was born on October 28, 1906. After five years at Winchester he went to New College, Oxford, at first as a Commoner but later as an Exhibitioner and Senior Scholar (and in 1958, when he returned to Oxford as registrar, his old college elected him a Fellow).
He obtained Firsts in Literae Humaniores and Law, and entered the Civil Service in 1930. He became assistant private secretary to the Secretary of State for Air in 1934, and Principal Private Secretary to 1936. In this capacity he served no less than four secretaries of state, Viscount Swinton, Sir Kingsley Wood, Sir Samuel Hoare, and Sir Archibald Sinclair. In 1941 he was made Financial Adviser to Mr Ferry Comand in Montreal.

MR T. R. C. BLOFELD MRS RAY HILLE

Mr Thomas Robert Cathorpe Blofeld, CBE, a leading figure in Norfolk agricultural circles and a former High Sheriff of the county, died on June 28. He was 82.
Professors P. Lasko and G. Zarnacki write
Throughout his life, Tom Blofeld was deeply concerned with running the estates that have been in the Blofeld family for over 360 years and it was typical of his love for the countryside that he placed Great Hoveton Broad in the care of the Nature Conservancy to ensure its preservation.
Together with his wife, Grizel, he made it a gem of a house, filled with appropriate treasures of every kind.
He was both a scholar and a dilettante of the arts in the best 18th century sense and he built up a fine personal library and studied the history of his estate in detail.
No one was better informed than he about the prints, the watercolours, the paintings, the objets d'art and the superb collection of deft faience which he brought together.
The love he had for the exquisite environment which he and Grizel created, he was able to pass on to the many visitors they readily received. To those who had like interests, no one could have been more charming a guide, or more ready to share his pleasure in the objects of his collection.

Science report Ocean trench key to earthquakes

By a Special Correspondent
Vast trenches, where the oceanic and continental plates collide, rim nearly the entire Pacific, from New Zealand through Indonesia, Japan and the Aleutians to the tip of South America, marked by violent earthquakes as plates bend during subduction.
Last summer, Franco-Japanese teams dived off the coast of Japan to study the phenomena of subduction and devise new methods to forecast earthquakes. Professor Xavier Le Pichon, head of the French team, an oceanologist and a geophysicist, a pioneer of the theory of tectonic plates, believes that the key to a better understanding of earthquakes will come from the study of the bottom of the trenches at 6,000 to 11,000 metres deep.
During the expedition, codenamed Kaiko, meaning trench in Japanese, the researchers made some important discoveries that could lead to an early warning system against earthquakes.
At a record dive of 5,700 metres they were astonished to find animal life thriving in the depths, where the absence of sunlight was thought to make the existence of such organisms impossible.
Dr Le Pichon says: "We were really fascinated to find an oasis of life in a dark cold desert, colonies of giant clams, crabs and enormous shrimp feeding from the methane liquid oozing out at high pressure along the break between the two plates".
He believes that by pushing under the continent the oceanic plates exert pressure on the sediments and the fluids are squeezed out. "Before an earthquake, more pressure will be exerted, so the fluids will come out faster and we believe this could be one of the best ways to predict earthquakes".
As the oceanic plates subduct or dive under the continental plates, pressure builds up and when the limit of elasticity is reached the continental plate bounces back up and a piece of the slab is broken off. The bigger the piece, the bigger the earthquake. "It's rather like a catapult", Dr Le Pichon says. "Many cities are built on just on such a catapult".

Births, Marriages, Deaths and In Memoriam

BRITISH MARRIAGES, DEATHS AND IN MEMORIAM
24 a line + 15% VAT
Announcements, eulogized by the name and prominent address of the donor, may be sent to:
THE TIMES, PO BOX 494, Virginia Street, London E1
or telephoned by telephone subscribers only to: 01-481 2626
Announcements can be received by telephone between 9.00am and 5.00pm Monday to Friday, on Saturdays between 10.00am and 2.00pm. (01-481 4800 line). For publication the following day please by 7.00pm.
FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES: announcements on Court and Social Page 23 a line + 15% VAT.
Court and Social Page announcements can be accepted by telephone. Eulogized by name and address (10.30am), or send to:
Please allow at least 48 hours before publication.
Now therefore, O Obit, strengthen thy hands.
Nehemiah 4: 6

BRITISH MARRIAGES, DEATHS AND IN MEMORIAM
24 a line + 15% VAT
Announcements, eulogized by the name and prominent address of the donor, may be sent to:
THE TIMES, PO BOX 494, Virginia Street, London E1
or telephoned by telephone subscribers only to: 01-481 2626
Announcements can be received by telephone between 9.00am and 5.00pm Monday to Friday, on Saturdays between 10.00am and 2.00pm. (01-481 4800 line). For publication the following day please by 7.00pm.
FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES: announcements on Court and Social Page 23 a line + 15% VAT.
Court and Social Page announcements can be accepted by telephone. Eulogized by name and address (10.30am), or send to:
Please allow at least 48 hours before publication.
Now therefore, O Obit, strengthen thy hands.
Nehemiah 4: 6

BRITISH MARRIAGES, DEATHS AND IN MEMORIAM
24 a line + 15% VAT
Announcements, eulogized by the name and prominent address of the donor, may be sent to:
THE TIMES, PO BOX 494, Virginia Street, London E1
or telephoned by telephone subscribers only to: 01-481 2626
Announcements can be received by telephone between 9.00am and 5.00pm Monday to Friday, on Saturdays between 10.00am and 2.00pm. (01-481 4800 line). For publication the following day please by 7.00pm.
FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES: announcements on Court and Social Page 23 a line + 15% VAT.
Court and Social Page announcements can be accepted by telephone. Eulogized by name and address (10.30am), or send to:
Please allow at least 48 hours before publication.
Now therefore, O Obit, strengthen thy hands.
Nehemiah 4: 6

BRITISH MARRIAGES, DEATHS AND IN MEMORIAM
24 a line + 15% VAT
Announcements, eulogized by the name and prominent address of the donor, may be sent to:
THE TIMES, PO BOX 494, Virginia Street, London E1
or telephoned by telephone subscribers only to: 01-481 2626
Announcements can be received by telephone between 9.00am and 5.00pm Monday to Friday, on Saturdays between 10.00am and 2.00pm. (01-481 4800 line). For publication the following day please by 7.00pm.
FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES: announcements on Court and Social Page 23 a line + 15% VAT.
Court and Social Page announcements can be accepted by telephone. Eulogized by name and address (10.30am), or send to:
Please allow at least 48 hours before publication.
Now therefore, O Obit, strengthen thy hands.
Nehemiah 4: 6

BRITISH MARRIAGES, DEATHS AND IN MEMORIAM
24 a line + 15% VAT
Announcements, eulogized by the name and prominent address of the donor, may be sent to:
THE TIMES, PO BOX 494, Virginia Street, London E1
or telephoned by telephone subscribers only to: 01-481 2626
Announcements can be received by telephone between 9.00am and 5.00pm Monday to Friday, on Saturdays between 10.00am and 2.00pm. (01-481 4800 line). For publication the following day please by 7.00pm.
FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES: announcements on Court and Social Page 23 a line + 15% VAT.
Court and Social Page announcements can be accepted by telephone. Eulogized by name and address (10.30am), or send to:
Please allow at least 48 hours before publication.
Now therefore, O Obit, strengthen thy hands.
Nehemiah 4: 6

MEMORIAL SERVICES

HOGW - The Memorial Service for Lord Hogw will be held in the Memorial Chapel, Dorset, at 11.00 am tomorrow, Wednesday July 9th.

MEMORIAL SERVICES

LOVEDAY - Harry and Gertrude, remembering with gratitude my beloved parents on the anniversary of their special day, July 8th 1927-1986. I shall be at home from 11.00 am to 12.00 pm. My wife, Gertrude, is unable to attend. My daughter, Mrs. J. B. Hall, 27, Denmark St., Wokingham, is at 0734 790253. Any enquiries please to Wokingham Theatre, c/o Midland Bank, Wokingham.

MEMORIAL SERVICES

MEMORIAL SERVICES
HOGW - The Memorial Service for Lord Hogw will be held in the Memorial Chapel, Dorset, at 11.00 am tomorrow, Wednesday July 9th.

THE ARTS

مكتبة الفن

Galleries: John Russell Taylor visits London exhibitions of sculpture
Revival of solid achievement

Sculpture in Britain between the Wars
Fine Art Society

Glyn Philpot
Leighton House

Caribbean Art Now
Commonwealth Institute

In foreign parts Britain is widely regarded as not only a great producer of sculpture but a great sculpture-loving country. It comes as quite a surprise to visitors of this kind to discover how relatively few and shamed-faced are the major public sculptures erected here since 1945, and how few dedicated sculpture collectors there are in Britain.

Some of the names of course we know very well. As well as Henry Moore, represented by a wonderful Hopton-Wood Maternity of 1924, and Barbara Hepworth, most strikingly shown in a very tender and naturalistic female Torso of 1927, there are the, in their different ways, towering figures of Jacob Epstein and Eric Gill. With four such important models, you might think that the range of styles permissible in British sculpture from 1918 to 1939 was quite fully covered. But not a bit of it.

There is the surviving academic tradition, which after all had not so long before been the "New Sculpture" of the 1880s and 1890s. Indeed, Alfred Gilbert himself was still alive, still active, through most of the period, and sculptors who followed on very much in his line, people like Gilbert Bayes and William Reid Dick, were legion. And then there is what we would now call the Deco tradition — though no one would have thought of it that way at the time — which gave us major works from Charles Sergeant Jagger, superbly reinstated in a centenary show at the Imperial War Museum last year, and Eric Kennington, whose drawings, though not yet his sculptures, have been exciting renewed attention of late.

All this makes for a rich and varied show, to which the only objection would be that it does try rather to force a quart into a pint pot. But by doing so it does also help to remind us that you do not need somewhere the size of Blenheim in order to collect and show sculpture: most of the pieces present are certainly of domestic size.

The Whitechapel's big survey show a few years ago revealed Maurice Lambert (Constant's brother — the fairly balanced one who therefore does not come much into Andrew Motion's book on the family) as a very interesting artist indeed, and here one can rejoice in the boldly abstracted Golden Phoenix worthy of Brancusi and the aluminium head of Edith Sitwell which would make a fitting companion piece to Frank Dobson's famous image of Osbert now in the Tate. Another figure clearly worth further exploration is Ursula Edgcombe, whose smoothly stylized realism in The Musicians recalls the work of the Czech Gutfreund.

There are other, more isolated figures: Arnold Auerbach (no relation of Frank), who is shown with an extraordinary Vorisicki Head; Gilbert Ledward, whose richly,

elegantly carved Monolith is apparently in the Tate, though one does wonder when it can last have been shown; and Glyn Philpot, who can perhaps qualify as only an occasional sculptor, in moments snatched from his busy life as a painter, but clearly has in abundance the special gift of being able to think vividly in three dimensions.

Any doubt on this score can be resolved by a visit to Leighton House, where until Saturday all except one of his 14 known sculptures are on show, backed up by paintings on related themes — particularly useful in the case of Mask: The Dead Faun, which has inevitable overtones of Nijinsky but was actually based on one of Philpot's favourite painting models, George Bridgman, who is therefore also shown in portrait drawings, a subject-painting and a contemporary photograph.

Sculpture, this time of our own day, also figures prominently just round the corner from Leighton House at the Commonwealth Institute, where until August 4 there is a major show devoted to Caribbean Art Now. It is hard to guess what one should expect from such a show on such a subject. Perhaps the easiest basis for speculation would be the big show of contemporary African art the Institute staged five or six years ago. But in practice this proves a thoroughly misleading model. Where most of the African art was definitely within the area of the naive, much of the West Indian art is highly sophisticated. Remarkably so, since the catalogue informs us that in Barbados, for instance, "fine art" as such was non-existent before the Thirties.

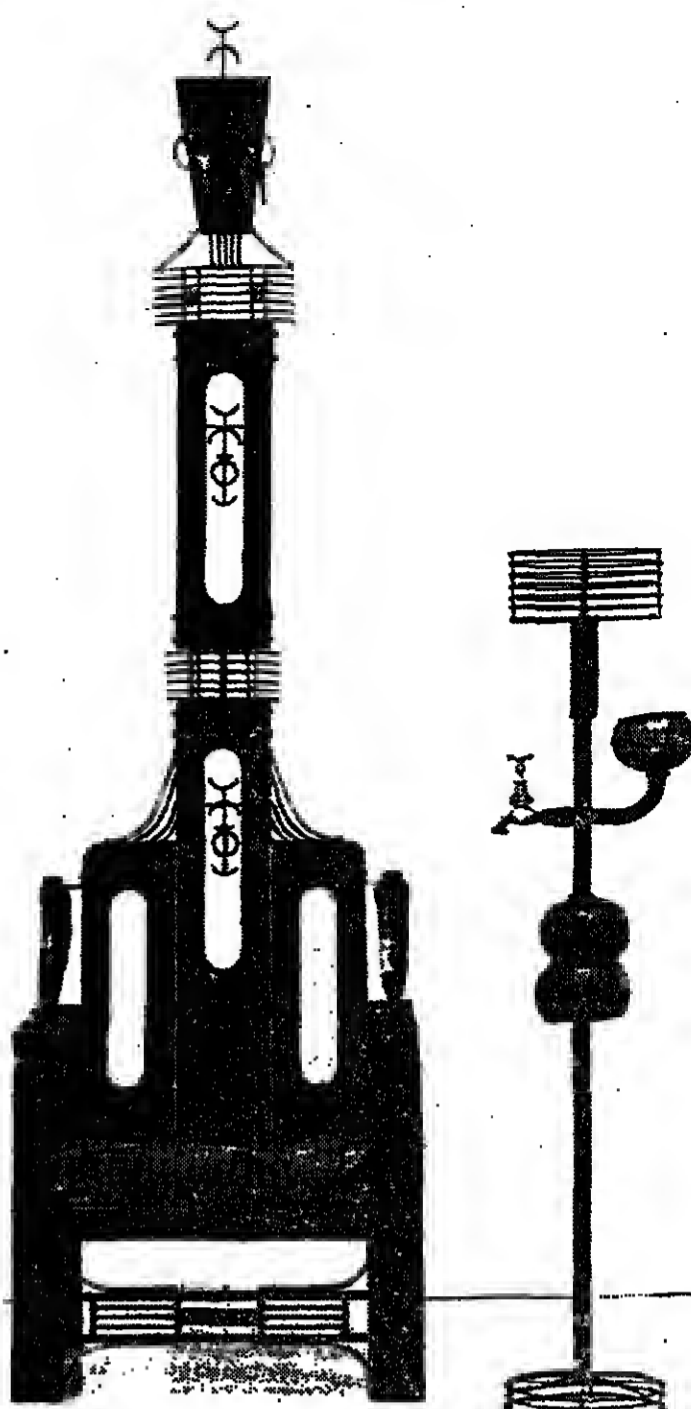
But, however new-found the artistic culture of these artists from the Caribbean, it is has evidently been chosen with discrimination and very well absorbed into the system. There are one or two primitive-looking pieces, but one would never mistake the Jamaicans Milton George or Robert Cook-

thorne for genuinely untutored artists: in the intensity of their vision, and the forcefulness of their boldly simplified and often violently coloured forms, they belong very clearly to the same world as Berlin's New Wild painters, George's powerful Crucifixion depicted and such challenging works as Cookthorne's The King and the MA-bird or Figure/Mask are not easy to forget, and seem to make finely calculated use of local ethnic elements as well as the lingua franca of international painting.

Two women artists from Barbados, Dianne Butcher and Norma Talma, are at the other end of the scale, in the diminutive size and the quietness of their works, both make collages. Butcher with fabrics in a range of subdued browns, and Talma with handmade paper in a variety of delicate colours.

But perhaps the most striking artist of all these new people — new in us, at any rate — is the Trinidadian Francisco Cabral, a sculptor all of whose works seem to be in the form of chairs. Not, needless to say, the sort of chairs you could sit on, or not with any hope of comfort. Indeed, mental comfort seems no more a part of his intention than physical: the chairs are disturbing ritual objects, with overtones of sacrificial altars, images of the gods (gods very much in need of propitiation), scales and balances, and all kinds of other things to keep one psychologically, and no doubt physically, off-balance. It is amazing the variety of effects Cabral can produce from one basic form.

Now we have discovered him let us hope we do not lose touch again. Certainly in the perhaps precarious degree of cultural cooperation the Caribbean states have achieved in order to stage this show at all lies their best chance of impressing the outside world, and retaining our attention for a number of artists well deserving of wider than local note.



Keeping us off-balance: the chair as disturbing ritual object to Oh Africa by Francisco Cabral at the Commonwealth Institute

Television
Liberty of all the people

Nowadays a picture is worth much more than a thousand words; a good image is worth as much as an idea. In a world united under the sway of television images, a visual symbol can be worth almost as much as a religion.

The Statue of Liberty (BBC2) made a brief survey of this area in between reviewing the state's past. The lady with the torch, said to have the face of the sculptor's mother and the body of his mistress, has become an image whose implications could fill a library with treatises. Over and over, the face has been drawn, painted, engraved, cyclostyled, photographed, filmed, caricatured, silk-screened and air-brushed, at each reproduction symbolizing America, freedom and the relationship of the old world and the new.

First came the history. With her three-foot ears and 40-foot shoulders ("an Ohio girl" quipped an early admirer) she needed the support of a central tower of iron girders built by Alexander Effiel, over which sculpture Frederic Bartholdi riveted a skin of hand-beaten copper. Old prints showed the vast lady's torso rising from the sculptor's studio above the roofs of Paris.

The director, Ken Burns, also used his leading lady as the focus for a meditation upon the ideals for which she stands. For James Baldwin, she was a piece of meaningless junk hiding a nation of slaves; for Jerzy Koszinski, she was the only woman with whom he had always been in love; several thinkers contributed to the consensus that Liberty symbolized an America which was all promises, less actuality than potentiality; for others she embodied an ideal so inspiring that it had created the country's soul.

Liberty has certainly been proof against all kinds of exploitation. Her image has been borrowed to plug macaroni, champagne, Coca Cola, rock groups and funeral services. Even a recent hijacking by President Reagan had left her allere unscathed. Among a mountain of media schlock inspired by Liberty's resemblance, this documentary, both intelligent and entertaining, was worthy of its subject. It seemed petty to persevere on the part of the BBC to avoid scheduling it for the Fourth of July.

Celia Brayfield



Illumination of the human predicament in Sea Coal

David Robinson reports on British success in Munich
Credit to the film workshop

West Germany has two film capitals with an unconcealed spirit of rivalry between them. Munich fostered the birth and the best of the New German Cinema of the Sixties and Seventies, whose origins could be partly traced to the city's own school of film and television. Currently Berlin is striving to win back the initiative by offering generous subventions to productions based in the city, and ever-improving studio and technical facilities.

Berlin has had its international film festival since 1951: conceived in the spirit of the Cold War, it did not admit films from the Socialist Bloc until the Sixties. Munich's newer Filmfest is growing rapidly in stature. Munich disclaims any conscious rivalry with Berlin, pointing out that the festival is committed to a non-competitive principle and that its aim is to provide a cultural event for Munich rather than an international market-place. Munich also hosts the annual Festival of European Films. Films are selected from all European countries, East or West, but only directors from EEC countries are eligible for the Community prize, awarded for a first or second feature.

This does not lessen the prestige of the European Prize, which went this year to a

British film, Sea Coal, by unanimous vote of the international jury. The award is all the more gratifying as recognition of the film workshop movement which flourishes in this country thanks to the encouragement of the film trade unions, and, more often than not, the support of Channel 4 — who in fact financed Sea Coal. Made by the Amber Collective of Newcastle, under the leadership of Murray Martin, Sea Coal in no way conforms to stereotypical preconceptions of the collective film. Even though the group insist that there is no dominant creative individual, there is evidently a real film genius at work here.

The film triumphantly demonstrates that the small, specific, local instance can often provide the most significant illumination of the human predicament (this was the gist of the jury's citation). Sea Coal describes the life of the people who traditionally live by harvesting coal washed up from the sea on the Northumbrian coast at Lynemouth. For centuries this has been regarded as a common right of the locals and the travellers in their caravan community; but in 1979 the NCB sold the beach and mineral rights to a local entrepreneur. The film-makers set out to

expose this symptomatic erosion of ancient social organisation to a microscopic modern parallel in the Enclosures of the 16th century. In the process they demonstrate a remarkable ability to enter into the life of these men and women on the edge of society. Mixing actors and real-life sea-coalers, they introduce a fictionalized story of a couple driven by unemployment to join the beach community. The professionals serve as a catalyst to help the non-actors re-create their own lives and selves for the camera. The joins between composition and reality are barely visible.

What is most surprising about Sea Coal is that it has been around for almost a year, practically unheralded in this country. It was shown on Channel 4 late one night in January, and briefly though enthusiastically reviewed by two television critics. Thereafter it had two screenings at the Metro Cinema, but was not revealed to the film Press. It won the Marks and Spencer award on its home ground at the Tyneside Festival but even it, regrettably, not covered by the national Press. Unforgivably, it was refused by the Lodon Film Festival. Without the European Prize, in fact, it would probably have been buried for ever.

London concerts

Helmut Lachenmann ICA

The ICA's concert series, returning for another summer season of Sunday nights, can be relied on to be stimulating. This first evening was devoted to the music of the 50-year-old German composer Helmut Lachenmann, who has been played and talked about with increasing partisanship on the Continent, but who had not, as far as I am aware, been much performed before in this country. Well, now we know.

Lachenmann's starting-point would seem to be the familiar one that the house of music has long laid upon him, that all a composer today can do is to kick over the dust, shake a few bones and listen to the rodents behind the walls. These things he does with some assiduousness. The most characteristic sound of his music, to judge from the two pieces played on Sunday night, is a soft dry rattle, the noise very often of instruments being played in unconventional ways: air blown tonelessly through wind instruments, palms brushed over guitars, violins bowed on the neck. This is all good end-of-art stuff.

But Lachenmann's problem is that people will go on listening for something pleasant, and it is awfully hard to avoid providing it. His Mouvement vor der Erstörung for 18-piece ensemble is quite successful in the avoidance: it was laid out by Circle under Ingo Metzmacher as a landscape of rustlings, scrapes, electric bells and pointless percussion toccatas. But in

Salut for Caudwell, for two guitars, it was difficult to remain entirely impervious to beauty.

As played by Wilhelm Bruck and Theodor Ross, Lachenmann's marginal effects produced magical sounds: the sounds of two small chambers echoing with noise and chiming. And the very end, with the desert journey finally reaching some quiet brushed, flameoco rhythms, had a poignancy quite beyond the composer's intentions, at least if one is to take seriously his appeal here to the aesthetics of Christopher Caudwell. In introducing the piece he spoke of composing not sounds but "ways of hearing". Sounds, though, may be easier to control.

Paul Griffiths

Philharmonia/Salonen Festival Hall

What a strange programme to choose to round out the Philharmonia's season. Not a soloist in sight; instead, two hefty orchestral works, neither of them obviously connected, and one of them Liszt's interminable Faust Symphony. Result: a predictably half-empty Festival Hall, even with the much-vaunted Esa-Pekka Salonen on the rostrum.

It is difficult not to compare Salonen's performance of Respighi's Pines of Rome with Giuseppe Sinopoli's account of its companion piece, Fountains of Rome, with the Philharmonia a few weeks ago. I wish Salonen showed

half of Sinopoli's ear for inner detail. For instance, he launched into the opening tableau of Pines of Rome — a shrill, vivid little portrait of children at play by the Pines of the Villa Borghese — with plenty of the expected dynamism, although you simply could not hear what the violins were up to among the blare of woodwind and brass around them. The concluding peroration, evoking the Roman armies marching along the Appian Way, was delivered with appalling crudeness and anyway failed to work even in those terms (it peaked too soon).

But thankfully Salonen also possesses the capacity to stand back and let things happen when the moment is right. No doubt the Philharmonia are grateful for such opportunities to display their marvellous range of individual skills: John McCaw's exquisitely shaded clarinet solo in "The Pines of the Janiculum Hill" was accompanied by sustained string chords as quiet and yet as alive as breathing itself. The sombre harmonies of "Pines Near a Catacomb" also sounded wonderfully penetrating from this outstanding string section.

While I am reluctant to take issue with William Mann's advocacy of Liszt's Faust Symphony in his programme-note for this concert, I also fail to understand the current vogue for this tedious, over-earnest and ultimately misguided effusion by one of the supreme musical phenomena of the 19th century. Salonen worked his way through it with energy and lucidity; the Philharmonia responded with their habitual expertise.

Malcolm Hayes

Cheltenham Festival
More than passing interest

Lindsay Quartet Pump Room

Luigi Cherubini is described by The New Grove as "that most difficult of types, a conservative revolutionary". One's first impressions of his First String Quartet in E flat, composed in 1814, would certainly lead one to concur with such an assessment. Audiences at the Lindsay Quartet's remaining concerts in this enterprising Cheltenham Festival series will be able to hear for themselves whether or not the judgement applies to the five other examples of the genre that Cherubini has left us.

Beethoven apparently admired Cherubini more than any of his other contemporaries, and with adulation coming from such quarters it would be surprising not to find a touch of Beethoven in Cherubini's music. Here it is

found most obviously in a first movement of pithy character and adventurous harmonic excursion, though perhaps Beethoven would have taken things a stage further where Cherubini sometimes seems to balk at the possibilities he sets up for himself. One can understand Schumann's reservations about such music, for Cherubini contains something of Beethoven's rough-edged manner, where Schumann does not.

The slow movement, a set of four often highly embellished variations, again has something of Beethoven about it, though there are also influences of bel canto and of dramatic devices learnt from the opera stage, where Cherubini made his reputation. A characterful G minor Scherzo comes next, full of dynamic cross-accents and conscious effects, but hinting that when it comes to balance he prefers to keep to time-honoured principles and lighted the

atmosphere as the music progresses. To compose light music like that of the finale, however, demands something like Haydn's divine inspiration. Here the exuberant, vigorous wit of Cherubini's counterpoint suggested a composer of very much more than mere passing interest. If this is his first quartet, what may we expect of the rest?

The concert began with a cool, well-balanced reading of Haydn's Quartet Op 50 No 1, an adventurous work itself, its pregnant, throbbing cello B flat and its simple cadential figure in the first movement unleashing a veritable torrent of invention. And there was also Bartók's First Quartet, from a few worlds removed from the purposeful conciseness of its successors, perhaps, but just as effective in its own, rather Berg-like manner. The Lindsay's brilliant, fervent performance was impossible to fault.

Stephen Pettitt

Recital

Tchaikovsky, which led into Prince Gremin's aria from Eugene Onegin, for which his commanding, passionate voice is ideally suited, and the Rachmaninov pieces (with "I am no prophet... I speak in songs to every heart" virtually a personal testament), were followed by the Cavatina from the opera Aleko. Here one caught something of the character's inward torment as he contemplated the loss of his gypsy love.

Amid such brooding reflections it could be the more appreciated how touchingly he embraced the sturdy character of "The Old Corporal" in a group of songs by Dargomizhsky and the sudden switch from this into the ironic humour of the same

composer's "The Miller". Borodin brought out his lyrical line and warmth of feeling in verses of regret and others of anger, and the piano support from Ludmila Ivanova was always discreet if sometimes too self-effacing. She nevertheless gave a subtly pointed contrast to the broad comedy of Mussorgsky's "The Goat", and sufficient of musical outline for the two great scenes from Boris Godunov to make their effect at the end of the programme. These took the singer into a higher tessitura for longer stretches, and found him out in the least wanting in either artistry or tone-colour to claim our admiration.

Noël Goodwin

Burchuladze/Ivanova Covent Garden

For his first solo recital at Covent Garden here, two years ago, his debut as Ramfis in Aida revealed a voice of majestic bass splendour. Paata Burchuladze on Sunday night stayed close to home in musical terms. He sang an all-Russian programme of almost all 19th-century items, perhaps over-dominated by a prevailing melancholy of mood but shrewdly interspersing his selection of songs with some familiar operatic excerpts. So it was that songs by

MONTPELIER MODERN ART COURSES
Our comprehensive 10-week course on the VISUAL ARTS OF THE 20TH CENTURY covers Painting, Sculpture, Architecture, Film, Design, Photography etc.
ENROL NOW FOR SEPTEMBER 1986.
Information from the Principal, Mrs Helen Froyling MA (RCA), 4 Montpelier Street, LONDON SW7. Tel: 01-584 0667.

AMSTRAD Users
The Clarity Guide to word processing on the PCW 8520/8512 gives detailed key-by-key instructions and clear explanations which save much time and puzzlement for both learners and experienced users.
One of the simplest and best helping hands. Daily Mail.
Price £4.95, but write for details.
Clarity Guides (1), Broadwood, Linton, Devon PL18 0ER.

Glyndebourne Touring Opera will this year visit Oxford, Plymouth, Norwich and Manchester between October 21 and November 15. The repertory will consist of the new production of Verdi's Simon Boccanegra which opened this year's Glyndebourne Festival. Mozart's Don Giovanni and Britten's Albert Herring. All three productions are by Sir Peter Hall; they will be conducted by Graeme Jenkins, Martin Lipp and Oliver Knussen respectively.

The Royal Opera
Colin Davis
Music Director 1974-1986
conducts
FIDELIO
New production sponsored by The Jean Sainsbury Royal Opera House Fund
Producer: Andrei Serban
Designer: Sally Jacobs
Lighting Designer: Robert Bryan
PROM PERFORMANCE
19 JULY 1986
Sponsored by Midland Bank
500 seats available at £3
one hour before performance

and Tonight, July 11 & 15 at 7.30pm
"Sir Colin Davis has chosen to take leave of the Royal Opera House not with a sunset memorial but with something new, vital and searching: a production of Fidelio in which Andrei Serban's staging honours a conductor by looking always out to the music. And Sir Colin, keenly ready to take up the challenge, himself honours the composer by the strength and generosity of his performance." The Times

Reservations 01-240 1066/1911 Access Via Directors Club
James King/Plaza Theatre Club/Box Office

Royal Opera House
A production of Fidelio in which Andrei Serban's staging honours a conductor by looking always out to the music. And Sir Colin, keenly ready to take up the challenge, himself honours the composer by the strength and generosity of his performance. The Times
Reservations 01-240 1066/1911 Access Via Directors Club
James King/Plaza Theatre Club/Box Office

Airship group offers Nimrod replacement

By Rodney Cowton, Defence Correspondent

Seven companies yesterday submitted bids to the Ministry of Defence to provide the Royal Air Force with airborne early warning capacity which it has been seeking for nearly 10 years.

The bids were called for because of doubts on whether GEC could successfully complete the Nimrod airborne early warning (AEW) project with which it has been struggling for years.

The proposals put forward include one from GEC for completing the Nimrod programme, but include some surprise entries, including a plan to use airships.

As expected the bidding companies included Boeing with its E3 AWACS, Lockheed with the P3C Orion, and Grumman with two proposals, one using its E2C Hawkeye which is in service with the US Navy, and the other involving the fitting of the Hawkeye's systems into the Nimrod airframe.

The surprise bids have come from Airship Industries of Cardington in Bedfordshire, Pilatus Britten-Norman of the Isle of Wight, and M. E. L. of Crawley, Sussex.

Airship Industries is proposing the use of 100-ton airships, which it claims could stay on patrol for three or four days at a stretch, and have operating costs of only about one-third of a normal aircraft.

Their disadvantage is that they can only travel at slow speeds, and operate from relatively low altitudes. But it is claimed that these could be overcome economically, because of the long patrol time and low operating costs.

The company is also competing with its airships for a US Navy contract which could be worth \$6 billion (£3.9 billion).

The bid by Pilatus Britten-Norman involves using a version of their Islander civil aircraft. It is being proposed as part of a two-tier system in which the military version of its aircraft, known as the Defender, would supplement one of the longer range aircraft such as AWACS or Nimrod.

The Defender, fitted with a radar capable of tracking 100 airborne targets and 32 maritime targets, would operate perhaps 100-150 miles from base.

It is argued that the costs of a Defender would be only one-tenth, or less than those of the longer-range aircraft such as AWACS.

The other bid is by M. E. L., which is part of the Philips group. It refused to reveal any details, beyond saying that it would draw on the full resources of the Philips group.

The Ministry of Defence said that it would now study all the proposals.

Chopsticks and tranquillity at new car plant

By a Staff Reporter

Workers at Nissan's new British factory, where production begins next week, will share most but not quite all the conditions enjoyed by their colleagues in Japan.

The canteen for the 470 workers at the £50 million plant at Washington, Tyne and Wear, serves Japanese dishes complete with chopsticks and after a busy spell on the production lines workers can take a break in Japanese-style restaurants.

But industrial relations have one big difference - workers in Japan have a union closed shop, which is banned at the Washington plant.

A spokesman for Nissan said yesterday: "It is very much a British company in the way it is run, but there are influences from Japan such as the company's philosophy of quality, flexibility and teamwork."

"Industrial relations are something completely home-grown and there is no closed shop as exists in Japan."

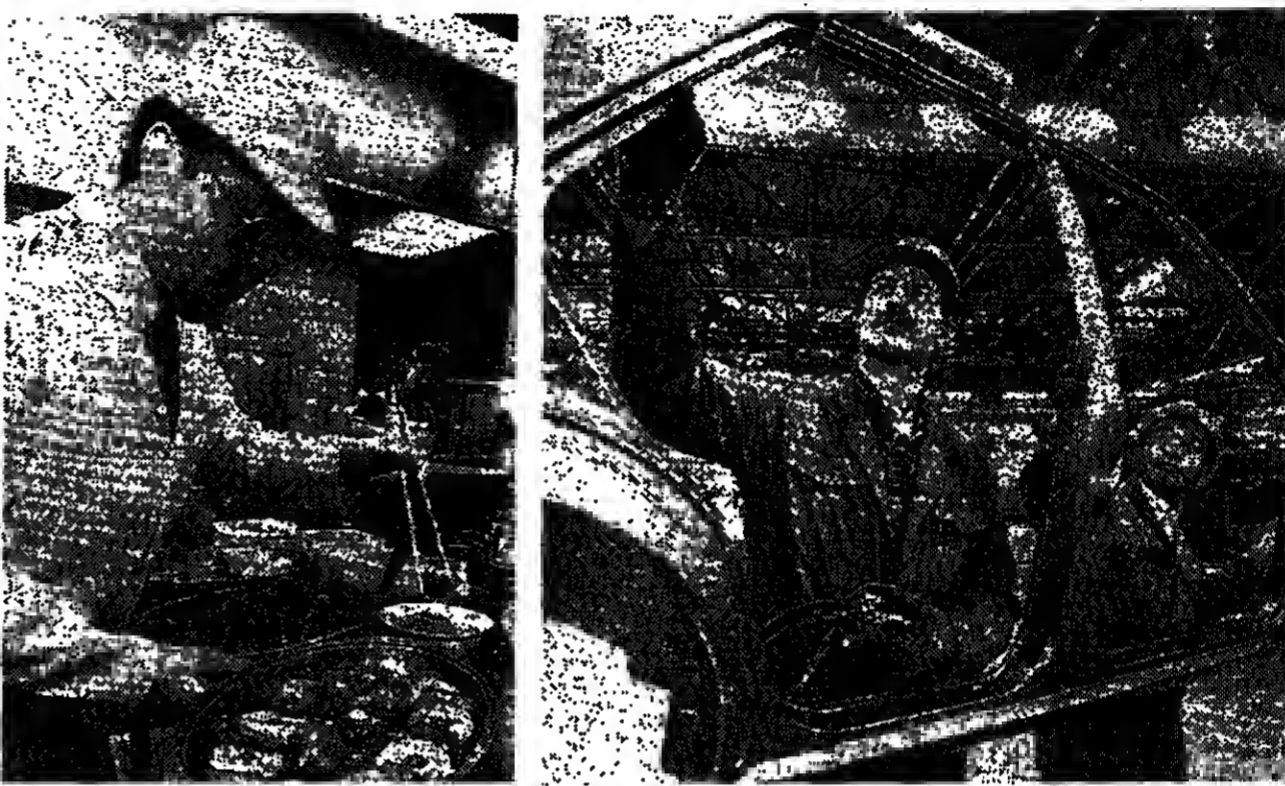
Nissan Bluebird cars from the factory are expected to go on sale in the autumn.

They will have a 40 per cent British content. About 27 British component firms are already supplying Washington and a further six are in the final stages of negotiation.

Ford has told union leaders that an even bigger effort will be required by its workers to meet the competition from Nissan as the British-made cars will have a cost advantage of around £700 a car because they are assembled from mainly Japanese parts by a new labour force with few overhead costs.



Anglo-Japanese talks: S. Kanedri and Graham Fife in discussion. (Photographs: Harry Kerr)



Catering manager Paul Wadham (left), specialist in Japanese dishes, and assemblers Edward Braban and K. Kobayashi.

Death sentence on grandmother

Continued from page 1

ing the legs of the two men sticking out of the stretchers. Besides that of Barlow were his crutches, which indicated that he had been standing on the trap-door with them. He had a neurological problem that made him rely on his crutches to walk.

Christopher Barlow said his brother had given him all his clothes the previous night when Kevin wanted to see him, and that he would go to his death in his prison clothes. There is speculation that Kevin Barlow's body was

naked when it was taken to the mortuary since prison rules call for the clothes to be taken off bodies before they are taken out.

The coffin was sealed at the crematorium where a brief Anglican service was held; to escape journalists, the family decided to move the venue from the St Mary's Church in Kuala Lumpur. The Chambers family kept itself informed yesterday, while they made their own preparations to take Brian Chambers's body home.

Meanwhile, it was learnt that Barlow has made a six-

page will, leaving his meagre possessions to his parents, his two brothers and sister, and to Lee Jones, his common law wife.

Informed sources who had seen the will said he had very few things to distribute to his relatives. Most of the legacies included personal belongings like his hi-fi set, his airgun, Sony Walkman, clothes and kitchen utensils.

The will also left instructions appointing Christopher as his executor and instructing Lee Jones to inter his ashes in the scrublands of Jericho in Tasmania, where she lives.

Today's events

Royal engagements
The Queen, accompanied by The Duke of Edinburgh, visits the Department of Trade and Industry, 1 Victoria St, SW1, 3.
The Duke of Edinburgh visits the London Docklands Development Area, Royal Victoria Docks, 10.15; later, as Patron, the National Federation of Housing Associations, opens a housing scheme provided by the East London Housing Association, Beckton, E16, 11.40.
Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother visits the Domesday 900 exhibition, The Great Hall, Winchester, 11.30; and later visits St Cross Hospital, Winchester, 2.40.
The Prince of Wales, Duke of Cornwall, opens the Peddars Way and North Norfolk Coast Path, 10.30.
The Princess of Wales visits

the Southfields sheltered housing project, Lillington Rd, Leamington Spa, 11.15; and later visits Warwick Castle, 1.10.
The Duke of Gloucester attends a lunch at the Worcester College of Physicians, 11 St Andrews Place, SW1, 11.45; and later, accompanied by the Duchess of Gloucester, attends the opening of Dream of a Summer Night exhibition, Hayward Gallery, South Bank, 6.30.
The Duke of Kent attends the Automobile Association's committee dinner, Claridge's, 7.40.
Princess Alexandra, as Chancellor, presides at degree congratulations, Lancaster University, 11.30.

New exhibition
Young Artists in the Theatre; figurative and abstract, carving and Tyne & Wear Pottery; Hanton Gallery, The University, Newcastle upon Tyne. Mon to

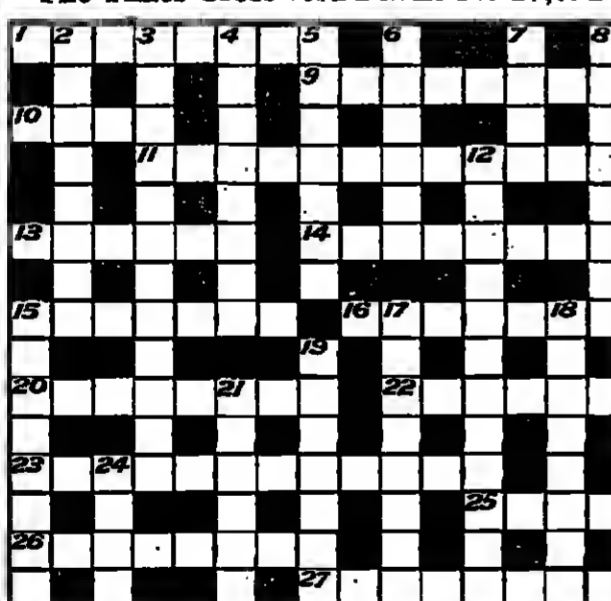
Fri 10 to 5.30, Sat 10 to 4 (ends Aug 11).
Sculpture by Robert Koenig; The Great Barn, Courtyard Community Workshop, Parklands, Great Linford, Milton Keynes; Mon to Sun 10 to 4 and 7 to 10 (ends July 14).

Music
Concert by the Northern Sinfonia; Newcastle City Hall, 7.45.
Concert by the Master Singers of San Diego City College; Holy Trinity Church, Stratford on Avon, 7.30.
Harpicord recital by Malcolm Archer; Bristol Cathedral, 1.15.
Organ recital by Ian Shaw; St Martin's, Scarborough, 7.30.
Organ recital by Andrew Goodwin; Bangor Cathedral, 1.15.
Concert by the IMI Yorkshire Imperial Band; St Aidan's, Leeds, 7.45.
Concert by Wycliffe Junior School; St Swinburn's, Leonard Stanley, near Stonehouse, Glos, 7.

Gwent Music '86; Concert by the Gwent Schools' Brass, Youth Orchestra, Intermediate Orchestra, Big Band, Youth Choir, Solists and an American School Choir from Maryland; St David's Hall, Cardiff, 7.
Concert by the Bristol Concert Orchestra and Robert Cook (cello); Clifton Cathedral, Bristol, 7.30.
Handel in Oxford Festival; Concert by the Holywell Band; University Church, Oxford, 1.
University cantatas and concertos with Gillian Fisher (soprano) and John Scott (organ); Sheldonian Theatre, Oxford, 8.
York Early Music Festival; Concert by the Bailey of Instruments, Guildhall, York, 8.
Concert by Emma Kirby and Anthony Rooley; Hovingham Church, York, 8.
Hexham Abbey Festival; Organ recital by David Sanger; Hexham Abbey, 8.
Light Festival; Concert by the Chamber Orchestra of Europe; Lichfield Cathedral, 8.
Concert by the Margaret Allen Preparatory School; Hereford Cathedral, 1.30.

Talks and lectures
Weaving using simple equipment by Vicky Murray; Willard Room, Blind College, Hereford, 7.30.
Layman's lecture series - 2; Renaissance York; St Williams Church, York, 5.
General
Llangollen International Music Festival; Details for details (0978) 860236 (until July 13).
Cheltenham International Festival of Music; for details and ticket enquiries contact the Box Office, Town Hall, Cheltenham, GL50 1QA or tel: (0242) 523690, open Mon to Sat 10 to 5 (until July 20).
Anniversaries
Births: John D. Rockefeller, Richard, New York, 1839; Sir Arthur Evans, archaeologist, excavator of the ruins of Knossos, Nash Mills, Herefordshire, 1851; Percy Grainger, composer and pianist, Melbourne, 1882.
Deaths: Percy Bysshe Shelley, at sea off Leghorn, Italy, 1822; Sir Henry Raeburn, portrait painter, Edinburgh, 1823; Sir William Edward Parry, arctic explorer, Ems, Germany, 1855; Havelock Ellis, Washbrook, Suffolk, 1939.

The Times Crossword Puzzle No 17,092



ACROSS
1 Opening words for the King of Frogs, say (8).
9 Self-righteous - or beastly greedy? That's about right (8).
10 A lifetime of bridge? (4).
11 Relic of a midnight flight, fitting one to a lover's search (5,7).
13 Primitive type of silver, except the outside (6).
14 Man of action (8).
15 Place to consume a simple drink (7).
16 The lot that is less than the whole (7).
20 Happening that's encompassing many at the end of the day (8).
22 Instrument of flattery, or for one with a mortar-board (6).
23 Entertainer is to go places when disentangled (12).
25 'ow one warms up food (4).
26 Facing work both ways where building is being erected (8).
DOWN
2 Censure salesman over fish (5).
3 Rat about after gainful reorganization in common parlance (6,6).
4 Girl in green embarrassed - by this swine? (8).

TV top ten

- National top ten television programmes in the week ending June 28
- 1 EastEnders (Thu/Sat) 18.10m
 - 2 EastEnders (Thu/Sat) 16.10m
 - 3 News at 6 (Fri) 11.7m
 - 4 News and Weather (Sun 21:15)
 - 5 Mestarvind Final 11.45m
 - 6 That's Life 10.80m
 - 7 News at 5 (Tue) 9.50m
 - 8 News at 6 (Mon) 8.50m
 - 9 Who? Also 8.50m
 - 10 Dynasty 8.25m
- ITV**
- 1 Coronation Street (Mon) Granada 15.05m
 - 2 It's Be Alright Late at Night LWT 12.05m
 - 3 Coronation Street (Wed) Granada 11.50m
 - 4 Who? Cup '86 (Wed) ITV 10.75m
 - 5 Coronation Street (Mon) Granada 10.65m
 - 6 News at 10 (Wed) ITV 10.50m
 - 7 Coronation Street (Thu) Granada 10.25m
 - 8 In Loving Memory Yorkshire 10.15m
 - 9 News at 10 (Tue) Granada 8.40m
 - 10 Minder Thames 9.25m
- BBC**
- 1 A Very Peculiar Practice 4.85m
 - 2 Horizon (Mon 21:30) 4.35m
 - 3 M.A.S.H. 3.85m
 - 4 Your Life in Their Hands 3.95m
 - 5 The Fall and Rise of Reginald Perrin 3.85m
 - 6 Moonlighting 3.70m
 - 7 The Keller Eye 3.70m
 - 8 M.A.S.H. 3.65m
 - 9 The Prince's Trust Birthday Party 3.45m
 - 10 The Travel Show 3.40m
- Channel 4**
- 1 Brookside (Tue) 5.20m
 - 2 Brookside (Tue) 5.20m
 - 3 St. Elsewhere 4.35m
 - 4 The Untouchables 3.70m
 - 5 Cheers 3.50m
 - 6 Kate and Allie 3.50m
 - 7 Set 11.45m
 - 8 The Unrepentant Who Dares Win 2.65m
 - 9 International Athletics (Fri) 2.30m
 - 10 Life's Cycle 2.05m

Breakfast television: The average weekly figures for audiences at peak times (with figures in parentheses showing the number of viewers who watched for at least three minutes):
BBC: Breakfast Time: Mon to Fri 2.1m (10.4m) Sat 2.3m (8.8m) Sun 1.2m
Broadcasters' Audience Research Board.

Roads

The Midlands: M5: Traffic reduced to two lanes at each direction between junction 4 (Bromsgrove) and 5 (Droitwich).
Wales and West: M5: Conitrow and lane restrictions southbound between junctions 6 (A50) and 10 (Chesterham); avoid if possible. M5: Various lane restrictions on both carriageways between junctions 22 and 26, Avon/Somerset, A46: Roadworks at Tamworth. Single lane traffic on Chesham Hill Rd, Greater Manchester; delays during peak periods.
The North: A166: Roadworks between Aycliffe and Burnes interchanges, Co Durham; northbound carriageway and viaduct closed, road to Burnes closed. M6: Roadworks between junctions 32 (Preston) and 33 (Garstang). M6: Single lane traffic on Chesham Hill Rd, Greater Manchester; delays during peak periods.
Scotland: M174 (Glasgow): Various lane and carriageway closures on the Ayr and Glasgow roads; delays expected between Leamington and Crawford. M6: Road lane westbound is closed near Harthill services area between 9 am and 4 pm. M6: Single lane traffic on the Ayr and Glasgow roads; delays during peak periods at Burnes/Burnes interchange. See: contraflow via the M9 southbound.
Information supplied by AA

The pound

	Bank	Bank
	Buy	Sell
Australia \$	2.54	2.38
Austria Sch	24.20	23.10
Belgium F	11.48	67.20
Canada C	2.19	2.09
Denmark Kr	12.25	12.25
D.M.S.H.S.	12.25	12.25
France F	11.47	10.52
Germany Dm	2.28	2.29
Italy Lira	207.00	207.00
Hong Kong \$	12.30	11.80
Japan Y	167.10	167.10
Netherlands Gld	234.75	224.75
Norway Kr	11.22	10.77
Portugal Esc	208.00	208.00
Spain Ptas	166.64	166.64
Sweden Kr	11.22	10.77
Switzerland Fr	2.00	1.83
USA \$	1.50	1.37
Yugoslavia Dnr	640.00	590.00

Weather forecast

A ridge of high pressure to the W of Ireland will maintain a NW airflow over the British Isles.

6 am to midnight
London, East Angles, Midlands, E. central N England: Mainly dry, sunny periods; wind NW light, locally moderate; max temp 21C (70F).
Wales, NW, NE, SW England, Channel Islands: A little rain at first, becoming dry with sunny periods; wind NW light, locally moderate; max temp 20C (68F).
Scotland, S, SW England, Lake District, E. Scotland, Borders, Edinburgh, Dundee, SE Scotland, Glasgow, Northern Ireland: Sunny intervals, isolated showers; wind NW moderate; max temp 19C (66F).
Aberdeen, Central Highlands, Moray Firth, NE, NW Scotland, Argyll, Orkney: Sunny intervals and scattered showers; wind NW moderate, locally fresh; max temp 17C (63F).
Shetland: Rather cloudy with showers; wind NW fresh; max temp 12C (54F).
Outlook for tomorrow and Thursday: Mainly dry and sunny in the S. Some rain at times in the N, but also drier periods. Temperature near normal but becoming warm in the S.

Lighting-up time
Sun rises: 5.59 am
Sun sets: 9.16 pm
Moon rises: 5.29 am
Moon sets: 10.44 pm
First quarter: July 14

Weather forecast

NOON TODAY Pressure is shown in millibars. Fronts shown in solid lines with shading. Symbols as on adjoining page.

High Tides

TODAY	AM	HT	PM	HT
London Bridge	3.27	6.5	3.42	6.17
Aberdeen	2.47	3.8	3.20	3.33
Belfast	6.58	11.2	6.58	11.2
Bristol	12.29	3.2	12.49	2.5
Cardiff	8.43	10.5	8.43	10.5
Chesham Bay	7.32	3.1	7.32	3.1
Dover	12.32	6.0	12.54	4.8
Falmouth	7.00	4.8	7.14	4.8
Harwich	1.17	3.7	1.36	3.8
Haywards	12.32	3.1	12.32	3.1
London	7.55	6.7	7.55	6.7
Manchester	4.09	5.1	4.26	5.1
Newcastle	7.32	4.3	7.47	4.3
Northfleet	10.56	2.4	11.14	2.1
Portsmouth	1.28	4.4	1.44	4.4
Southampton	12.32	3.1	12.32	3.1
Swansea	6.45	6.3	6.59	6.3
Torquay	7.32	3.5	7.52	3.2
Wexford	8.41	1.6	8.57	1.9
Woolwich	12.48	4.8	1.16	5.7
Woolwich	12.48	4.8	1.16	5.7
Southampton	12.11	4.2	12.46	4.2
Woolwich	6.04	8.1	6.18	8.1
Tees	3.10	3.0	3.10	3.0
W. Ince-on-Near	1.16	3.8	1.29	3.8

Tide measured in metres: 1m=3.280ft.

Lighting-up time

Temperatures at midday yesterday: a. cloud; l. fair; r. rain; s. sun.

	C	F
Belfast	15.59	60.06
Birmingham	15.59	60.06
Blackpool	15.59	60.06
Bristol	15.59	60.06
Cardiff	15.59	60.06
Edinburgh	15.59	60.06
Glasgow	15.59	60.06
London	15.59	60.06
Manchester	15.59	60.06
Newcastle	15.59	60.06
Nottingham	15.59	60.06
Sheffield	15.59	60.06
Southampton	15.59	60.06
Stoke-on-Trent	15.59	60.06
Wolverhampton	15.59	60.06
Wrexham	15.59	60.06

Parliament today

Commons (1.30): Finance Bill, progress on remaining stages.
Lords (2.30): Wages Bill, report.

Tower Bridge
Tower Bridge will be raised today at 3pm, 4.45pm, 5.40pm, 7.30pm, 8.45pm, 9pm and 11pm.

Portfolio Gold

Times Portfolio Gold rules are as follows:
1. Times Portfolio to free purchase of gold.
2. Times Portfolio list comprises a group of public companies whose shares are listed on the London Stock Exchange and quoted in the Times.
3. The list is compiled by the editor of the Times and is published in the Times.
4. The list is published in the Times and is published in the Times.
5. The list is published in the Times and is published in the Times.
6. The list is published in the Times and is published in the Times.
7. The list is published in the Times and is published in the Times.
8. The list is published in the Times and is published in the Times.
9. The list is published in the Times and is published in the Times.
10. The list is published in the Times and is published in the Times.

Parliament today

Commons (1.30): Finance Bill, progress on remaining stages.
Lords (2.30): Wages Bill, report.

Tower Bridge
Tower Bridge will be raised today at 3pm, 4.45pm, 5.40pm, 7.30pm, 8.45pm, 9pm and 11pm.

Abroad

MIDDAY: c. cloud; d. drizzle; l. fair; fog; r. rain; s. sun; sn. snow; t. thunder

	C	F
Algeria	22.70	72.86
Alexandria	22.70	72.86
Amman	22.70	72.86
Antwerp	22.70	72.86
Athens	22.70	72.86
Bahia	22.70	72.86
Bangkok	22.70	72.86
Batavia	22.70	72.86
Bombay	22.70	72.86
Buenos Aires	22.70	72.86
Calcutta	22.70	72.86
Canton	22.70	72.86
Cebu	22.70	72.86
Colon	22.70	72.86
Hankow	22.70	72.86
Hong Kong	22.70	72.86
Kobe	22.70	72.86
London	22.70	72.86
Lyons	22.70	72.86
Manila	22.70	72.86
Medan	22.70	72.86
Penang	22.70	72.86
Rangoon	22.70	72.86
Singapore	22.70	72.86
Sourabaya	22.70	72.86
Tientsin	22.70	72.86
Yokohama	22.70	72.86

Correction

The offer for the... was... in...
The offer for the... was... in...
The offer for the... was... in...

Howe aims to pursue mission to Pretoria

STOCK MARKET FT 30 Share 1347.8 (-8.7) FT-SE 100 1631.0 (-18.4) Bargains 24958 USM (Datastream) 126.29 (-0.17) THE POUND US Dollar 1.5345 (-0.0060) W German mark 3.3479 (-0.0015) Trade-weighted 75.8 (-0.2)

Rover Group forecasts further serious losses

By Edward Townsend, Industrial Correspondent Rover Group, the renamed BL, which made a pre-tax loss last year of £110.3 million, is facing the prospect of further serious losses in the first half of this year, Mr Graham Day, the new chairman, told the annual meeting in London yesterday.



Ray Horrocks resigned when not made chairman

disclosed that the Rover Group would retain about 30 per cent of the parts company to enable it to nominate a member of the board and to play a significant role in the future direction of the business.

Selloffs at Beecham

The Beecham Group is selling two of its overseas companies as part of its extensive streamlining programme announced last month.

The diversified consumer products and pharmaceuticals group is to raise £12 million from the sale of the United States Ace Comb company and its Australian soft drinks business.

Retail sales and consumer credit figures down in May

Final retail sales figures for May, released yesterday, reveal a slightly larger decline than originally estimated. Consumer credit also fell, and the retail trade holds mixed views about the strength of sales in June and early July.

Defeat for Evered in bid battle

By Cliff Feltham Evered Holdings, the fast-expanding industrial conglomerate, last night lost its £155 million battle for control of McKechnie Holdings, the Midlands engineering business.

Shipyards fail

Harmstorf, one of West Germany's biggest shipping groups, put its three shipyards into receivership yesterday, highlighting the desperate financial state of the country's shipping industry.

ERG rise

Electronic Rentals Group announced pre-tax profits up 8 per cent to £16.5 million for the year to March 31 on turnover up 30 per cent to £254 million. The dividend was unchanged at 3.2p net for the year.

Lower spirits

Spirit sales in the first quarter of this year overall were down 2.6 per cent but recovered at the end of March to 6.3 per cent above last year's rate, said the Wine and Spirit Association. Imported spirits were up 7.8 per cent at the end of March.

DRG expands

DRG, the Dickinson Robinson stationary company, has acquired a rigid plastics business from Hercules Incorporated of the United States for \$10.5 million (£6.8 million).

Forte talks

Trusthouse Forte yesterday confirmed it had held talks with Hanson Trust over the future of some of the Imperial Group assets. But no details of the talks were disclosed.

Spurs sale

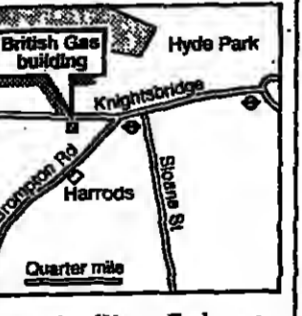
Tottenham Hotspur Football Club has sold its 11-acre training ground in Chestnut, Hertfordshire, for £4.9 million to Laing Homes - part of the John Laing Group.

Correction

The offer-for-sale price of Windspeed is 106p, not 120p as stated in yesterday's issue of The Times.

Prudential buys West End site

The Prudential Assurance Company, competing against nine other potential developers, won the bid to buy a two-acre freehold site in Knightsbridge, London, for over £35 million.



London's West End, were developed in 1958 and total 290,000 sq ft of space. The properties were sold by the British Gas Staff Pension Scheme (Stargas Nominees) which bought them in 1977.

KCA makes £28m loss provision

KCA Drilling, Britain's leading independent oil drilling contractor, has made provision in its annual accounts to cover potential losses of £28.3 million and is to sell one of its two drillships as a result of the falling oil price.

However, day hire rates for drilling rigs for offshore and onshore oil exploration are falling daily and several other drilling contractors also have drillships and rigs on the market. The KCA Kingfisher is equipped to drill to depths of up to 20,000 feet in remote locations.

Analysts expect sharp drop in money supply growth

By David Smith, Economics Correspondent City analysts expect a sharp slowdown in the rate of money supply expansion when figures are released early this afternoon. The predictions are, however, unusually cautious after recent big increases.

Executive Editor Kenneth Fleet Dilemma of linking pay and profits

With the Treasury putting the finishing touches on its proposals for profit-related pay - a green paper will be published next week - it was appropriate that Professor Martin Weitzman, the Massachusetts Institute of Technology economist most associated with profit sharing, was in town.



Advertisement for Touche Ross, Chartered Accountants, with contact information and a coupon for a leaflet 'A Specialist Acquisitions Service'.

MARKET SUMMARY STOCK MARKETS MAIN PRICE CHANGES INTEREST RATES CURRENCIES NORTH SEA OIL

COMMODITIES REVIEW

Cocoa talks key to other pacts

Talks in Geneva this week about a new international cocoa agreement have an importance stretching beyond the commodity which provides us with the raw material for our after-dinner mints and bedtime drinks.

If the discussions succeed Third World producers of commodities can still cling to the hope that workable agreements can be established to regulate the volatile markets which hold the virtual power of life and death over their economies.

If they fail it may be the final straw for the whole concept of commodity pacts which was dealt a savage blow by the collapse of the international tin agreement last year.

The buyers' markets that have prevailed in most commodities for the past six years would remain with little in the way of a countervailing force from a binding agreement that would be obeyed by producers and consumers.

Optimism on reaching an accord in Geneva has waned and waxed since the fourth round of negotiations collapsed in March. At that time the Ivory Coast, the world's

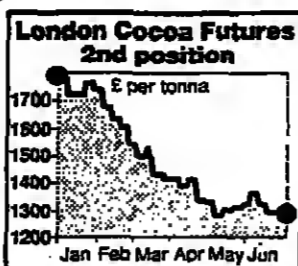
biggest producer, announced it would not be joining the pact which is planned to come into force in October. As consuming countries were quick to point out, a pact without the Ivorians would be "as good as useless."

The Ivory Coast is not a member of the current agreement but, as the pact has no effective teeth, its absence makes little difference. No cocoa has been added to the price-support stockpile since 1982 when its manager ran out of money.

However, an top of the 100,000 tonnes in the stock, the International Cocoa Organisation (ICO) has built up reserves of more than \$300 million (£1.3 million), virtually all funded by its producing members through a 2 cent a lb levy on exports.

Such strength is indeed rare among commodity groups, and ICO sources are quick to point out that a new agreement would have a far greater chance of being effective than the late lamented tin pact, which had to end when the bankers to its buffer stock cried that that enough was enough.

The source of the cash reserves has also given the Cocoa Producers' Alliance, particularly the West African members, a strong political argument to arm-twist Abidjan back to the conference table.



nations' hand has been strengthened over the past four months, and the chances of a compromise seem slimmer. Cocoa prices, which stood at 102 cents before the Ivory Coast walk-out, have since declined almost continuously and now stand around 85 cents.

In these circumstances the consuming countries which, in any case, want a mechanism that allows the floor price to fall if market conditions dictate, can call the shots and let the free market take over if they fail to get what they want.

Cocoa traders in London are fairly well resigned to this week's talks reaching no conclusion, although they say there is more optimism in the United States.

Current prices on the London Commodity Exchange of around \$1,300 a tonne discount future, although if the status quo continues further falls appear likely.

If an agreement is reached, a short-term rally of between £80 and 100 a tonne can be expected, along with the heartfelt thanks of the world's commodity producers.

Farm support policies 'hurt both rich and poor nations'

By Graham Searjeant Financial Editor

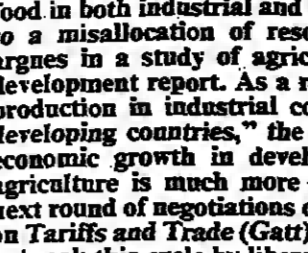
The World Bank has launched a devastating attack on the Common Agricultural Policy and its equivalents. Policy and its equivalents, estimating that farming support and protection is costing taxpayers and consumers in the industrial countries of the OECD more than \$100 billion a year.

But the Bank's study of trade and pricing policy in world agriculture concludes that only about half this cost benefits producers.

Most of the benefit ends up in higher land prices, rents or artificial values for production quotas rather than helping farmers' incomes in the long run. And that makes it much harder for people to enter the industry.

Rich countries' agricultural policies also hurt farming in virtually all developing countries. Regimes such as the European Economic Community's Common Agricultural Policy have raised output uneconomically at home by maintaining artificially high prices which reduce the demand for food.

Perverse policies towards agriculture and trade in food in both industrial and developing countries lead to a misallocation of resources, the World Bank argues in a study of agriculture in its 1986 world development report. As a result, "there is too much production in industrial countries and too little in developing countries," the report says. This stifles economic growth in developing countries because agriculture is much more important to them. The next round of negotiations of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) provides the opportunity to break this cycle by liberalizing trade in food. Free trade would benefit industrial and developing countries by \$64 billion a year, the Bank estimates, and benefit Third World agriculture far more than trade preferences, international commodity agreements or other special measures.



in world prices, most notably in the most heavily protected areas such as dairy farming, sugar and beef. And even greater protection has developed for processed food products, making it harder for developing countries to add more value to their food exports.

The report, written by a team headed by Mr Ananduray Ray, formerly the World Bank's senior economist for Latin America, charts the increasing cost, protection and complexity of policies in the EEC. North America and Japan as price support policies have boosted production beyond depressed consumption levels.

"It is difficult to change a policy even if its failure can be demonstrated. Instead, a new policy is introduced to offset

its shortcomings," the report argues. "During the 1970s, improvements in milk yields reduced dairy costs below official milk support prices, which were actually raised. Governments found themselves flooded with milk surpluses and spending soared, increasing sixfold to the EEC and fivefold in the US between 1974 and 1984. Instead of lowering prices and letting consumers benefit from the technical progress, however, governments have attempted to limit the amount of milk sold at guaranteed prices."

The support regimes have become ever more complex and costly as new policies are added to counteract surpluses. This has produced consequences in other developed countries as bizarre as in the

European Community. Economic Community.

● In the US, the federal government subsidizes land clearance and then pays farmers not to grow grain.

● In Japan, rice farmers receive three times the world price but some of their crop has to be sold as animal feed at half the world price.

● In Canada, production quotas are so tight that farmers will pay up to eight times the market price of a cow for the right to sell that cow's milk at the government support price.

● The biggest gainers from the support policies in free market industrial economies are the countries of Eastern Europe.

The report argues that stabilizing prices to protect farmers does not require policies of self-sufficiency, but could be achieved by support prices which reflect world prices more closely.

Support for farm incomes also ignores the increasing trend towards part-time farming among the smaller high-cost producers. Net farm income as a proportion of farmers' total income has fallen to about a third in the US and to a quarter in Japan. Small farmers could therefore be supported by much less general and much less costly policies.

Domestic policies in industrial countries have assigned an effect on developing countries as do direct import tariffs and quotas.

If industrial and developing countries simultaneously liberalized domestic policies and removed trade barriers, industrial market economies would gain \$46 billion a year and developing countries \$18 billion a year in temperate-zone products alone, the study estimates.

Developing countries would gain much more from liberalization of trade in tropical products and processed foods, far outweighing all the financial aid they now receive.

in world prices, most notably in the most heavily protected areas such as dairy farming, sugar and beef. And even greater protection has developed for processed food products, making it harder for developing countries to add more value to their food exports.

The report, written by a team headed by Mr Ananduray Ray, formerly the World Bank's senior economist for Latin America, charts the increasing cost, protection and complexity of policies in the EEC. North America and Japan as price support policies have boosted production beyond depressed consumption levels.

"It is difficult to change a policy even if its failure can be demonstrated. Instead, a new policy is introduced to offset

its shortcomings," the report argues. "During the 1970s, improvements in milk yields reduced dairy costs below official milk support prices, which were actually raised. Governments found themselves flooded with milk surpluses and spending soared, increasing sixfold to the EEC and fivefold in the US between 1974 and 1984. Instead of lowering prices and letting consumers benefit from the technical progress, however, governments have attempted to limit the amount of milk sold at guaranteed prices."

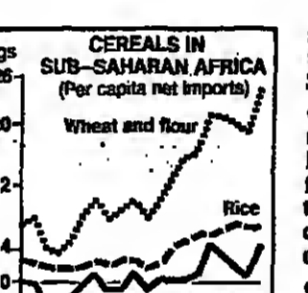
The support regimes have become ever more complex and costly as new policies are added to counteract surpluses. This has produced consequences in other developed countries as bizarre as in the

UNLISTED SECURITIES

Table with columns for 1986 High/Low, Company, Price, Change, Ytd %, and P/E. It lists various unlisted securities such as A & M Co, ATA Selection, and others.

Third World 'must exploit advantages'

Inefficient tax, subsidy and public spending policies in developing countries have centred on agriculture because it is the biggest component in output, because food costs are the most vital ingredient in urban poverty, and because governments wanted to discriminate in favour of manufacturing industry, the World Bank argues.



aged newer agricultural sectors - tea in Kenya, palm oil in South Asia - have benefited. Farm output is often bought through monopoly state marketing boards which give farmers lower prices than those paid to importers for competing products to subsidize the towns.

Turkey have shown the dramatic effects of reducing government interference and relying more on markets. Developing countries should also exploit their comparative advantage rather than ape the industrial countries' drive to agricultural self-sufficiency.

Third World countries have damaged their own farming industries, where they have a natural trade advantage, as well as industrial countries have artificially supported relatively unimportant farming sectors.

Farming productivity has risen so fast in industrial countries as a result that the average farm family produces enough surplus food for 50 other people, whereas the typical farming family in low-income developing countries produces enough to feed only two others. The yield gap between the most efficient producers - Britain in wheat, the US in maize and Japan in rice - and the least efficient has grown significantly in the last 20 years.

Such policies reduce production and deter small farmers from investing in higher productivity. Discrimination against agriculture has left sub-Saharan Africa as the only region in the developing world that has failed to expand food production as fast as population in the past decade.

As a whole, agricultural exports have declined from nearly half of developing countries' export earnings in the Sixties to around a fifth today.

Government intervention at all stages of production, consumption and marketing of agricultural products and inputs has frequently inhibited the growth of rural economies, the report says. It lists a series of policies that have unintentionally damaged agriculture:

● Promoting industry behind tariff barriers raises costs to farmers but lowers profit rates compared to industry, encouraging poor farmers to migrate to the cities.

● Governments maintain overvalued currencies, usually protecting industry with import barriers but exempting food imports.

● Traditional food exports have been heavily taxed, sometimes as high as 50 to 75 per cent. For instance, such policies cost Ghana most of its share of the world cocoa market until recent reforms. Similar fates have befallen Egyptian cotton, Sri Lankan tea and West African palm oil. Countries that have encour-

600 GROUP advertisement. Includes text: 'Improvement in trading profit', 'Our manufacturing companies improved their results substantially but a large part of the improvement was eliminated by a complete reversal to a loss in our ferrous scrap trading activities and heavy losses in South East Asia. Nevertheless, I am glad to be able to report an overall improvement in trading profit before tax for the year. This was achieved despite the considerable strengthening in the £ and an unprecedented increase in Product Liability Insurance premiums.'

BASE LENDING RATES advertisement. Table listing rates for various banks and services: ABE, Adam & Company, BCCI, Citibank, etc.

APPOINTMENTS advertisement. Listing various appointments and changes in management for companies like BASF United Kingdom, Pinnacle Insurance Co, etc.

La Crème de la Crème advertisement. Text: 'A wide range of specialist hair & skin care products. WEDNESDAY MAKE SURE YOU GET YOUR COPY OF THE TIMES.'

Marshall's Halifax PLC advertisement. Text: 'Concrete products, Quarrying & Engineering. Results for year to March 31st 1986. Last year was one of solid achievement and I am quietly confident regarding the outcome of the current year.'

CARCLO advertisement. Text: 'Again a record year. In its 63rd year Carclo has established another record with fully diluted earnings per share 14.3% up at 39.2p as compared with 34.3p last year. This is a satisfactory result as it takes into account the effect of the sale for £3.8m of both our 57% interest in The Indian Card Clothing Company and our Belgian card clothing company.'

ies 'hun nations'

in a lead world which the in... The... Free... than...

tion... (11...)

advantage

ord year

La Crème de la Crème

C

ord year

ord year

ING GROUP

TEMPUS

Interest charges dent Electronic profits

As the cost of buying television and video equipment has come down and the equipment has become more reliable, the colour television rental market has been in decline.

Despite some offset from video recorders, the total of rental subscribers has been falling at an estimated 5 per cent a year. As a result, rental companies can be bought on multiples of 12 months' income and, as the business is fragmented, there are plenty of acquisition opportunities.

This is the business background against which the Electronic Rentals Group operates. It owns the Visionhire TV rental chain, the third biggest in Britain, and yesterday it announced its preliminary results for the year to March 31.

The 30 per cent improvement in turnover to £254 million was largely because of the acquisition of Carousel, a TV rental company bought from Dixons, and Television. However, pretax profits, which rose only 8 per cent to £16.5 million, were hit by significantly higher interest costs. These rose by 25 per cent to £12.5 million on borrowings which topped £100 million at the year end, 134 per cent of shareholders' funds.

Borrowings are up because of the £45 million spent on acquisitions, but cash flow is such that £30 million can be repaid in this financial year on the assumption that there are no further acquisitions. But this cannot be ruled out.

The group plans to use the steady cash flows from rental to broaden its business base in four main areas. It will buy more rental companies, build on its embryonic chain of electrical retail stores which came with Television, expand its non-consumer electronics business which should earn £3 million pretax this year largely because of Television, and build up its domestic appliance service company, Serviscope.

Of the 200 or so retail outlets acquired with Television, 100 have been closed and 30 have been turned into Visionhire shops. The best 67 are being retained to form the basis of the chain retailing domestic appliances, and this is expected to make a loss of some £2.5 million in 1986-87 as the group clarifies its strategy in this area.

Richard Budgett, analyst at Greenwell Montagu & Co., forecasts that, as the rest of Television is integrated into the group and the interest charge falls, pretax profit will

rise by nearly £4 million to £20 million in 1986-87. This puts the shares on a prospective multiple of nearly 14.

The retail business will make Electronic Rentals much more seasonal. As sales will be biased towards Christmas, first-half profits in 1986-87 are likely to be flat, and this leaves only the 7.5 per cent yield to buoy the shares.

AMEC

While most of the building contractors' shares have been bounding ahead, anticipating the benefits of lower interest rates and increased Government spending, shares in AMEC have quietly slid backwards. At yesterday's price of 253p, they are 44p below their April high.

Shareholders' fortunes could, however, be about to change. Interim results - due in late August - should confirm profit forecasts of more than £30 million, before tax, for the full year, up from £23.5 million.

The level of dividend payments will attract special attention, as the shares tend to be sold as an income stock. If the company opts to maintain last year's cover, the total payout for the year could rise from 11p to nearly 13p, suggesting a prospective yield of 7.2 per cent - more than twice the market average.

That assumes earnings this year will rise from 24.8p to top 29p a share. Having maintained the payout last year, when earnings fell, the company may, however, not want to increase the dividend in line with earnings. But even a 1p increase, to 12p, would give a yield of 6.7 per cent.

That income should keep most investors happy while the new management team prove themselves. Mr John Early has recently joined as finance director and Mr Rudi Kisjes, whose appointment was announced in January, has taken over responsibility for the international contracting business. In addition, Dr Norman Franklin, who has extensive experience in the nuclear industry, is a non-executive director.

Their arrival may not put a growth tag on the company's shares, but they should contribute to a higher profile for the company in future.

DRG

Stock market fashions are fast changing. Just as megabids seem to have lost some their appeal, pension surpluses, which were hot property with investors not

so long ago, have fallen out of favour. Yesterday DRG revealed that it had a surplus in its pension fund, of probably more than £15 million, but its shares fell 2p to 298p in reaction.

The company is using £5 million of the surplus to improve benefits to those pensioners whose income was eroded by the high inflation of the 1970s.

Shareholders will however be more interested in the benefit to profits, amounting to £2 million a year. The actuaries say the surplus is large enough to bear reduced contributions for five years but the company takes a more cautious line, promising a review in two years' time.

Assuming the boost to profits persists for five years, the news should theoretically add 6p to the share price, assuming a 35 per cent tax charge.

The company says the proposed accounting treatment, such that reduced contributions are charged against profits, has been cleared with its auditors.

That the market price did not react as theory dictates suggests that investors have become worried about the quality of profits in such circumstances. What will happen to profits at the end of five years?

Acquisitions will have made the £2 million annual benefit pale into insignificance in five years' time. Yesterday DRG announced the acquisition of a rigid plastics packaging business from Hercules of America.

This purchase gives the company a US manufacturing base and the right to sell Hercules' technology round the world. DRG has been the British licensee for the past seven years.

While the company clearly has great potential, it currently makes a loss. In addition DRG is paying over asset value for the business.

DRG also announced yesterday the sale of Multiple Packaging for £1.4 million cash and of Barratt photocopying business for £1.5 million. The Bristol carton business however is still up for sale.

In all DRG has spent a net £11 million on acquisitions since its £33.5 million rights issue last year. The stock market clearly wants the company to spend in style.

If megabids have truly gone out of fashion, the company's approach might find more support in the near future.

Fears on US economy hit shares

By Michael Clark

Investors were in a despondent mood on both sides of the Atlantic yesterday and dealers fear share prices could open sharply lower when trading resumes on the London stock market today.

The growing threat of an economic recession in the United States has started to unsettle investors in both New York and London and introduced an element of reality back into share prices. Dealers reported persistent selling throughout the day in London, which gathered pace after hours with the Dow Jones industrial average more than 44 points down in the first few hours trading on Wall Street.

American economists are talking about economic stagnation and the current weakness of dollar against the Japanese yen has only served to compound the market's misery.

This all proved too much for British investors, already worried by the prospects of a Labour victory at the next General Election and warnings about the renationalisation of those companies which have been privatized by the Conservatives.

As a result of this, shares like BT, which suffered its biggest one-day fall since it came to market, were badly hit. BT ended the day 18p down at 198p, wiping about £1.2 billion from its market capitalization. There were reports in the weekend press that investors would only receive the 130p they original-

ly paid for the shares if Labour is returned to power.

The rest of the equity market continued to lose ground throughout the day with the FT 30 share index falling 8.7 to 1,347.8. The broader-based FT-SE 100 tumbled by 18.4 to 1,631.0.

Government securities were in an anxious mood, eagerly awaiting today's money supply figures for signs of an early cut in bank base rates. Prices finished with losses ranging up to 1/4 at the longer end of the market.

Shares of Securiguard, the security and industrial cleaning group, jumped 12p to 100p despite interim figures to April 27, showing pretax profits down from £554,000 to £359,000. It is back on a growth track and capable of a record £1 million for the year, helped by Ministry of Defence and nuclear power contracts.

One of the few rises among leading equities was BOC Group, 9p dearer at 303p, following a bullish circular from de Zoete & Bevan, the broker. Mr Howard Coates, an analyst, believes that the selling has been overdone and that worries concerning US tax problems have been overstated.

He claims the shares are more attractive than its rival ICI, 18p lower at 994p. Marketmen are now keeping a close eye on ICI following last week's moves to increase the group's borrowing powers. It now looks as the group is

ready to bid the acquisition trail and observers are now guessing who will be its first target.

Woolworth was a dull market, falling 15p to 650p, having just fought off the unwanted attentions of Dixons. Dealers fear that Dixons may soon decide to sell the 10 million Woolworth shares it was left with following its abortive bid.

Dixons is reckoned to have paid about 680p a share for its stake and is unlikely to want to see the price continue to deteriorate.

Note the weakness in shares of Saatchi & Saatchi, the Prime Minister's favourite advertising agency, following its recent acquisition of the US rival, Ted Bates.

Analysts claim the group is continuing to lose accounts and the chartists are saying the price has further to fall. The shares slipped 25p to 715p.

Evered Holdings, the ambitious engineering company controlled by Mr Osman and Mr Raschid Abdullah, has failed in its attempt to gain control of its rival, McKechnie Brothers, after a fierce, drawn-out battle. Evered announced that acceptances for the bid, which was worth 282p a share, had totalled less than 50 per cent.

Shares of McKechnie were promptly marked 21p lower at 427p as the Abdullah brothers congratulated Dr James Butler, the chairman of McKechnie, for his successful defence. Evered ended the day 8p down at 264p.

The market also has its doubts about Tranwood succeeding with its bid for Aitken Hume, the beleaguered merchant bank. Aitken Hume dipped 13p to 136p - making a two-day loss of 20p - on fears that the group would be bid-proof if the Tranwood offer lapses because of problems with its American subsidiary, NSR.

Tranwood finished unchanged at 16.5p.

Blue Arrow, the fast-growing USM-guoted services group, regained some of its ground, rising 1p to 265p. Watch out for possible takeover moves at Strirling Group, which supplies 90 per cent of its production of women's casualwear to Marks and Spencer. It is keen to take part in the menswear business. Profits for last year showed a 34 per cent improvement to £2.37 million, with sales 31 per cent up at £26 million.

composure, firming 2p to 380p, following last week's uncharacteristic shake-out. The reason for the dullness was revealed when the group announced that Mr Brian Kingham had resigned from the board and had placed his entire holding of 1.458 million shares in the market through the company's broker, Phillips & Drew, for an undisclosed price.

Mr Kingham was elected to the board of Blue Arrow last year after the acquisition of his company, Reliance Service Group. He will continue to act as a consultant to Blue Arrow.

Also on the USM, shares of Crown International, the film, television and video programme producer, fell 7p to 65p after learning that Greenstar Leisure had reduced its holding with the sale of 455,000 shares. This reduces its stake to 545,000 shares, or 5.8 per cent of the total.

But Goodie Durrant & Murray, the property and financial services group, leapt 25p to 100p, just 2p shy of the year's high - on bid hopes. The Hong Kong-based Impala Pacific Corporation has bought 5 million shares in the company from UK Temperance & General Provident Institution, amounting to 20.8 per cent of the issued capital.

NSS Newsagents was unchanged at 208p, still awaiting completion of the agreed bid from Gallaher, the tobacco manufacturer. Gallaher now speaks for 4.25 million NSS shares, or 13.2 per cent of the total.

Last week's newcomer, Morgan Grenfell, the merchant bank, still failed to attract attention. The shares dipped another 13p to 475p compared with last week's striking price of 500p.

Market stags have never been fans of the tender system and the current level of takeover failures could spell the end of the recent spate of "mega-bids" that have proved lucrative to the City's merchant banking fraternity.

The rest of the sector also remained dull. Brown Shipley eased 10p to 430p.

RECENT ISSUES

Table with columns: EQUITIES, Task Force (95p), Templanet (215p), Tenby Inds (112p), Thames TV (180p), etc.

Table with columns: RIGHTS ISSUES, Amari F/P, Antofagasta N/P, Boase Messini F/P, Costam N/P, De La Rue N/P, Erskine Hse N/P, Five Oaks N/P, Friendly Hotels F/P, Istock Johnson N/P, Int'l Signal N/P, Leigh Interests N/P, Pineapple N/P

BERTAM HOLDINGS: A dividend of 0.95p (1.25p) is payable for 1985. Results for the year, with figures in £000, include turnover 1,333 (1,930), share of related companies' profits 211 (357) and profit before tax 810 (1,092). The share price was unchanged at 85p. Earnings per share before extraordinary items 2.49p (3.02p) and after extraordinary items 2.35p (3.60p).

that a final dividend should be paid but that it should be a modest one in view of the current adverse cash flow. The directors recommend a final of 0.525p per share (2.1p), making 1.575p (3.15p).

SIMON ENGINEERING: Calibration Systems, a subsidiary, has acquired D M R Calibration and Repair Services of Nottingham, a calibration service laboratory. The value of net assets acquired amounts to £80,000.

BELGRAVE HOLDINGS: A dividend of 4.5p (4.2p) is payable for 1985. With figures in £000, turnover was 9,704 (7,398); pretax profit 1,806. Earnings per share before extraordinary items were 10.5p (14.5p) and after 2.8p (14.5p). The directors are recommending a small increase in the dividend as an expression of their confidence in the future.

HOWARD AND WYNDAHAM: The chairman, Mr R A Fields, says in his annual report that because much of the proceeds of the group's 1985 rights issue had been used to acquire Ciro it might be prudent for the company to make another rights issue in the near future. The board is studying the matter.

TRADITIONAL OPTIONS

Table with columns: First Digs Ltd Digs, Last Digs, For Sale, etc.

Lloyds Bank final offer* for Standard Chartered. The closing date: Saturday 12 July. Standard Chartered shareholders have 4 days to accept our final offer.

Our Increased Alternative Offer: 850p. Standard Chartered Share Price: 797p. Difference: +53p (as at 3.30pm on Monday, 7 July). If you are in any doubt about how to fill in the Green Form of Acceptance, telephone Lloyds Bank Registrars on Freephone Lloyds Bank. Lloyds Bank. A THOROUGH BRED AMONGST BANKS.

SWIFTY delivers the goods... before 9.00 am. SECURICOR EXPRESS PARCELS SERVICE. Tel: 0345 20 0345. SWIFTY! The new Securicor Express service that carries urgent documents and parcels through the night... securely, safely, swiftly... and delivers them before 9.00 a.m. almost anywhere on mainland UK, Monday to Friday and before noon Saturday.

WALL STREET

New York (Agencies) - Share prices tumbled in early trading yesterday in futures-trading selling. This selling ignored the strength of the bond market, partly because of the opinion that the completion of Japan's electronics could foreshadow coordinated lower interest rates. Technical weakness also contributed to the decline. Declining shares outnumbered rising ones by five to one on a

volume of 18 million shares. The Dow Jones industrial average fell by 20.95 points to 1,879.92. Some traders had been expecting the market to react to its recent rise to records, since the US economy's weakness may not justify the gains. Wall Street was closed on Friday for Independence Day. The prices below are for Thursday's trading.

Table with columns for stock symbols (e.g., AMR, ASA, Allied Signal) and their corresponding prices and changes.

Table with columns for stock symbols (e.g., Pfizer, Wellco Dge, Parke-Davis) and their corresponding prices and changes.

STERLING SPOT AND FORWARD RATES

Table showing Sterling spot and forward rates for various currencies and terms (1 month, 3 months, 6 months).

OTHER STERLING RATES

Table showing other Sterling rates for currencies like Argentina, Australia, and Hong Kong.

LONDON COMMODITY EXCHANGE

Table showing London commodity exchange prices for items like sugar, cocoa, and oil.

LONDON METAL EXCHANGE

Table showing London metal exchange prices for various metals like copper, lead, and zinc.

LONDON MEAT FUTURES EXCHANGE

Table showing London meat futures exchange prices for different types of meat.

LONDON POTATO FUTURES EXCHANGE

Table showing London potato futures exchange prices for different potato varieties.

MONEY MARKETS AND GOLD

Table showing money market rates and gold prices for various terms and currencies.

DOLLAR SPOT RATES

Table showing dollar spot rates for various countries like Ireland, Singapore, and Australia.

COFFEE

Table showing coffee prices for different grades and origins.

MEAT AND LIVESTOCK

Table showing meat and livestock prices for various types of animals.

LONDON MEAT FUTURES EXCHANGE

Table showing London meat futures exchange prices for different types of meat.

LONDON POTATO FUTURES EXCHANGE

Table showing London potato futures exchange prices for different potato varieties.

TREASURY BILLS

Table showing Treasury bill rates for various maturities and denominations.

EURO MONEY DEPOSITS %

Table showing Euro money deposit rates for different currencies and terms.

TREASURY BILLS

Table showing Treasury bill rates for various maturities and denominations.

GOLD

Table showing gold prices and related market data.

INVESTMENT TRUSTS

Large table listing various investment trusts with columns for name, price, and change.

LONDON FINANCIAL FUTURES

Table showing London financial futures prices for interest rate and currency contracts.

INVESTMENT TRUSTS

Table showing investment trust prices for various funds.

INVESTMENT TRUSTS

Table showing investment trust prices for various funds.

INVESTMENT TRUSTS

Table showing investment trust prices for various funds.

INVESTMENT TRUSTS

Table showing investment trust prices for various funds.

INVESTMENT TRUSTS

Table showing investment trust prices for various funds.

THE TIMES UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE

Extremely large table listing hundreds of unit trusts with columns for name, price, and change.

COMPUTER APPOINTMENTS

PR Expert, Journalist or Copy-Writer wanted, with experience in Electronics/Micro-electronics

We offer an interesting position in South Germany; precondition: you are an English native speaker with the necessary knowledge of the German language.

Your responsibilities will be: press work, publicity and documentation in your position as a contact person to one of our clients. You will be a member of our publicity agency, of a young team, situated in Constance, on Lake Constance, on the Swiss border.

For more information you may call us (except during our company holidays: July 14 to 25). Please forward your detailed application including description of your qualifications and claimed salary to:

Team Moderne Werbung GMBH
Att: Mr Herbert Haug
Hohenhausgasse 16
P.O. Box 77 67
D-7750 Constance/W-Germany
Phone 07631/2 20 81
Telex 7 33 383 taw d

Edited by Matthew May

COMPUTER HORIZONS/1

The \$10 billion challenge to IBM

By Geoff Wheelwright

The second biggest computer company in the world, formed by the recent merger of Sperry and Burroughs, is now five weeks old. Its proud parents were in London last week to reveal what they hope the new company will be when it grows up.

Burroughs chairman Michael Blumenthal and Sperry president Joseph Kroger, both on its board, said they did not know what the merged product of the two \$5 billion companies would be called, but they were confident it would continue to support its users and make money for its shareholders.

They also acknowledged the difficulties facing the new venture and talked about how they would cut out much of the "duplication" in the marketing and manufacturing



Michael Blumenthal, chairman of Burroughs

would be maintained "in perpetuity". Mr Blumenthal and Mr Kroger said they have spent a good deal of time during the last few weeks meeting representatives of user groups to reassure them that their line of mini and mainframe computers will continue to be fully supported.

Mr Kroger said they would also be looking to co-ordinate the activities of the new company by "rationalizing" some of its operations worldwide.

He added: "We will look at each country individually and do what is necessary and suitable in each country." He also denied suggestions that either one of the old companies would have undue influence over the operation of the new combined enterprise. "We are going to operate on a partnership basis."



Joseph Kroger, president of Sperry; New Job

The new company's senior executives also discounted suggestions that the Sperry equipment and Burroughs machines would compete against one another. They said that Sperry's strengths are in serving the energy and airline

industries, while Burroughs is best at serving the financial and banking communities.

Mr Blumenthal said: "Our high degree of specialization allows the companies to be complementary."

He added, however, that the operations of the two companies suggest that they will fit quite well together.

Part of that culture is in securing big government contracts. The two companies last year together took about \$4 billion in government contracts.

But whatever the new company is called, it is not the new name that is going to give them the most trouble. It is a very old name - IBM - which they will be seeking to push from the number-one position in the world for the manufacture of computers.

For the moment stick with old trusty

Which way should I go? I had nearly decided to swap my IBM compatible personal computer for a shiny equivalent to the AT model from IBM. However, I am now wondering whether to add bits to my existing machine.

The IBM PC AT and its equivalents are an attractive proposition. The 80286 chip which drives these products does go faster. You are clearly involved in needing a capacious disc store and if you do not change machines you could add a filing disc of about 10 megabytes in size by using one your "slots" at the back of the basic machine. If you still have spare slots you could also add a card that plugs in an 80286 with its own memory.

While it is always pleasant to use a well engineered and more powerful product, it is true that most applications being used on the 80286 fail to exploit its design. At first glance I would stick to old trusty for a while.

The use of telephone lines to send and receive data seems to be very slow. It is, however, much faster when using private lines as many big firms do. Will the individual ever be able to use high speeds from home?

It is partly a question of cost. The modems, which translate the data and adapt it to telephone signalling practice, are cheapest at low speeds. It is also true that by working at slower speeds of data transmission and reception the user will probably find the whole process fairly reliable. Many experienced users of ordinary dialled lines for data transmission prefer the lower speeds because they seem robustly resistant to data garbling.

However, working at 1,200 bits a second is common, and British Telecom now offers a modem which will work on dial-up connections at 9,600 bits a second. This is more than 150 words a second and if it proves to be fuss free in use it may well prove to be the way to remove your irritation. The speed can be used simultaneously for both transmissions and reception.

I have accumulated voluntary work for more than 20 organizations. The growing pile of paper tells me that a

WORKSHOP

In this week's Workshop HEDLEY VOYSEY looks at sending high-speed data from home, whether to increase the power of a micro or buy a new one and other issues. If you have a question about business or personal computing write to Workshop, Computer Horizons, The Times, 1 Pennington St, London E1

computer should help. Where do I go?

There is quite a network of people using small computers for the work you are doing manually. The key thing is to use a good accounting package and to make sure of not being vulnerable to loss of data.

The local political organizations as well as other voluntary service organizations can be helpful. To keep costs down you might find it best to fix on the software first and then buy a second-hand machine from some reliable source.

If you could find some user with experience who was available to give good advice during the setting up period it

would be pleasant to use equipment that matched their experience.

Prodded by the younger members of the family we are about to enter 16-bit computing and all that. The 8-bit stuff started about six years ago and the investment, including software, has totalled about £2,500. The new kit is just about as cheap as the old hardware was. But it looks as if the software costs may double. Is this typical?

Trendy business packages - the superspreadsheet style and some database software - have tended to surge in relative cost when placed against the computer they run on.

On the other hand, there are firms such as Borland International which have brought "posh" programming languages down to the mass market. I think that some database software is drifting towards higher volume sales and lower outlays per user.

Most decent word processors are still priced at absurd levels which reveals that many people who can write cannot drive a mean-minded bargain. You will probably find that your tastes have moved up

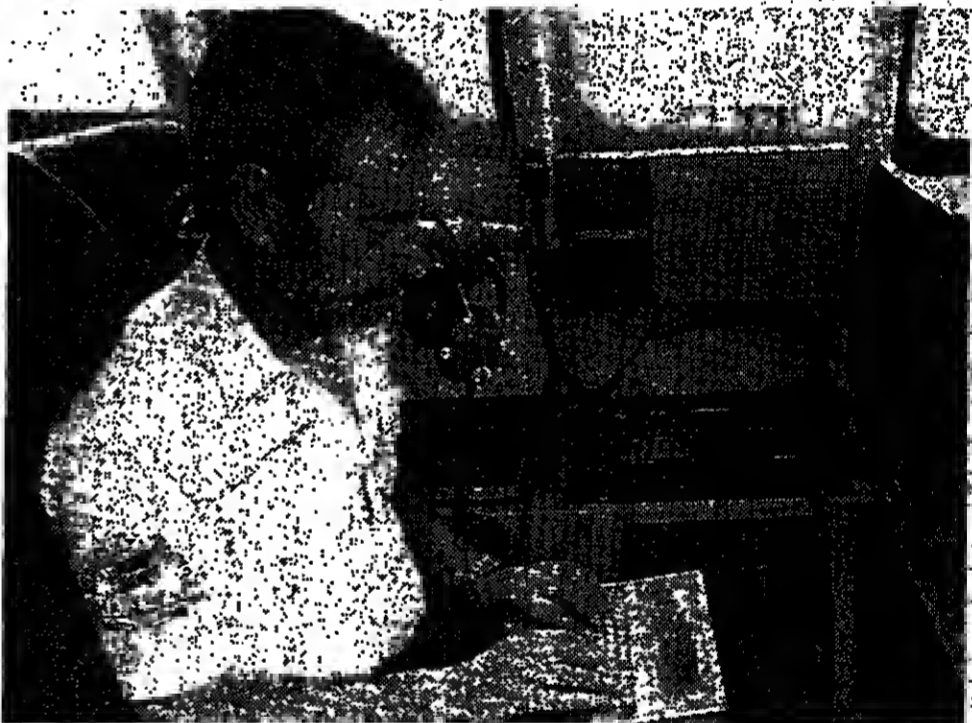
market, in that you may be less willing to put up with scruffy links between files and you may have notions of using graphics more widely in your lives.

Be thankful that your family has not been bitten by the bug that accumulates electronic music makers.

I have heard that it is possible to arrange for the local telephone exchange to service organizations as if they operated a private branch exchange. Is this true?

It will become true. The first firm to make you an offer on this kind of service is likely to be Mercury. But the development of System X exchanges has now reached the stage where "reoting a slice" of such an exchange, instead of installing a private branch switch, will soon be feasible. It is worth keeping in touch with your local British Telecom plans for the installation of System X switches.

There are plenty of other reasons for welcoming System X out of the chrysalis stage, but many of these refer to improved digital access via computers.



On line, on time: The Microscribe Series 600 taped to the knee of the navigator on Richard Branson's Virgin Atlantic Challenger II for its ocean crossing, which beat the Blue Riband record by two hours

GALAXY

← THE IBM SPECIALISTS →

SYSTEMS PROGRAMMER	BERKS	to £17K
Experienced professional required with proven knowledge of: MVS, JES2 TSO/SPF, CICS, VTAM, IMS/DB, VSAM. Assembler programming and product evaluation and installation. Excellent package + benefits.		
DP. MANAGER	CENTRAL LONDON	£26K
Experienced professional required to run IBM 36 site utilising RPG 11. Excellent package + benefits.		
SYSTEMS ANALYST/PROGRAMMER	MIDDLESEX	to £18K
RPG 11 system 38. Applicants with extensive programming experience who wish to move into analysis will be considered.		
ANALYST/PROGRAMMER	LONDON BASED	£15K - £17K
RPG 11 professional with at least 2 years experience required to run IBM systems 36.		
PROGRAMMER	LONDON BASED	£15K +
RPG 111 professional with at least 2 years experience required to run IBM systems 38.		

Contact Pat Grant on 0635 - 36111 (evenings and weekends on 0635 - 33497) or send C.V. to:

GALAXY COMPUTER RECRUITMENT
SPACE HOUSE 8 - 10 WEST MILLS, NEWBURY, BERKS RG14 5HJ
0635 36111

BUSINESS/COMPUTER GRADUATES FOR MIS

London/Manchester **£9,000**

Here at Colgate-Palmolive, we like to think we are sensitive to graduates needs. For a Company of our size that's a bold statement.

Take our Computer Division for instance. After graduating in 1986 you will have the opportunity of joining our Management Information Services either in London or Manchester.

We'll invest time in you so you'll invest time in us. An intensive training period of about one year geared specifically to your needs and aptitudes will give you full exposure to the three arms of our MIS Department. You can expect to be involved in the following areas:

- The Operations Department which is responsible for the smooth running of the Computer.
- The Development Centre which will involve you in major systems development and maintenance plus working on totally new systems.
- The Information Centre supporting end user computer services. This is an internal consultancy encouraging computer literacy and promoting the use of Information Technology throughout all areas of the Company.

Whilst training you will be expected to make a significant contribution to each particular Department, following which you will be appointed to a permanent position either in the Development Centre or Information Centre.

For these challenging and fulfilling positions you will need a degree, preferably but not necessarily, in business studies or computer science, a high level of initiative and verbal/interpersonal skills plus a genuine interest in, and an appreciation of, the role of computers in business.

The salary offered is £9,000 plus all the benefits normally associated with a large successful company.

To apply please write or telephone for an application form to:

Melanie Higgs
Personnel Officer,
Colgate-Palmolive Limited,
75 Oxford Street,
London W1A 1EN.
Tel: 01-580 6570
(24 hour answerphone).

Work towards the future with COLGATE-PALMOLIVE

ICON - THE WISE MOVE FOR DP PROFESSIONALS

PASCAL PROGRAMMERS MOVE INTO ANALYSIS & DEC HARDWARE	THAMES VALLEY	UP TO £17K+ RELOCATION
Company: Extremely well respected manufacturer of hardware covering mainframe, mini and micro providing solutions to commercial, banking retail/distribution and government institutions. Positions: Programmers to work on the development of business/commercial applications on DEC VAX utilising the latest state of the art software. Positions offer involvement from initial stages through to full implementation. All the more senior levels there will also be team leading with a strong element of project management. Experience: A minimum of 2 years experience gained on DEC VAX VMS using DEC's own AI-in-one, or PASCAL from a business/commercial background. With the latter, other business experience will be seriously considered if a good business knowledge can be demonstrated. Successful candidates should also be enthusiastic and keen to progress within a fast moving environment. General: One of the best opportunities currently available where overall knowledge can be increased in terms of hardware, software and business systems. Very demanding but flexible structures offering career opportunities almost purely in salary. Excellent salaries coupled with superb training equal a certain prospectus future. REF TO 1237		
PRE SALES CONSULTANTS ANY HARDWARE	C LONDON	TO £22K 1.6 CAVALIER
Company: Well established and highly respected manufacturer specialising in the sale of 32 bit main frame in the financial and commercial markets. Position: Consultants to provide pre-sales support, demonstrations, presentations and technical advice to a wide client base in the City. Experience: Aged in year mid 20s/early 30s, candidates will have had at least 5 years experience in a pre-sales role of an IT support. Applicants will be working for a manufacturer, software house or end user and have a good mix/minority background. Any specialist product knowledge will be of interest. General: An excellent opportunity to gain valuable experience with a leading manufacturer. Real opportunities for career progression are available within a good working environment. A company car is part of the best-class package. REF TO 1700		
ANALYST PROGRAMMERS OVERSEAS TRAVEL	SURREY	TO £18K + BENEFITS
Company: This young and successful international organisation based in Surrey (on the outskirts of London) is at the forefront of its market and has achieved outstanding success by creating exceptional demand for its hardware systems using state of the art technology. Position: To meet further planned expansion opportunities, new staff for PROGRAMMERS or ANALYST PROGRAMMERS to join a strong team involved in the analysis of business requirements, the design of systems and programs from specifications through to system implementation. General: For those seeking a challenge, a minimum of 2 years professional computer programming on a large commercial mainframe is essential. Experience in at least 3 of the following areas would be advantageous: IBM running under DOS/VSE or MVS with CICS/DB1 and VSAM, IBM System 38, ICL running under VME with IMS transaction or file systems applications or financial experience, Do-Line systems and DATABASES, Good educational qualifications, preferably a degree, One or more years European languages. General: The company offers a secure career path and for the right candidates the prospect of leading projects, plus fringe travel for those with European languages (especially French). BROADEN YOUR CAREER BY ACTING NOW. REF TM 1720		
SYSTEMS ANALYST RETRAIN TO IBM	CITY	£13K - £15K + RELOCATION
Company: International major IBM user based in the City of London utilising the latest technology for both technical and business solutions. Position: Systems Analysts to be responsible for the development of on-line accounting and financial applications. Professional and confident people who can develop and install systems successfully in a business environment. Experience: Towards of two years experience of important development assignments on any mainframe or minicomputer. Programming background is not essential but a complete awareness of the implications of program/debug specifications from which programmers can work must be demonstrated. IBM mainframe experience will be an advantage. General: Leading security and a fine opportunity to further your career in an environment consisting of the very latest IBM hardware. REF TS 445		

PROGRAMMERS AND ANALYST PROGRAMMERS - MOVE INTO CONSULTANCY

Company: One of the largest and most successful computer services companies with major interests worldwide is currently looking for the professional services of its DP staff and the quality of its training courses. Offices are located throughout London, Europe and various parts of the world. Position: Programmers and Analyst/Programmers to join the rapidly expanding IBM systems development team. Work will be on client sites in London and the Home Counties covering a wide range of application areas including manufacturing, commercial, financial and government. Experience: Upwards of eighteen months IBM mainframe COBOL experience, shared within either a user or software house environment. Any applications experience in CICS, DB1 or IMS will be an advantage. The well-grounded experience and confident and communicative manner of the professional consultant is essential. Any analysis experience will be advantageous, however candidates wishing to move further into analysis are asked to apply. General: This is a genuine opportunity to earn a career into consultancy or project management within a very short timeframe, resulting in spectacular salary increases and the opportunity of working anywhere in Britain, Europe and the USA. REF TO 1508

SALES

32 BIT SUPERMINIS VERTICAL MARKETS BERKS BASE £40,000 + OTE BASE TO £20,000 BHW

Company: Recognised as a leader in both UK and international markets, this major manufacturer currently has requirements for additional high calibre Sales Executives. Position: Based in the Berkshire area, the successful candidate will be required to sell the company's products. To qualify for the position, the successful candidate will be required to have a sound technical background. In addition a knowledge of the above marketplaces and a credible mature attitude would naturally be advantageous. General: This is a genuine opportunity to sell advanced technology with a well respected and prestigious organisation. The attractive benefits package includes above average on target earnings, bonus and company pension scheme. REF TOY 1616

SALES/SALES MANAGEMENT LONDON BASE £35,000 + OTE BASE TO £14,000 CAR OF CHOICE

Company: One of the leading dealers in the UK with a worldwide turnover of £250 million, is currently undergoing a major expansion programme. To help sustain their record of success, uncontracted within the industry today, a number of vacancies are now available. Position: Based in the Berkshire area, the successful candidate will be required to sell the above business solutions to end corporate accounts in London and the Home Counties. To be successful in these positions, you will need to demonstrate a sound background in addition sales and an in-depth knowledge of the above marketplaces and a credible mature attitude would naturally be advantageous. General: This is a genuine opportunity to sell advanced technology with a well respected and prestigious organisation. The attractive benefits package includes above average on target earnings, bonus and company pension scheme. REF TOY 1650

Evening numbers until 10pm: 01-311 8444 01-937 3773

If you do not see a position that is ideally suited to you, please call as we have found suitable positions for previous candidates within 2 weeks of their contacting us. Call our sales team today, we will endeavour to find you the right job!

Returning to Britain? We are specialists in assisting British Nationals working overseas and wishing to return to the UK.

I C O N

A watchful eye on the electrical gadgets

By Robert Cooke

Minute by minute, day by day, the small computer carefully tracks all the ons and offs and the ups and downs of electric gadgets in the house.

Like Big Brother peering over one's shoulder, the device lets the local electric company know how often the hair dryer is used, how long the refrigerator runs and what the dishwasher is doing while you're watching television.

Attached to the outside of the house, the computer is the heart of a new monitoring technique devised by a team of electrical engineers at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. It is so talented that it quickly learns the "signature" - the electric power-consumption pattern - of each appliance and notes when each comes on and how long it runs.

The goal, said Professor Fred Schweppe, is to give electric-utility firms more data about their customers' power-use habits without having to go knocking on doors. "We're just trying to find out what a particular house is doing," he explained. "We just want a statistical sample."

The information is supposed to result in more efficient electricity use, lower power costs and better guesses on the need for building large power plants. On the other hand, though its purpose is essentially benign, Professor Schweppe admitted there's some potential for abuse. "One of the things we're worried about is that it will be an invasion of privacy," he said.

"It is an issue, but as long as the data is treated properly - like census data or medical records - it's fine. But anything can be abused." Development of the system was funded by the Electric Power Research Institute, a California-based research and development organization supported by the nation's electric-utility companies.

Events

MicroAPL training course - beginners July 23, intermediate September 3, advanced July 30 and other series, London (01-622 0395)

User association autonomy debate, Mayfair Hotel, Stratton Street, London W1, August 7 (01-399 5244)

Visit 86 Recruitment Fair, Intercontinental Hotel, Hyde Park, London, September 5-6 (01-840 7117)

Commodore Show, UMIST, Manchester, September 12-14 (061-456 8835)

Electron & BBC Micro Show, UMIST, Manchester, September 26-28 (061-456 8835)

Training, Kensington Town Hall, London, September 30-October 2 (01-727 1929)

IBM System User Show, Olympia 2, London, October 1-3 (01-608 1161)

Compec, Olympia, London, November 11-14 (01-821 5555)

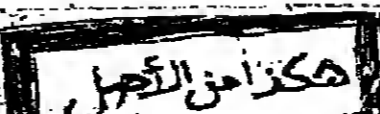
Overseas Events

Comdex Australia, RAS Showground, Sydney, September 2-5 (01-650 9740)

EuroDec 86, Intercontinental Hotel, Fontenay, Hamburg, West Germany, September 23-26 (01-403 1473)

Artificial Intelligence and Parallel Computers, Wiesbaden Penta Hotel, West Germany, September 23-

6th Floor, Empire House, 175 Piccadilly, London W1Z, 9DB Telephone: 01-409 2844, (24 hours).



COMPUTER HORIZONS/2

Legal plea on hi-tech crime

By Nicholas Soames

The rapid advances in computer technology are testing the famous robust quality of English law to its limits. There are an increasing number of areas which are causing equal concern to businesses, computer buffs and the legal profession itself, so much that they could be hindering the wider acceptance of computer development.

Among the major areas that have been singled out as needing urgent attention are privacy, copyright law, the legal implications of a host of subjects raised by electronic mail and even broader international problems such as the jurisdiction in international computer crime.

"Computer technology is like a new actor on the stage — and one who is in danger of tripping up everyone else," said Aisair Kelman, a barrister and author of two books on computers and the law. "It is quite clear that some parts of the play need to be re-written before a disaster occurs," he says. Even where parts have been re-written they can often be inadequate and out of date



by the time they appear on the statute book.

Such, argues Mr Kelman, is the case with the Data Protection Act which is to comply with the Council of Europe's recommendations. It indicates that not too much data on individuals must be kept and that data must be kept for only a reasonable length of time.

"The difficulty is that the current legislation does not say how much is too much and how long is too long," said Mr Kelman. "For instance, there is no indication how the keeping of criminal convictions on computer should interact with the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act."

The whole question of computer copyright is equally complex. One of the decisions that must be made in the 1980s is how the links that

allow one computer system to work with another should be handled. A manufacturer designing equipment to add to an existing computer system marketed by someone else may need to copy certain proprietary information. The existing system be given the power to exclude others from copying that information?

The ownership of output from computer databases can be another problem. If, for example, someone writes a medical diagnosis manual in book form and someone else uses an optical reader to load it into a computer and then uses it to write an expert system program which builds on the original material — who owns the copyright?

Mr Kelman feels strongly that there must be a balance between a justifiable return on

invention and investment and a refusal to let the law stifle creative endeavour. Practically speaking, the law faces an almost impossible task in trying to keep up with the implications of the widespread use of electronic mail.

Legislation is now being prepared to deal with the electronic transfer of funds, involving, among other things, the legal view on digital signatures. The validity of contracts made via electronic mail, for example, can sometimes be questioned.

Though parallels can be drawn with contracts made by telex, it is not exact. Electronic mail can be sent to hundreds of people at once using pre-stored lists. So what guarantees are there that what has been sent has been received, read and agreed to?

There can also be problems with the ease of computer connections in crossing national boundaries. If, for example, someone in Britain makes an unauthorized access to a foreign bank and transfers funds to a third country, where is the crime taking place? Current case law indicates that no crime would be committed in England though the position in Scotland is not so clear.

Has the executioner been given another axe?

A spotlight has focused once more on government-funded research and development in the high technology sector. The powers in Whitehall, particularly the Cabinet Office, have long been convinced that Britain is not getting value for money from the £4,000 million a year pumped into computers, electronics and other high technology research.

Last week a new advisory body was created to counsel the Cabinet Office on the "value" of pursuing certain areas of research.

The announcement, made by the chief scientific adviser to the Cabinet Office, John Fairclough, on secondment from IBM, has caused many ripples in the academic and industrial world because an axe appears about to fall on research projects, deemed to have no immediate commercial value.

The creation of the new group — to be called the Science and Technology Assessment Office — has also confused many in the computer and electronics industries. The famous Information Technology Advisory Panel (ITAP), which had its greatest political influence in 1982 when it led the fight to liberalize cable TV, was supposed to be advising the Government, through the Cabinet Office, of an overall strategy which should be adopted to ensure that Britain keeps up with its competitors.

Recently it was replaced by the Advisory Council for Applied Research and Development (AcARD). The council, the Government claimed but a few weeks ago, would play a more strategic role and advise it on the policies which should be adopted to encourage research and development in key areas and how they can best be exploited. Now government has commissioned another.

Though some in high technology industry will consider the new assessment office just another level of bureaucracy whose advice will be ignored if disliked by the Government, others consider it an indicator that government funds for research and development are about to be curtailed.

The new office would then be the primary cost-cutting vehicle.

The creation of the assessment office,



John Fairclough: An assessment committee has been created

THE WEEK

By Bill Johnstone

Technology Correspondent

was disclosed last week by John Fairclough while giving evidence to the sub-committee of the House of Lords on Science and Technology.

The statement subsequently issued by the Cabinet Office contained all the coded messages. It said: "The function of the new office will be to establish a central capability for developing evaluation methods, for gathering consistent information on, and for making analyses of, the inputs to and the outputs from government support for R & D (research and development) and for evaluating the contribution it makes to the efficiency, competitiveness and innovative capacity of the UK economy."

A remark by Mr Fairclough underlined the rough time ahead for computer and electronic researchers on government-funded programmes if they cannot convince their political masters of an immediate benefit to the UK economy.

Said Mr Fairclough: "I see this as a very important initiative, in giving the Government as a whole a much more effective way of looking at how its R & D activities relate to its economic objectives. It will naturally take some time for

the new office to find its feet and establish its working relationships within Whitehall, but I am sure that it will fairly rapidly be seen as an important addition to the machinery of government in this area."

The last phrase has made many industrialists and researchers even more fearful of impending cuts. Objective advisors to the Government, they maintain, should never be considered part of the machinery of government but divorced from it.

The assessment office is undoubtedly the first of a series of measures to change the financing and the administration of government-funded research projects. The Government, which has never been a proponent of financial assistance to industry, has been keen on cutting back R & D expenditure. It has never had a long-term industrial strategy.

Last year the annual review of the Department of Trade and Industry highlighted its unhappiness with the performance of British industry. A top department, to evaluate major scientific and high technology research projects funded by government. That spotlight would fall heavily on the projects funded through the Ministry of Defence and the Department of Education and Science.

Though measures have been taken to exploit the commercial potential of Ministry of Defence research, the Government is still clearly dissatisfied. For example, the commercial group, Defence Technology Enterprises (DTE), was created last October to exploit that research.

The Government is right to create any mechanism to ensure that research sponsored by public money in the military and academic worlds finds some application in the civil field, if possible.

The Americans and the Japanese have far more efficient ways to get the results of such research from the laboratories on to the shopfloor. The techniques used to such good effect by the Americans and the Japanese should be adopted but the Government's research review must not be an excuse to condemn high-risk projects nor should the new assessment office be created to act as its executioner.

Micronet sets market pace

The French popularized teletext services by giving receiving equipment free to consumers. Now Micronet has stepped in where British Telecom and Prestel have failed to tread. It has 10,000 modems ready to give people who subscribe for a year in advance to Micronet and Prestel.

Micronet, which describes itself as a market leader in residential-communications services, says it hopes that Prestel will follow suit. The

COMPUTER BRIEFING

modems being offered are the VTX5000, for the Sinclair Spectrum 48K, and the MOCIM 2000, for the BBC.

Ericsson Information Systems Ltd and its subsidiary, Ficat Ltd, are sponsoring a historic Chevron B19 sports car for the world's fastest

amateur motor-racing series: the 1986 Atlantic Computers Historic GT Championship. Each event can be co-sponsored, at a nominal cost, by a dealer. The B19 car, driven by racing driver Chris Aylett, will be raced at Brands Hatch, Silverstone, Oulton Park, Thruxton and Donington, including one of the British Grand Prix events.

The Chevron B19, built in 1970, raced in that year's European two-litre championship. It has since been modified and was raced throughout the 1970s. The car was completely rebuilt before the 1985 Championships and came third in its class. It is powered by a Ford Cosworth 1850cc FVC engine, which develops up to 275 bhp. The car can exceed 165mph.

The Daily and Sunday Standard, the new International English language paper, is to launch publication in Spain with a Press Computer Systems C Text network for editorial and advertising. A 12-terminal, two-file server Olivetti M24-based C Text system for editorial composition and tele-ads, together with an Apple Macintosh for advertisement make-up, is being installed by PCS and Maidstone in Kent. They will communicate via telephone

PC User show: free tickets!

All that's fit to show in PC's at Olympia, 16 to 18 July. Morse have, due to an admin error, 15,000 free tickets to dispose of. Our v. low prices for the IBM PC, XT and AT/E start at £1090 for a complete IBM PC. XT FD 10mb £1650. AT/E 20mb £2850. New IBM XT SFD, new ATX 30mb, new Proprinter XL, new 12 F-key keyboard.

MORSE COMPUTERS 78 High Holborn, London WC1V 6LS. Telephone 01-831 0644. Telex 262546.

Wright Air Conditioning advertisement with logo and contact info.

Compaq: an executive tool!

At last! The Compaq Portable II is the first computer we've seen that's quiet, small and sleek enough to go on your own desk, yet with the power (640k, 20mb) & speed (8mb/s) of an "AT". The result: after four years as a PC user I've finally got one (the Compaq) on my own desk. (Signed) J. Britten, Managing Director, Morse.

MORSE COMPUTERS 78 High Holborn, London WC1V 6LS. Telephone 01-831 0644. Telex 262546.



'I think they want me to stay until it's fixed' lines with three Apple laser writers at the company's press sites in Marbella and Madrid.

Copy, setting and page layout of the seven-day-a-week paper will be done at Marbella and transmitted to Marbella and Madrid. An additional terminal in Marbella will cater for local advertising and editorial input.

Centre-file, the computer services subsidiary of National Westminster, will provide the drinks retailers Victoria Wine with a comprehensive data-collection service to support Victoria's nationwide electronic point-of-sale system, which has an installed base of almost 1,800 terminals in 970 branches. The service will be extended this year to include collecting and processing all credit-card transactions carried out in Victoria's 900-plus shops and is the company's first use of EFT/POS (electronic funds transfer at point of sale). By the end of 1987 the number of shops involved is expected to rise to more than 1,000.

Victoria started using Centre-file's computer services in 1983. Now electronic tills in the Victoria Wine Co's shops across the country are "pooled" automatically each night by Centre-file's mainframe computers. Details of sales and stock are collected and processed centrally, and information, such as price changes, fed back to the tills.

DEC (the Digital Equipment Corporation) is to supply Ferrari's Formula 1 team with a computer-aided design and engineering package to boost performance. A VAX 8800, with four MicroVAX IIs, linked in a DECnet/Ethernet local area network will be installed in the racing team's base in Modeno, Italy, with software developed to meet the increasingly complex requirements of Formula 1 engineering.

Next time, instead of flying to America, take the satellite.

A trip to America for one little meeting may seem more time and trouble than it's worth.

That's only one reason why it pays to consider Videoconferencing.

It allows you to convene your international meetings without ever leaving the U.K.

In addition, with Videoconferencing, you can bring other people into the meeting, study charts, prototypes and models—even exchange important documents.

All on surprisingly short notice.

You simply go to the nearest public Videoconferencing room, in London or one of eight other cities.



Your American colleagues will face you live from facilities in Hilton Hotels in the U.S., located in New York, Chicago, Pittsburgh, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Miami and Washington D.C. (Additional studios are available in Boston and Des Moines).

And more than a century of telecommunications experience from AT&T works to ensure an excellent signal.

So the next time you're planning a conference in America, consider the options. We think ours may fit a little better into your schedule. Find out how easy it can be. Call 01-839 6001.



Advertisement for the 1986 PC User Show, including dates, location, and contact information.

Large vertical advertisement on the left side of the page, partially obscured and containing various text and graphics.

LEGAL APPOINTMENTS

CLIFFORD-TURNER

AIR LAW

We wish to recruit a lawyer with 2/3 years' experience in air law for our Commercial Litigation Department.

We are accordingly inviting applications from solicitors or barristers wishing to transfer, for a challenging appointment with potential for career development.

Please apply in writing with a curriculum vitae to:

G. W. Staple
Clifford-Turner,
Blackfriars House,
19, New Bridge Street,
London EC4V 6BY.

CLIFFORD-TURNER

London, Paris, Brussels, Amsterdam and Singapore
Associated firms in Riyadh, Tokyo and Madrid

Can you match these instructions?

Our brief is to identify two young qualified solicitors or barristers. Additionally, we would also welcome applications from those anticipating admission later this year.

On appointment, you would join a small team in a major division of one of Britain's most prestigious financial institutions in the exciting and highly competitive field of pensions, employee benefits and consultancy services. You will advise on legislation, new and impending that may affect our Client's business, pensions, social security and trusts; as well as completing agreements, dealing with general commercial matters and liaising closely with clients and their solicitors. Related experience, in particular pension and/or trust law, would be useful but is not essential.

Both positions are based at Croydon. They carry salaries ranging from £11,000-£17,000 per annum depending on experience, plus a first class range of benefits including a mortgage subsidy, profit sharing scheme, BUPA and a non-contributory pension scheme.

In the first instance, telephone or write in complete confidence, quoting reference 667/T2/JA, for an application form or send a comprehensive CV to:
Juniper Wolf Consulting Partners,
22 New Concordia Wharf,
Mill Street, London SE1 2BB.
Tel: 01-231 7127.



SEARCH & SELECTION - RECRUITMENT ADVERTISING

Employment Law

This is an opportunity for newly qualified or experienced lawyers to develop their expertise in challenging, non contentions and commercially orientated employment work.

The working environment is progressive, the professional rewards are good and the salary and benefits are very attractive.

Please apply with full C.V. to:

Mrs Alizoun Dickinson,
Linklaters & Paines,
Barrington House,
59/67 Gresham Street,
London EC2V 7JA.

LINKLATERS & PAINES

GRANGEWOODS

We are a medium size (19 partner) firm which was created in 1975. At that time the firm comprised 3 partners and had a total complement of 15. The practice has virtually doubled in size every 3/4 years and today employs a total of 120 staff.

Much of the work of the practice is City orientated and we expect and intend the growth of the firm to be maintained in the wake of the "Big Bang".

In an increasingly competitive and challenging legal and business environment we are committed to a policy of expansion by the provision and maintenance of the highest standards of responsiveness and professional and business skills. We shall be looking to those we recruit to be capable of rapidly joining with the existing partners in implementing this policy.

We are accordingly seeking to recruit assistant solicitors with a capacity for sustained hard work having between them 1 to 3 years relevant experience and with a good academic background in the following departments:

Company/Commercial: Applicants should have experience in one or more of the following fields: Public Company work including flotations; company acquisitions and asset sales; commercial lending; investment and commercial banking; corporate taxation.

Commercial Property: Applicants should have experience in one or more of the following fields: Property finance; commercial and residential development; institutional investment; property leasing; joint ventures.

Litigation: Applicants should have experience in one or more of the following fields: Construction and building litigation and arbitration; landlord and tenant (residential and commercial).

The working environment is friendly and supportive and we shall pay the salaries that are required to enable us to recruit individuals of the highest calibre. Prospects for the right candidates are excellent.

Applications should be sent to Michael Fielding, our Senior Partner at:
1 Harley Street,
London W1A 4DG

WILLIAMS & JAMES GRAY'S INN

COMPANY/ COMMERCIAL SOLICITOR EXCELLENT PROSPECTS

We are seeking a solicitor to join our small but expanding department. The successful applicant will probably have had 2/5 years broad relevant experience of company/commercial work since admission, and will be able and willing to:-

- * undertake a variety of company and commercial matters, however large or small, including some plc work, joint ventures, private company formations, takeovers, contracts, service agreements, conditions of sale and the like

- * draft documents to a high standard even when under pressure

- * work responsibly with little or no supervision and sometimes for long hours, and will enjoy direct contact with clients at all levels

We offer an attractive remuneration package and career opportunities in a medium sized firm, including genuine partnership prospects for a candidate with ability, ambition and a personality to relate well with colleagues and clients.

Please apply in confidence with cv to John South, Williams & James, 3 South Square, Gray's Inn, London WC1R 5HZ.

ASSISTANT COMPANY SECRETARY (Legal)

An attractive opportunity for a barrister or solicitor (preferably 25-35) with some commercial or industrial experience exists at the head office of a substantial British construction group based in the Midlands.

The position calls for broad involvement in a wide range of legal affairs in the group's activities in the U.K. and overseas. Particular knowledge of contract law would be a major advantage.

The appointment offers an ideal opportunity to develop a career in commerce and industry in a vigorous and varied medium sized group. Salary is negotiable, according to age and experience and in addition there is a company car and the usual benefits expected of a major group.

Please write with full career details to:

Vince Lyddieth

PERSONNEL
SELECTION

Personnel Selection Limited, 46 Drury Lane, Solihull, West Midlands B91 3BJ
Telephone: 021-705 7399

COMPANY COMMERCIAL to £23K
Venture capital/joint venture workload for able and ambitious solicitor of up to 3 years PQE at leading City practice

ANTI-TRUST to £23K
City practice wishes to recruit experienced Anti-Trust Lawyer of up to 5 years PQE for highest quality caseload

EMPLOYMENT LAW to £22K
Opportunity for calibre Employment Lawyer of up to 3 years PQE at eminent City practice.

PRIVATE CLIENT to £18K
Rewarding caseload with leading City practice for able lawyer possessing private client experience. Good experience.

Law Personnel
Self-nominated to the legal profession network
88 Aldwych, London WC2E 6AF, Tel. 01-242 1281

ANDOVER, HAMPSHIRE

Well established partnership seeks Conversancy Legal Executive with at least two years experience. Excellent prospects. Non-contributory pension scheme. Best recently qualified person looking for a busy office.
Contact:
Christopher Robathan
Talbot, Davies & Cooper
16 Bridge Street
Andover SP10 1BJ

LITIGATION SOLICITOR

required for busy general practice in Taunton. Emphasis on criminal advocacy. Two years post qualification experience preferable. Salary negotiable. Partnership prospects.

For further details please contact Julia Clegg, Broomhead & Saul, 3 Hammet Street, Taunton. TA1 1RB

HEMPSONS

YOUNG LITIGATION LAWYERS

Hempsons wish to recruit solicitors for their litigation department specializing in medical, other professional, and institutional work.

Applications are invited from people who have just completed articles or who have been admitted within the last 3 years. The successful applicants will work closely with Partners on a wide variety of cases.

There are competitive salaries and good prospects for the applicants appointed to these posts who will have the chance to work in a busy and good humoured atmosphere.

Applications, with a full curriculum vitae, should be sent to:

N J C Gild
HEMPSONS
33 Henrietta Street, Strand
London WC2E 8NH.
01-836 0011

Stephenson Harwood

We have excellent opportunities and good long-term prospects for able young solicitors with personality who are prepared to use their initiative and take responsibility. We are looking for solicitors with preferably at least 2 years relevant experience after qualification in the following areas:

CORPORATE AND GENERAL COMMERCIAL

We are involved in a wide and often unusual variety of work for listed and other corporate clients, often with an international flavour. You may also have the opportunity to work in our associated Hong Kong firm, Stephenson Harwood & Lo.

TAX

We handle a wide range of corporate and other tax work with the emphasis on tax planning.

EMPLOYMENT

The work, both contentious and non-contentious, covers the broad range of employment problems associated with active corporate clients.

Please write in confidence with a full curriculum vitae to:

John Jeffrey,
Stephenson Harwood,
Saddlers' Hall, Gutter Lane, Cheapside,
London EC2V 6BS.

Construction Law

We wish to recruit additional lawyers to join our expanding department specialising in all aspects of construction law.

The successful applicants will

- * conduct substantial litigation in the High Court and in Arbitration
- * negotiate and draft contractual documentation relating to major civil engineering and building projects
- * have a sound knowledge of and at least two years' experience in construction law
- * act for a wide range of clients on work with a significant international element
- * join a firm in which personal development is positively encouraged and success is rewarded accordingly.

As a first step write to John Goble, our Senior Partner

Herbert Smith

WATLING HOUSE, 35 CANNON STREET, LONDON EC4M 5SD.
OVERSEAS OFFICES: NEW YORK, HONG KONG, PARIS.

ANTHONY KING & CO SOLICITORS

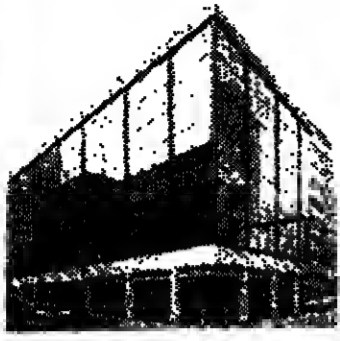
Require young Solicitor for Advocacy in Essex. Salary c£12,000 for right applicant with necessary energy.

Tel. A.B. King
BILLERICAY 58085

هكذا من الاجل

LEGAL APPOINTMENTS

Braby & Waller



Braby & Waller

Cadric House
89 East Harding Street
London EC4A 3DS
Telephone: 01-583 8511

Exciting Future in Property

Braby & Waller act for substantial institutions with large and diverse property investments. The increasing level of instructions provide an unusual opportunity for accelerated advancement for a young commercial conveyancer of vigour and real competence. The practice has excellent offices, built to their order, and good back-up services. The total remuneration package will reflect the firm's progressive outlook.

Reuter Simkin are instructed to produce a shortlist, but applications may be sent to S.H.K. Williams at Braby & Waller if preferred. Please quote ref. AD0225 when applying. Reuter Simkin, 26-28 Bedford Row, London WC1R 4BE, telephone 01-405 6662.

REUTER SIMKIN
LONDON • LEEDS • WINCHESTER
RECRUITMENT & MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

ASA LAW Locums

We urgently need locum solicitors & legal execs for conveyancing & litigation assignments in London & the South. All fees negotiable.

01-248-1139

ASA LAW
LOCUM SPECIALISTS
47 Ludgate St. Ludgate Hill
LONDON EC4A 7AS

YOUNG SOLICITOR

Birmingham Firm of Solicitors requires an energetic and enthusiastic young Solicitor with an appetite for work to assist with Conveyancing and Probate work and also with good experience of Litigation. Friendly office in City Centre with good remuneration and Partnership prospects for the right person.

Apply in writing with CV to BOX 879.

YOUNG NON-CONTINGENT SOLICITOR. 85 St. Andrews Place, 2116 Dorset, Marylebone. Ref: 01-248-1139

CLYDE & Co.

Articled Clerks - Tired of Photocopying?

Your articles end in September - it's time to think about what you want to do next. If you feel your present firm can't offer you an attractive future, come and talk to us. Clyde & Co. is a medium-sized specialist commercial firm, whose clients include a wide range of foreign and UK companies engaged in shipping, insurance and trade. The work is mainly litigious. Many cases are conducted abroad; there will be opportunities for foreign travel, and to work in our Hong Kong office. We offer you stimulating work in a friendly office, with a competitive salary and exceptionally good prospects. If you are about to qualify, or have recently done so, with a good academic record and a sense of humour, telephone our Consultant Mrs Indira Brown with details of your background, Corporate Resourcing Group, 6 Westminster Palace Gardens, Artillery Row, London SW1P 1RL, quoting reference 2144. Telephone 01-222 5555, or, if you prefer, at home between 8 p.m. and 9 p.m. 01-480 6666.

McKenna & Co

COMPANY/ COMMERCIAL

We are looking for Solicitors for our Company/Commercial Department.

The work of the Department is varied and demanding. It includes public company work, stock exchange transactions including circulars, admissions to listing and the USM, private company acquisitions and disposals, securities issues, banking and general financial and corporate advice.

You should have a good academic record, have been qualified for at least twelve months and have gained some relevant experience.

The position offers a challenging opportunity and the prospects for successful candidates are excellent. A highly competitive salary and benefits are offered.

If you would like to know more about the opportunities which are available in this Department, please apply with full curriculum vitae, to R. H. Malthouse.

CORPORATE TAX

We are also seeking additional tax specialists for our Corporate Tax Department. The work involves advising on those areas of the firm's activities involving corporate aspects of a domestic and international nature.

Opportunities exist for those wishing to progress their careers in corporate tax and applications are welcome from solicitors with between 6 months' and 4 years' tax experience.

If you are interested would you please apply with full curriculum vitae, to B. A. R. Concanon.

PRIVATE CLIENTS DEPARTMENT

An able Solicitor with 2-3 years' experience is required for wide range of private client tax planning work. Sound knowledge of trusts and capital taxation including international aspects is desirable together with drafting experience.

Please apply with full curriculum vitae to: P. H. Lawson.

McKENNA & CO
Inveresk House, 1 Aldwych, London
WC2R 0HF.

TIRED OF THE CITY?

There are a number of successful firms in Westminster as well. We believe that we are one of them.

We also need more young Solicitors to work with us.

If you are about to qualify, or have done so within the last two years, and wish to specialise, in one of these fields:

commercial property, contentious property work, litigation or domestic conveyancing please write with your curriculum vitae to our Staff Partner, Ian McCulloch at

1 DEAN FARRAR STREET, WESTMINSTER SW1,

or telephone him on

01-222 8044.

BIRCHAM & CO

BANK LEGAL ADVISER

The Legal Department of a major clearing bank, based in the City of London and with responsibility for the legal affairs of the Bank throughout the world, wishes to recruit a new lawyer.

He/she could be a solicitor with some 3-6 years of experience with a top city firm, a barrister with the same years to practice at the Chancery Bar, or an employed barrister or solicitor with experience of banking and/or company law work and proven ability of a high order. Age will not be a determining factor but it is likely that the successful applicant would be 26-30 and would have a good university degree of not less than 2:1 or equivalent. He/she will have flair, drive and determination, as well as professional ability and the ambition to succeed in a bank where ability in the Legal Department is rewarded with high position up to general management level. The Legal Department is small and friendly and the work is varied and important.

The starting salary will depend on age and experience. It is anticipated however that it will not be less than £20,000 p.a. with the benefits usually associated with a position in banking management, including a profit sharing scheme.

Applications, in the strictest confidence, should be sent with c.v. to Box No. B53.

Devon Magistrates' Courts Committee Appointment of Justices' Clerk for Exeter

The vacancy will arise on 1st August next and the Committee wish to appoint a person with a relevant experience for a University and Cathedral City is also the capital of Devon, and enjoys superb facilities for work and leisure.

The Committee have already advertised a conventional appointment. They would, however, welcome applicants who see this post as a stimulating and rewarding episode in a career and would, therefore, enter into a contract for 5 years to be negotiated in the context of a conventional salary up to £20,000.

Anyone interested should write to me before the 21st July with the relevant particulars.

D D Macklin
Clerk to the Magistrates'
Courts Committee

County Hall Exeter EX2 4QD

Telephone
Exeter
272296

DEVON



Town Clerk's Service SENIOR ASSISTANT SOLICITOR

c. £15,400 - c. £16,400 inc. and pay award pending

This post is within the Town Planning, Contracts and Social Section of our Legal Department and will enable an experienced Solicitor, with an interest in and knowledge of Social Services law to gain a wide experience in a busy team.

The major responsibility will be the provision of advice together with advocacy in the Juvenile Court in care and related proceedings. Committee attendance will be available according to experience.

SENIOR LAW CLERK

c. £10,300 - c. £12,000 inc. and pay award pending

This vacancy is also within the Town Planning, Contracts and Social Services section and will provide an ideal opportunity for someone wishing to further their career in Local Government legal work in one of these areas.

The main duties will involve the provision of advice on planning matters together with the preparation of statutory notices under the Planning Acts. An ability to prepare complex contracts would be an advantage.

You should be at least Associate of Institute of Legal Executives and have a minimum of three years relevant experience.

Application forms quoting Ref T298 from the Personnel Service, The Town Hall, Horton Street, London, W6 7HX. Tel: 01-837 8582 (24 hour answering service)

Closing date for applications 25th July 1986



CONVEYANCING LONDON W1

0-2 years admitted conveyancing/non contentious all rounder sought by Eight Partner Practice.

Tel. No. 01-439 3111

Ref RG

INTL. REINSURANCE CO. GROUP AGM CLAIMS (DESIGNATE)

40+ SAL £25 - £30,000 + BENEFITS

This is a new Management position in a respected Professional RI Co. writing a World Wide, mainly Non Marine Account - Long and Short Tail.

As claims increase in complexity, size and tail a very Senior Claims Executive with a Legal Qualification is required to co-ordinate and oversee the Group's Claims function in UK and Overseas, from a London office.

Senior Claims Management experience in International Direct and Treaty N.M. Claims settling, including current problems - Toxic Tort (ie Asbestosis, environmental pollution etc) is a necessity. Ability in both Company and Man Management is required and European Languages would be an asset.

The benefits include Subsidised Mortgage, Non Contrib. Pension, Profit Share and Car.

All applications will be treated in the strictest confidence.

Apply: A.P. Moore ACII,
Managing Director
- 01-451-1506
Moore & Weeks Ltd.,
(Rec Cons)
52/57, Mark Lane,
London EC3

CONVEYANCER

OWEN WHITE, a large, progressive and expanding firm with 7 offices west of London, seeks an admitted or unadmitted Conveyancer at the Feltham Office capable of handling a large volume of residential conveyancing assisted by newly installed second generation computerised word processing function.

An attractive remuneration package will be offered including salary, quality car, running expenses and pension, unlikely to be worth less than £15,000.

Please apply: N Barnard Esq., Gavel House, 90 St High Street, Feltham, Middlesex, TW13 4ES. Tel: 01-890 2836

CAMBRIDGESHIRE CONSTABULARY

Force Headquarters,
Hitchingbrooke Park,
Huntingdon.

SOLICITOR TO THE
CHIEF CONSTABLE

Salary: £15,111-£16,194

Applications are invited from Solicitors and Barristers with recent experience of litigation and at least ten years general experience for the post of Solicitor to the Chief Constable.

This new post arises as a result of the setting up of the Crown Prosecution Service.

The successful applicant will be required to advise upon the legal and constitutional powers and duties of the Chief Constable and upon the civil and criminal law. In addition civil and criminal litigation involving the Chief Constable and members of the Force will be undertaken.

An application form and job description may be obtained from the Chief Superintendent, Administration, Force Headquarters, Hitchingbrooke Park, Huntingdon, PE18 8NP.

Closing date for receipt of completed application forms: 4th August.

EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYER

YOUNG SOLICITOR

over £20,000 + car

City Solicitor with 2 years experience for senior position with international company to handle corporate and commercial work.

We have been recruiting lawyers for industry, commerce and finance since 1973 and have placed lawyers with major British and international companies. We also recruit for firms of solicitors in London and throughout the country.

All our consultants are qualified lawyers with many years' experience in recruitment.

74 Long Lane, London EC1 Tel: 01-606 9371

CHAMBERS & PARTNERS

LITIGATION - HOLBORN

Solicitor qualified 2/3 years required for busy expanding Litigation Department with progressive firm in Holborn. Wide variety of work with emphasis on general commercial matters and reducing workload of matrimonial. Successful applicant should be enthusiastic and versatile with relevant experience. This is a responsible and challenging position with career prospects for the right person. Salary according to experience.

Brooks Blair Russell, Hampden House,
84 Kingsway, London WC2B 6AE.
Tel. No. 01-431 2881

Applicants with C.V. to A. Spencer at the above address.

LEGAL LA CREME

LEGAL FLOATEES to £11,500. Large City Firm need legal floatees to join their business team. Must be enthusiastic and versatile with relevant experience. MARY GRAYES (Ref Cons)

CHANCERY LAW LEGAL SECRETARIES. Terms £6,300 p.a. with overtime up to £10,000. Maiden St. London W1 01-493 0048.

STRICTLY NO AGENCIES.

COMPUTER APPOINTMENTS

Test Valley Borough Council

Information Technology Manager

c. £16,000 p.a. plus car - Andover

The Challenge: Take Test Valley Borough Council into the 1990's with our ICL ME22 growing to Series 39 with DRS network.

The Job: Manager of your own section and top management status for 5 years head term.

The Benefits: Salary up to £17,202 plus a performance bonus of up to £1000 p.a.

Car provided plus official mileage. Relocation package worth up to £3000. Free Group Life Assurance.

Andover is in the scenic and historic Test Valley covering 157,000 acres of western Hampshire, and with excellent road and motorway communications.

Ring us: Peter Giddings or Mike Hurlbert on Andover (0254) 64144 for further details, or for the application form, Personnel Department, Council Offices, Duttons Road, Romsey, Hants. Telephone Romsey (0794) 61617 Ext. 533. Quote ref. 200. To be returned by Thursday 9th July 1986. Interviews will be held on 11th/12th August, 1986.

ABOUT TO QUALIFY?

Recent instructions have been taken from our leading client practices who seek able and ambitious young solicitors, to ensure their continued excellent reputation and growth. Of especial interest are those applicants who wish to develop demanding and rewarding careers in the following fields:-

COMPANY/COMMERCIAL
COMMERCIAL CONVEYANCING

For apt and proven advice on both the above and litigious posts, contact:-

Law Personnel

Staff specializing in finding professional work for you. 11 Newby, London W2. Tel: 01-242 2861

TAX PLANNING & Trust Specialist. At least 10 years' experience. Barrister or Accredited Chartered Accountant. 0938 25183

TAX/TRUST/PROBATE. WCI progress service. Solicitor with 10-15 years' experience. Tel: 01-583 0056

DECCA

LITIGATION SPECIALIST. Crown Court with Matrimonial. Barrister or Accredited Chartered Accountant. 0938 25183

LITIGATION EXECUTIVE. Hampshire Town firm. Some high court work. £11K. Ref: 01-583 0056

LITIGATION EXECUTIVE. Crown Court with Matrimonial. Barrister or Accredited Chartered Accountant. 0938 25183

NEWLY ADMITTED. EOP Practice. Mixed conveyancing & probate. Ref: 01-583 0056

DESPERATELY YOUNG Assistant Solicitor. Matrimonial & Non contentious. Mary Male Accredited. Permanent. 0938 25183

RECENTLY ADMITTED. All Rounder branch office with £10K. Mary Male. Accredited Permanent. 0938 25183

CONVEYANCER for Crown Court. 38 to £12.5K. Westwood Consultants. 0938 25183

SOUTH BUCKS PROBATE. £20,000. 10 years' experience. Ref: 01-583 0056

LEGAL EXECUTIVE with Company Secretarial background. Central London £10K. Mary Male Accredited Permanent. 0938 25183

LEGAL EXECUTIVE. All-Rounder. Some £10K. Mary Male Accredited Permanent. 0938 25183

حکومت النجف

for a giant of golf
steros is
course
our peak

1986 record in Europe

1986. The year of
golf's revival

Mitchell Pe
OTOR RALSTON

Alen stop
short
of disast

Passion's lead
on Barracuda

Paul Martin reflects on the 'almosts'

Game, set but no match for the Wimbledon losers

As at Rome's Colosseum, Wimbledon's centre court sits like those of its gladiators who survive and conquer in their final encounters. A few All-England finalists return, hardened by past battles, and emerge triumphant. Most, though, receive an ignominious 'down and out' and are doomed to oblivion in tennis history.

Ivan Lendl is so good a player that it is hard to imagine that he will not hold up that golden trophy one day, as Boris Becker does twice. Yet if he never does, Lendl may at least take some comfort from the list of tennis thoroughbreds who have also stumbled at the final hurdle, sometimes more than once.

Rosenwall lost four finals spanning 20 years. Baron von Cramm lost three in succession, as did Fred Stolle. All losers in Wimbledon's last round bear the mental scars; none can banish the memory of their loneliness as they twiddled down, waiting to receive the words of commendation from the royal party, like extras obliged to play a role they would have spurned just hours before.

Bitterness abides for Ralston

"Photographers just rushed past me, they showed me aside and trampled all over my bags and rackets," Dennis Ralston says. He was beaten 6-4, 11-9, 6-4 in 1966 by Manuel Santana. "I was furious but impotent; it was the worst moment in my life." In retrospect, he bitterly regrets his self-satisfaction at reaching the final and lack of real determination to win it at all costs.

For Ralston, as for so many others, a reversal of that one match's result would have changed his standing in the game. Now Chris Lloyd's coach, a television commentator and a college tennis instructor, he is unrecognized by Wimbledon's hierarchy to this day. He has never been inside the members' enclosure at Wimbledon (though he could have gone to last Thursday's reception with the newly formed Last Eight Club). Yet the winners have all been accepted honorarily into the ranks of the Club's holy of holies.

Ken Rosewall, in 1971, became unlikely exception. Kurt Nielsen has followed. The Dane reached two finals, in 1953 and 1955, but, like Lendl, did not come close to winning. A Wimbledon title then, might have produced a Danish tennis explosion on a Borg-like Swedish scale.

Who knows? Nielsen strikes me as a rather sad figure these days, having retired two years ago as a Grand Prix supervisor, probably because he was just too late to tame the likes of John McEnroe. Like Ralston, he has been more successful, according to Rosewall, had he bothered to become fitter, Australian style.

Some players kept on trying in vain. Rosewall came so close in 1954 and 1956, had a tough freestyle against John Newcombe in the 1970 final, and the age of 37 in '82, but he never managed to 'beat himself' by getting through again, only to be devastated by Connors.

Another Australian, Fred Stolle, was nurturing his prodigy, Mary-Jo Fernandez, aged 14, at Wimbledon this year. Stolle lost his first final in 1963 to Chuck McKinley (now ill with a brain tumour and inducted this week into the Tennis Hall of Fame). Stolle beat McKinley the following year, but in the final ran into his nemesis, Roy Emerson (6-4, 12-



Finalists who lost and faded (clockwise from above left): Chris Lewis, Dennis Ralston, Fred Stolle and Ken Rosewall



YACHTING
CRICKET
TODAY'S FIXTURES

Balding's Forest Flower can bloom again for Cherry Hinton Stakes

By Mandarin (Michael Phillips)

Forest Flower, that impressive winner of the Queen Mary Stakes at Royal Ascot last month, is a confident selection to give her trainer, Ian Balding, his second taste of success in as many years in the Pritchard Services Cherry Hinton Stakes at Newmarket today.

Twelve months ago Balding used Bruce Raymond's services for Storm Star. Now the Kingscote trainer has had to turn to a different jockey because Pat Eddery, his preferred choice, is expected to be at Chesham to ride for Jeremy Tree, whose owners have first claim on his services in this country.

Balding would probably have opted, in Eddery's absence, for Steve Cauthen, who rode Forest Flower when she won her first time out at Newbury. But today Cauthen must be on Twyla for Henry Cecil.

So Tony Ives has come in for this lovely spare ride and in the absence of the other two I can think of no one I would want more to be on my horse because he is currently riding supremely well.

My own confidence in Forest Flower is embedded in the memory of that facile victory at Ascot where she was always pulling double over her rivals. She has the beating of D'Azay on that form and I remain convinced that she will be able to outpace Twyla, having watched Twyla in action at Haydock and Newmarket.

Like Forest Flower, Minstrella was also victorious at Royal Ascot. Her victory was achieved against colts in the Chesham Stakes run over today's distance. In my opinion Forest Flower's was the better performance and she is napped to remain unbeaten.

The Princess of Wales' Stakes was won by Petoski 12

Course specialists

NEWMARKET
TRAINERS: J. Cecil 50 winners from 288 races, 27.1%; M. Stott 11 from 288, 15.9%; J. Suggs 14 from 106, 13.2%; J. P. Morrison 79 winners from 505 rides, 14.7%; T. Williams, 46 from 342, 13.2%; T. Williams, 11 from 84, 11.7%.

CHEPSTOW
TRAINERS: H. Thomson, 10 from 47, 21.2%; M. Prescott, 10 from 34, 29.4%; P. Williams, 10 from 22, 22.7%; J. Ockler, 11 winners from 55 rides, 20%; A. Murray, 7 from 37, 18.9%; P. Eddery, 11 from 52, 15.9%.

even though he managed only a third place behind Saint Estephe and Trippich, beaten a total of three lengths.

A strict interpretation of that form gives Shardt, who was only half a length behind in fourth place, an excellent chance of beating Petoski now that he will be meeting him on 5lb better terms. But I believe Petoski may well have improved sufficiently in the meantime to counter that.

Tremblant, another who was successful on the corresponding day last year, will be in the thick of the fray once again. His quest this time is a second triumph in the Ladbroke Bunbury Cup.

My feeling is that he will do well if he beats the recent Royal Hunt Cup winner, Patriarch, even on 10lb better

NEWMARKET C4

- Televised: 2.35, 3.5, 3.35, 4.10
- Going: good
Draw: no advantage
- 2.0 JO STAVART MAIDEN STAKES (2-Y-O; £4,383; 7f) (10 runners)
- 101 ALASKAN (Dowager Lady Beaverbrook) C British 9-0 W R Sweeney 0
102 BROTHER PATRICK (A Ladbroke) P British 9-0 R Coombs 3
103 CHECKPOINT (R Richards) C British 9-0 C Coombs 3
104 CHECKPOINT (R Richards) C British 9-0 C Coombs 3
105 MASTER KNOWALL (Premier Resources Owners) C Thom 9-0 M L. Thomas 4
106 NORDAVANG (USA) (A Balzano) M Jarvis 9-0 T Jones 7
107 000228 NORTHEN CHIEFS (Mrs J. Shing) M Ryan 4-8-10 P Robinson 15
108 000000 QUILTAIN FLITER (G. Quaker Engineering) K Stone 4-8-10 T. Jones 7
109 000000 VOLKS RITA (J. Donnell) C Lott 4-8-10 P Robinson 15
110 000000 OCTOBER (USA) (C. Wacker) H. R. Armstrong 4-8-7 W. Carson 2
111 000000 DEBIEUX (USA) (C. Wacker) H. R. Armstrong 4-8-7 W. Carson 2
112 000000 HANER FRI (A. C. Ryan) 4-8-7 W. Carson 2
113 000000 STEADY EDGIE (In Sibony) M. Mitchell 4-8-7 G. Carter 3
114 000000 EASY DAY (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
115 200000 VIRGIN ISLE (C. Wacker) H. R. Armstrong 4-8-7 W. Carson 2
116 114 Patriarch, 5-1 Verdant Boy, 8-1 Elm Froot, 8-1 Tremblant, 10-1 Habor, Knight's Secret, 12-1 Easy Day, 10-1 M. Crank, 14-1 P. Sweeney, Virgin Isle, 20-1 others.

Newmarket selections

- 2.0 Santella Sam. 2.35 Pagan Rita. 3.5 FOREST FLOWER (nap). 3.35 Patriarch. 4.10 Petoski. 4.45 Orient.
- By Our Newmarket Correspondent
- 2.0 Santella Sam. 2.35 Pagan Rita. 3.5 Twyla. 3.35 Virgin Isle. 4.10 Shardt. 4.45 Chummy's Pet.
- By Michael Seely
- 3.5 Forest Flower. 3.35 Virgin Isle. 4.45 ORIENT (nap).

2.35 FAIRVIEW HOMES STAKES (2-Y-O; £7,544; 5f) (5)

- 205 000000 PARIS GUEST (A. Coombs) Pat Mitchell 9-0 J. Reid 3
206 22712 SHINGING STEVEN (D. S. Bennett) R. Harrison 9-0 W. Carson 2
207 12388 B. B. (A. Coombs) Pat Mitchell 9-0 J. Reid 3
208 22 MISS (USA) (A. Coombs) Pat Mitchell 9-0 J. Reid 3
209 000000 PALLADIUM (G. Quaker Engineering) K. Stone 4-8-10 T. Jones 7
210 000000 STAY LOW (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
15-8 Singing Steven, 9-2 Miss, 5-1 Pagan Rita, 8-1 Chasing Moonbeams, 12-1 Rogney King, 2-1 Paris Guest.

3.5 PRITCHARD SERVICES CHERRY HINTON STAKES (Group II; 2-Y-O fillies; £25,778; 10f) (10)

- 301 11 FOREST FLOWER (P. Mellow) B. Balding 9-0 J. Ives 1
302 115234 STAY LOW (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
303 1110 ALASKA (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
304 000000 MINSTRELLA (USA) (E. Evans) C. Nelson 4-8-10 P. Robinson 15
305 28521 BILLY TAMBO (D. Sweeney) D. Loring 8-9 W. Carson 2
306 24 000000 THE TRIP (G. Quaker Engineering) K. Stone 4-8-10 T. Jones 7
307 000000 DAZZY (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
308 115 MARGARITA (Rosenfeld) L. P. O'Connell 9-0 W. Carson 2
309 115 Forest Flower, 3-1 Twyla, 4-1 Minstrella, 8-1 Oriant, 12-1 Candice in the Wind, 20-1 others.

4.45 HINTON HANDICAP (3-Y-O; £5,808; 6f) (8)

- 601 30 00224 LUNA BO (C. D. Hall) M. Stott 9-0 J. Suggs 14
602 000000 BROTHER PATRICK (A. Ladbroke) P. British 9-0 R. Coombs 3
603 000000 SHARPTEYE (USA) (A. F. Ryan) M. Stott 9-0 J. Suggs 14
604 000000 ORIENT (USA) (A. F. Ryan) M. Stott 9-0 J. Suggs 14
605 000000 BROTHER PATRICK (A. Ladbroke) P. British 9-0 R. Coombs 3
606 000000 BROTHER PATRICK (A. Ladbroke) P. British 9-0 R. Coombs 3
607 000000 BROTHER PATRICK (A. Ladbroke) P. British 9-0 R. Coombs 3
608 000000 BROTHER PATRICK (A. Ladbroke) P. British 9-0 R. Coombs 3
13-4 Orient, 7-2 Luna Bo, 9-2 Chummy's Pet, 6-1 Queen Trader, 8-1 Myra's Special, 12-1 Starpeto, 16-1 others.

Kyverdale makes up for listless display

Kyverdale quickly atoned for her listless showing at Haydock Park on Saturday, when she was a well-beaten fifth behind Pezang Beauty, by winning the Wragby Maiden Filly Stakes at Pontefract yesterday by a neck from another Newmarket challenger, Homing In.

Close on the heels of Polly's Song as the favourite headed the field into the short straight, Kyverdale struck the front at the furlong marker, and had to be kept about her business by Philip Robinson to just hold off Homing In. The pair crossed the line a length and a half ahead of That Certain Smile.

Mick Ryan, who trains Kyverdale for a syndicate, was not present, but his assistant, Jason Banks, found it difficult to explain why the chestnut had run so much better this time. "She was looking around her in the paddock at Haydock as though she had never been to a racecourse before, and was altogether listless."

"Kyverdale took nothing out of herself at Haydock, and an hour and a half after the race I rang Mr Ryan and we decided that I should bring her straight on to Pontefract," she said.

Boot Polish put up a devastating performance in the Lin Pac Sprint Handicap and now goes for the £15,000 Totep Bookmakers Trophy Handicap at Ayr a fortnight on Saturday.

Joel's dispersal sale

Jim Joel, one of the leading racehorse owners for many years, is selling all his mares and three-year-old fillies in training at the Newmarket December Sales later this year.

The 91-year-old owner has made this decision because of failing eyesight and as a result is unable to work on the pedigrees or supervise the training of his Chelchick Bury Stud, near St Albans. Ned Murphy, his stud groom, is also retiring, and Mr Joel feels it would be difficult to find a replacement.

Mr Joel's breeding stock is

CHEPSTOW

- Going: firm
Draw: high numbers best
- 2.15 EBF MAPLE STAKES (2-Y-O; £834; 5f) (5 runners)
- 1 321 ABSOLUTION (C. Wacker) C. Wacker 9-0 S. Williams 3
2 3 ANYWAY (R. E. A. Clark) P. Butler 8-8 R. Hills 2
3 MENDIP STAR (Mrs D. Davies) R. Hillier 8-11 G. Duffield 7
4 36 NICE KISS (A. J. C. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 S. Dawson 11
5 6 FRIES OUT (J. Clark) P. Butler 8-8 A. Proud 4
4-5 Absolution, 5-2 Anyway, 11-2 Mendip Star, 25-1 Fries Out.

Chepstow selections

- 2.15 Anyway. 2.45 Eastern Command. 3.15 Bootle Jack. 3.45 Esdale. 4.15 Ardcrussart. 4.45 Talk Of Glory. 5.15 Summer Garden.
- By Our Newmarket Correspondent
- 2.45 Kangaroo. 3.45 Al Kaahir. 4.45 Samhaan. 5.15 Poussez.

2.45 FLEUR DE LYS MAIDEN FILLES STAKES (Div II; 3-Y-O; £1,275; 7f) (14)

- 104 000000 AUSTINA (P. Purchase) D. Haydn Jones 8-11 D. Williams 7
105 000000 BABY TANGENT (P. Purchase) D. Haydn Jones 8-11 D. Williams 7
106 000000 DOUBLE TANGENT (P. Purchase) D. Haydn Jones 8-11 D. Williams 7
107 34 EASTERN COMMAND (USA) (Brook Bloodstock) P. J. Dunlop J. G. Baxter 0
108 000000 FRYVOLVE (G. Chappell) P. Cole 8-11 G. Duffield 7
109 02004 GLANGWYLL (G. Jones) H. Carter 8-11 G. Duffield 7
110 000000 LUCKY STAR (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
111 000000 HOT TWIST (P. Purchase) D. Haydn Jones 8-11 D. Williams 7
112 000000 KANGAROO (P. Purchase) D. Haydn Jones 8-11 D. Williams 7
113 022000 MERRITT VENTURE (Newmarket Bloodstock) P. J. Dunlop J. G. Baxter 0
114 000000 NATHAN (Therwood) L. P. O'Connell 9-0 W. Carson 2
115 000000 PETERBY (Therwood) L. P. O'Connell 9-0 W. Carson 2
116 000000 RAFFLES VIRGINIA (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
117 000000 Raffles Virginia, 9-2 Nattie, 5-1 Glenwilly, 6-1 Poirty, 8-1 Fryvolve, Eastern Command, 10-1 Kangaroo, 12-1 Hot Twist, 16-1 others.

3.15 AVON HANDICAP (£1,371; 6f) (17)

- 1 001000 NORY GULL (USA) (Sheikh Mohammed) J. Dunlop 9-9-10 P. Eddery 9
2 040000 CONCERT PITCH (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
3 000000 LUCKY STAR (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
4 140000 HOLEY (J. Purchase) D. Haydn Jones 8-11 D. Williams 7
5 000000 DUBBINGHAM (P. Purchase) D. Haydn Jones 8-11 D. Williams 7
6 000000 BANGOR (P. Purchase) D. Haydn Jones 8-11 D. Williams 7
7 360000 ELBORN (C. D. Hall) M. Stott 9-0 J. Suggs 14
8 000000 POKERFACE (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
9 000000 CORCORAN GIRL (J. O'Connell) P. British 9-0 R. Coombs 3
10 040000 BOLDEN BRIDGE (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
11 000000 HALLAM (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
12 000000 GERSHWIN (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
13 000000 MALLARD (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
14 000000 CYGNE (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
15 000000 MARS GIRL (E. Evans) C. Nelson 4-8-10 P. Robinson 15
16 000000 BROTHER PATRICK (A. Ladbroke) P. British 9-0 R. Coombs 3
17 000000 ALINT (USA) (J. O'Connell) P. British 9-0 R. Coombs 3
4-1 Nory Gull, 9-2 Lucky Star, 11-2 Glenwilly, 6-1 Danzing Star, 15-2 Maiden Bolder, 10-1 Bootle Jack, 10-1 Dubbinan, 12-1 Concert Pitch, 14-1 Esdale, 15-1 others.

3.45 WELSH DERBY (3-Y-O; £9,418; 1m 4f) (4)

- 201 11 AKASH (USA) (H. A. Maltby) H. Thomson Jones 8-10 A. Murray 2
202 000000 ESDALE (P. Purchase) D. Haydn Jones 8-11 D. Williams 7
203 000000 CHESTNUT (P. Purchase) D. Haydn Jones 8-11 D. Williams 7
204 20 2130 PLAIN (A. O'Connell) P. British 9-0 R. Coombs 3
13-8 Esdale, 9-1 Highland Chieftain, 3-1 Al Kaahir, 5-1 Plat.

4.15 ALVESTON MAIDEN SELLING STAKES (2-Y-O; £273; 6f) (7)

- 1 000000 DONNELLY'S HOLLOW (G. Thropp) H. Beasley 9-0 G. Duffield 7
2 000000 SLEEFORD FINE (G. Thropp) H. Beasley 9-0 G. Duffield 7
3 000000 LUCKY STAR (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
4 000000 DEEP TAW (A. Newcombe) R. Hillier 8-11 G. Duffield 7
5 000000 ALBANY (D. Ryan) 4-8-7-10 W. Carson 2
6 000000 POLLANGLAND (P. Purchase) D. Haydn Jones 8-11 D. Williams 7
7 300000 SAM'S REFRAN (Chesham Bloodstock Agency) D. Haydn Jones 8-11 D. Williams 7
11-8 Ardcrussart, 8-4 Sleeford Fine, 3-1 Deep Taw, 8-1 Deap Taw.
4.45 RIVER WYE HANDICAP (£2,750; 1m 2f) (13)

NO LIVE T.V!
BRUNO
WITHERSPOON
TICKETS
£150 . £100 . £75 . £50
01-437 5956
01-902 1234 (C.C.)

The old warrior Le Garcon O'R, now 27-years-old, delighted the Edinburgh crowd yesterday by parading before the race named in his honour. Le Garcon O'R, who started his racing career in 1960 as a two-year-old, ran in a 173 races, and was first past the post 35 times, losing once on a disqualification. He gained five of his victories at Edinburgh, and his last win on the track was in 1972.

CRICKET: NO STOPPING THE DREAM MACHINE AS HE CLOCKS UP HIS 150TH CENTURY

Another hundred and another batting milestone for Boycott

By Peter Marson

The machine that is Geoffrey Boycott was running smoothly at Acland Park, Middlesbrough, yesterday. In the 100th century of his career, Boycott completed another distinguished chapter, by making his 150th century. W R Hammond will have been the last among modern players to have made the ascent to this rather special peak. Beyond lie E. H. Hendren (170) and J. B. Hobbs (197).

In 1962 has been consistent, not to say to a degree, astonishing. At 40 per season along the course of 24 seasons to 1977, the year he reached his 100th hundred. Over the last nine years, Boycott has moved up a gear to average five, and last season he was in especially good order in making six.

It was in late afternoon, yesterday, when Acland Park acclaimed Boycott's latest feat, in which he had hit a dozen boundaries from 263 balls in a stay of 315 minutes and by that time he had joined in five partnerships as Yorkshire closed in on Leicestershire's total of 314. By the close Yorkshire were 270 for five with Boycott unbeaten on 119.



Boycott driving past another landmark

Precocious Hick enjoys tutorial

By Marcus Williams

WORCESTER: Worcester, with seven second-innings wickets in hand, are 30 runs ahead of Nottinghamshire. It was very much the case of the "Two Aitches" as the author and first-class cricketer Conan Doyle might have had it, at New Road yesterday - although there was no mystery about the captain's role. Hadlee (76 runs in two hours and six wickets so far in the match) and Hick (74 not out including 13 fours) imposed themselves on proceedings.

No end to Sussex sequence

By Richard Streeton

HOVE: Sussex drew with the New Zealanders. Sussex, who in eight matches with New Zealand teams since 1927, have never beaten the touring side, were left a target of 275 in three hours and 35 minutes yesterday. Their innings had just started when rain and had light robbed the match of 55 minutes and ruined any chance of a result.

Patterson pace too much for Essex

By Peter Ball

OLD TRAFFORD: Lancashire (2) ran off Essex (3) by an innings and 22 runs. For the second time in the match, Essex's seriously depleted forces proved no match for the pace of Pat Patterson as Lancashire gained their first home Britannia Assurance Championship victory over the Southern county for 18 years.

Marshall proves awkward customer

By Alan Gibson

TUNTON: Somerset, with all second innings wickets in hand, are 52 runs ahead of Hampshire. Much play had been lost to rain on Saturday and though the weather was better yesterday - quite warm, with a pleasantly cooling breeze - the cricket, I am afraid, was for the most part desultory.

Fight against flab is Witherspoon's pre-fight priority

By Srikanar Sen, Boxing Correspondent

Tim Witherspoon gladdened supporters when Frank Bruno's supporters when the World Boxing Association heavyweight champion, who is here to defend his title against Britain's Nin 11 contender, puffed and blew his way through seven rounds of the light of light sparring sessions with three opponents at the Festival Hall, Basildon yesterday.

Boxing in a gym specially prepared by Bill Prenzani, who has worked with 45 world champions, including Rocky Marciano, Witherspoon, nicknamed The Terrible by Muhammad Ali, "the last ring he's one big fight made. He's terrible" he looked just as he was patted and tapped at his sparring partners round after round.

Morris dances to the Jean-Jacques tune

By Ivo Tennant

DERBY: Derbyshire, with four second innings wickets standing, lead Kent by 153 runs. With bat and ball, Derbyshire atoned yesterday for their poor start to this match. Martin Jacques took the first wicket in only his fourth Championship match, and John Morris, their talented 23-year-old batsman, made his second century in a week.

Botham in Ireland

By Michael Berry

IAN BOTHAM will play for a Lisburn XI in a one-day game on Friday night at Wallace Park when the MCC supply the opposition or not (George Ace writes). A Lisburn official confirmed yesterday that alternative opposition will be found if the MCC refuse to supply a team to participate in the Lisburn team.

Botham in Ireland

By Michael Berry

IAN BOTHAM will play for a Lisburn XI in a one-day game on Friday night at Wallace Park when the MCC supply the opposition or not (George Ace writes). A Lisburn official confirmed yesterday that alternative opposition will be found if the MCC refuse to supply a team to participate in the Lisburn team.

No sense of timing

By Michael Berry

They came from Harare and The Hague to watch their favourite sons grace the ball-towed turf of Lord's yesterday. Sadly, the English weather, on the best behaviour since almost a month ago, displayed a frustrating sense of occasion to devour the afternoon session and delay the fate of the 1986 ICC Trophy final.

Cricket Cup

Quarter-finals

Old Wokingham 157, Marlborough 157 for 7 (Bates was on fewer wickets lost; Farnham 209 for 5; Dorset 157 for 210 for 5; Barnard 113 not out; Oundle 105 for 5; 'Shrewsbury Stars' 150; Chesham 105 for 210 for 5; 'Old Malvernians 214 for 4 (M. E. Fortham 90). 'Devotes home team'

Ashford's win is put into focus

Moscow (Reuter) - The world record holder, Evelyn Ashford, of the United States, had to wait for photographic proof to be sure of victory over East German Heike Beck.

The battle between veteran and newcomer provided an exciting opening to the athletics programme at the games, which also saw a European record in the men's long jump.

Glamorgan v Gloucestershire

Table with 2 columns: Player, Runs, Wickets. Includes players like M. P. Maynard, O. B. Pauline, M. H. Morris, etc.

Yorkshire v Leics

Table with 2 columns: Player, Runs, Wickets. Includes players like R. A. Cocco, M. D. Brown, W. J. Bailey, etc.

Surrey v Northants

Table with 2 columns: Player, Runs, Wickets. Includes players like N. G. Cook, W. H. Doughty, A. J. Capel, etc.

Middx v Warwick

Table with 2 columns: Player, Runs, Wickets. Includes players like A. J. Miller, M. J. Small, A. H. M. Roberts, etc.

Women draw

The second women's Test match between England and India ended in a draw at Blackpool yesterday after the Indians had given England an impressive fourth innings task.

ENTERTAINMENTS

ART GALLERIES: VICTORIA & ALBERT MUSEUM, NATIONAL MUSEUM OF ART & DESIGN, etc.

AVOID THE RUSH HOURS

Help us to help you in publishing your Classified Advertisement. Ring before 10 a.m. or after 5 p.m. weekdays. Saturdays 9 a.m.-1 p.m. Ring 01-481 4000 and avoid the rush hours.

ENTERTAINMENTS: CONCERTS, EXHIBITIONS, OPERA & BALLET, etc.

st flab... priority

reading... sion

ES... into focus

BBC 1
6.00 Ceefax AM
6.50 Breakfast Time with...

TV-AM
8.15 Good Morning Britain
presented by Anna...

10.50 Cricket: Third Test
The opening session of...

ITV LONDON
9.25 Thames news headlines
followed by Struggle...

1.05 News After Noon with
Richard Whitmore...

1.00 News at One with Leonard
Barnes...

4.15 Dastardly and Muttley. A
cartoon entitled Sky Hi-O...

4.00 Jamie and the Magic Torch
A new series of...

6.00 Juliet Bravo. Kate's advice
to her dry cleaning shop...

6.00 News at Ten with Alastair
Burnet and Martyn Lewis...

10.00 News at Ten with Alastair
Burnet and Martyn Lewis...

10.00 News at Ten with Alastair
Burnet and Martyn Lewis...



Miles Kingston: Steam Days on BBC2 at 8.30pm

CHOICE
and seeing the steam engines as
"great Victorian ham actors."

BBC 2
6.55 Open University: Rabbits
and Chalk Grassland...

CHANNEL 4
2.15 Their Lordships' House.
A repeat of last night's...

9.00 Ceefax
9.10 Cricket: Third Test.
The closing session of...

9.00 News: You and Yours
Consumer advice with...

10.00 News: You and Yours
Consumer advice with...

10.00 News: You and Yours
Consumer advice with...

11.00 News: You and Yours
Consumer advice with...

11.00 News: You and Yours
Consumer advice with...

12.00 News: You and Yours
Consumer advice with...

12.00 News: You and Yours
Consumer advice with...

Radio 4
On long wave. VHF variations at
5.55 Shipping, 6.00 News Briefing...

1.00 The World At One: News
Tonight, 1.55 Shipping...

1.00 The World At One: News
Tonight, 1.55 Shipping...

1.00 The World At One: News
Tonight, 1.55 Shipping...

1.00 The World At One: News
Tonight, 1.55 Shipping...

Peter Davalle
wreck the environment if
not controlled.

Radio 3
On medium wave. VHF variations
between 6.35 and 6.55pm...

1.00 The World At One: News
Tonight, 1.55 Shipping...

1.00 The World At One: News
Tonight, 1.55 Shipping...

1.00 The World At One: News
Tonight, 1.55 Shipping...

Haydn (Symphony No 99)
8.05 This Week a Composer:
Dvorak. LSO under...

10.05 Verdi: Four Sacred
Pieces, with Janet Baker...

11.00 Royal Opera House
The Barber of Seville...

11.00 Royal Opera House
The Barber of Seville...

11.00 Royal Opera House
The Barber of Seville...

11.00 Royal Opera House
The Barber of Seville...

Radio 2
4.00m Colin Barry (at 5.30 Ray
Moore (at 7.30 Darak Jameson)...

5.30 Adrian John 7.00 Mike
Smith's Breakfast Show...

5.30 Adrian John 7.00 Mike
Smith's Breakfast Show...

5.30 Adrian John 7.00 Mike
Smith's Breakfast Show...

5.30 Adrian John 7.00 Mike
Smith's Breakfast Show...

5.30 Adrian John 7.00 Mike
Smith's Breakfast Show...

ENTERTAINMENTS
CONCERTS
BARRACUDA HALL 6.00 BYRON...

THEATRES
ME AND MY GIRL
The London Musical...

THEATRES
THE TITANIC
A Musical...

THEATRES
THE TITANIC
A Musical...

THEATRES
THE TITANIC
A Musical...

THEATRES
THE TITANIC
A Musical...

THEATRES
THE TITANIC
A Musical...

THEATRES
THE TITANIC
A Musical...

SPORT

English slump opens way to fine finish

By John Woodcock, Cricket Correspondent

EDGBASTON: England, with one second-innings wicket in hand, lead India by 231 runs.

There could be a good finish to the third Test match, sponsored by Cornhill, today, with India needing 240 or thereabouts to become the first side visiting England to win all the three Tests of a three-match series. Yesterday England, batting with now familiar lack of success, made 231 for nine, losing the last six of those wickets for 79 runs.

England's previous 15 innings having lasted, on average, for only 72 overs each, there was no reason for expecting with any confidence that they would survive yesterday's 90 overs. The pitch, also, was unpredictable, though that is forgivable enough on the fourth day of a Test match. It was really much the same as when India were batting on Saturday, and they were in no great trouble.

But England did not have as effective a bowler then as Chetan Sharma, the 20-year-old Haryana hurricane, who now took five for 56 in 22 overs. He is the vegetarian nephew of Yashpal Sharma, who came to England on India's last two tours as a batsman. Chetan bustles in and puts everything he has into his bowling.

The batsman never quite knows where the next ball is going, nor, I rather think, does

Sharma. But he has a knack of taking good wickets, even on the easiest of Indian pitches. In two Test matches this series - he was missing at Headingley - he has dismissed Gower and Gatting three times each, Gooch twice and Lamb once; yet there looks to be nothing of him.

After making only 21 in four innings since setting the series

on course for a declaration early today, if not overnight. But after Gooch was out - he appeared unlucky to me, the ball having a strong leg-side look about it - Athey, surviving one or two near things for leg-before which must have been at least as close as Gooch's, dug in. Sharma was moving the ball about enough to make life difficult both for batsman and umpire.

Benson meanwhile was entirely passive. Sharma beat him more than once outside the off stump, but he was still there at lunch, having made 25 out of 88 for one in 26 overs. Playing as he was, simply to survive, Benson became increasingly introspective the longer he stayed, and 20 minutes into the afternoon Shastri bowled him between bat and pad. Although the ball was well up to Benson, he was neither forward nor back to it. Twice in the match he had seemed mesmerized by spin or the expectation of it.

An hour later, at 150 for two and with Athey and Gower playing very adequately, the draw seemed as good a bet as at any time in the match. Athey was looking something like an England batsman at last, and Gower was beginning to coast along. But at 152 Gower, driving at Sharma, was caught low down at slip by Gavaskar, and Athey was then caught at the wicket when

going with 114 at Lord's. Gooch began as though to score a century before lunch. He had thumped 40 in 10 overs when, in Sharma's first over, he was given out leg-before. On the first day Kapil Dev's first nine overs had cost eight runs; now his first five yielded 32. Had England kept that up they would have been

on course for a declaration early today, if not overnight. But after Gooch was out - he appeared unlucky to me, the ball having a strong leg-side look about it - Athey, surviving one or two near things for leg-before which must have been at least as close as Gooch's, dug in. Sharma was moving the ball about enough to make life difficult both for batsman and umpire. Benson meanwhile was entirely passive. Sharma beat him more than once outside the off stump, but he was still there at lunch, having made 25 out of 88 for one in 26 overs. Playing as he was, simply to survive, Benson became increasingly introspective the longer he stayed, and 20 minutes into the afternoon Shastri bowled him between bat and pad. Although the ball was well up to Benson, he was neither forward nor back to it. Twice in the match he had seemed mesmerized by spin or the expectation of it.

An hour later, at 150 for two and with Athey and Gower playing very adequately, the draw seemed as good a bet as at any time in the match. Athey was looking something like an England batsman at last, and Gower was beginning to coast along. But at 152 Gower, driving at Sharma, was caught low down at slip by Gavaskar, and Athey was then caught at the wicket when



Put to flight: Foster run out for nought at Edgbaston yesterday

Sharma got one to leave him. This was Gavaskar's 100th catch in Test cricket, of which I expect 90 have been taken at slip. Some years ago he wrote that one of his remaining cricketing ambitions was to be remembered as a top-class slip catcher. Well, he will be. He takes them with no fuss and misses very few. Only the two Chappells, Cowdrey, Simpson, Hammond and Sobers have held more for their country. Greg Chappell with

122 in 87 Tests heads the list. Gavaskar is playing his 115th Test, itself a world record.

England were now 163 for four with only the bowlers and French to come after the fall of the fifth wicket. By tea Gatting and Pringle had added 27, most of them from forcing strokes by Gatting, but they were both out at 190. Gatting leg-before to Sharma and Pringle caught at the wicket driving at Maninder. At the

same score Foster, sent back in an elementary mix-up with Emburey, was run out.

Such were the looks that England's batsmen were giving the pitch by now, and so outlandish the leg-side heaves to which Emburey resorted, that England will presumably fancy their chance of winning today. Emburey and Edmonds, the two who should certainly get them somewhere near it, added a useful 27 - every run was useful now -

and Emburey was still there at the close.

The last hour brought what must have been the first body search in a Test match. Some flipperty-gibbet had come on with a banner and a boyfriend, protesting about something singularly obscure, and hidden the balls on her person. Botham was needed to pick her up and give her a good shake. As it was a policewoman had to be sent for to recover them.

Mansell finds the time is ripe

By John Blunsden

Nigel Mansell's victory in the French Grand Prix on Sunday brought the first half of the 1986 Championship season to a close on a high note for British race enthusiasts. It has also provided a fitting build-up to the Shell Oils British Grand Prix which will take place at Brands Hatch next Sunday against a backdrop of continuing controversy surrounding the future venue of Britain's premier motor race.

If this race is indeed to be the last British Grand Prix to take place at Brands Hatch for the next five years - and that is by no means certain - following last week's statement from the RAC Motor Sports Association, which was specific only on the fact that the 1987 race would be at Silverstone, it promises to be a memorable one.

For Nigel Mansell, it means a return to the circuit on which he scored his first Grand Prix success last October. Since then, he has not only added four further victories - surpassing the achievements of any other driver - but he has grown spectacularly in stature and in consequence has developed and earned a special rapport with his Canon Williams team which is proving to be mutually beneficial.

Expensive error by Senna

Mansell has always held Brands Hatch in special regard. "To win there means something extra, not only because it's my home Grand Prix, but because the circuit is a real driver's challenge". He can do so again on Sunday, he will leave the circuit heading the World Championship points table for the first time.

Mansell invariably provides good spectator value at Brands Hatch, and so does Ayrton Senna. Last Sunday, this initially gifted Brazilian made a rare misjudgement on a slippery patch of oil-covered tarmac and it cost him dear in last World Championship points. Brands Hatch is where he will be anxious to make amends and, with the prospect of a little more power from the latest version of the Renault

SHOOTING

Desk man makes top score

By Our Rifle Shooting Correspondent

LI Commander Brian Witts, secretary of the Royal Navy Rifle Association, escaped from his administrative work at the Combined Services Rifle Meeting at Bilsley yesterday long enough to make top individual score in an important event.

Shooting for Portsmouth Command in the Air Command Cup long range match he made top score of 94 out of 100.

In the Army events Lt Colonel Larry Orpen-Smellie, a retired Parachute Regiment officer, won the Bisley Cup in the short range match.

RESULTS: Royal Navy: Bisley Cup (900 and 500 yards): 1. Portsmouth, 877; 2. Air Command, 858; 3. Plymouth, 797. Individual: CPO N. Bull (Air), 87; Gunner's Cup (SR): 1. Air, 1,088; 2. Portsmouth, 1,012; 3. Plymouth, 960. Individual: PO C. Pivert (Portsmouth), 83; Trooper's Cup (SR): 1. Air, 1,282; 2. Plymouth, 1,188; 3. Portsmouth, 1,120. Individual: Pivert, 152. Air Command Cup (900 and 1,000 yards): 1. Air, 854; 2. Portsmouth, 857; 3. Plymouth, 850. Individual: Lt Col B. Witts (Portsmouth), 84; Army: Bisley Cup (short range): 1. Lt Col H. J. Orpen-Smellie (Lancashire), 146; 2. Capt R. J. Hare (Royal Anglian), 142. Northamptonshire Cup (SR): 2. 2nd Lt N. Crumshaw (Royal Anglian), 144; 3. Capt R. J. Hare (Royal Anglian), 142. Northamptonshire Cup (SR): 2. 2nd Lt N. Crumshaw (Royal Anglian), 144; 3. Capt R. J. Hare (Royal Anglian), 142. RAF: Turner Cup (short range): 1. 15 Squadron RAF Regiment, 429; 2. 21 Squadron, 414; 3. 11 Squadron, 409. Pivert, 152. Individual: 1. Lt Col B. Witts (Portsmouth), 84; 2. Capt R. J. Hare (Royal Anglian), 142; 3. Lt Col H. J. Orpen-Smellie (Lancashire), 146.

SHOW JUMPING

Champions chase glory

From Jenny MacArthur, Aachen

The four members of the British team will attempt here this week to add the world championship to the European title they gained last summer. The team - Malcolm Pyrah, Nick Skelton, Michael and Joba Whitaker - start as joint favourites with the French, the world champions, and the Americans, the reigning Olympic gold medal winners. Sixteen teams are competing.

Pyrah is the only one of the four British riders who was in the winning team in 1978 - the last time the championships were held here. He has been a regular member of the team ever since, and his experience will be invaluable this week. Unlike the other three he has only one obvious horse for the championships - Towrlands Anglezarke on whom he won the individual silver medal at the 1982 world championships in Dublin. The Irish-bred gelding is now 15, but has been jumping very sprightly over the last four years so there is plenty of energy to call upon. The horse's bete noire is the water fence but, as Ronnie Massarella, the team manager points out, if that is all the horse does wrong over Arno Gego's testing courses of the next five days, there will not be any complaints.

The other three riders will wait until they have jumped in today's warm-up class before deciding which horse to ride. Michael Whitaker is likely to plump for Next Warren Point whose impressive form over the last two months includes two Grand Prix wins at Hickstead. His Olympic horse, Amanda, has been less consistent. John, Michael's older brother will opt for Next Hopscoth rather than the less experienced Milton unless something goes dramatically wrong today.

Skelton has the most difficult choice. On his day there is no finer horse than Raffles St James who Skelton rode in the European championships. But he is now 16 - nearly twice the age of Skelton's other top horse Raffles Apollo. The latter has taken time to find his form this summer, but he produced two good rounds at the French Nations Cup meeting a week ago, so he could be finding form at just the right time.

The French may have found theirs too soon. They have three very experienced riders on their team - Michel Robert and Frederic Cottier were both team gold medal winners in Dublin - and Pierre Durand has shown consistent form with Jappeloup. But the team has had a hard summer, starting in May, when they gained the first of their four Nations Cups wins. Two months is a long time for the team to remain sharp.

The Americans have so many top riders and horses to call upon that neither Joe Farris, their 1984 Olympic individual gold medal winner, nor Leslie Burr-Lenehan, the winner of the World Cup in April, are included in the team. It is led by Michael Matz who was a member of the team which won the bronze medal at Aachen in 1978 when the same designer was helping to build the courses.

The West Germans look to be outclassed in the team event, but Paul Schockemöhle, their top rider, has a good chance of taking the individual title with Deister, the winner of the European individual title on the last three occasions. The West Germans have also produced the individual world champion on the last three occasions, the most recent being Norbert Kofe, who is unable to defend his title as his horse Fire has been injured and is not fully fit.

RUGBY UNION

Australian emphasis is forward

By David Hands, Rugby Correspondent

Australia, who play the second of their two internationals with Argentina in Sydney this Saturday, have chosen an experienced squad to tour New Zealand later this summer. The party will be captained by Andrew Slack and the most notable absentee is Roger Gould, the full-back who is injured, and Brendan Moon on the wing.

Seventeen of the players were in Britain for the Grand Slam tour of 1984, among them Michael Lynagh, whose goal-kicking has had so much to do with Australia's most recent victories.

The Australian selectors have chosen to take 17 forwards and 13 backs on the basis that a New Zealand tour makes greater demands upon the forwards.

The first match will be played against Waikato on July 23 and there will be three internationals in Wellington (August 9), Dunedin (August 23) and Auckland (September 6).

SQUAD: M. Burke, G. Burrow, W. Calcraft, W. Campbell, D. Campese, M. Cook, S. Currier, G. Ellis, N. Farr-Jones, D. Frawley, J. Gardner, P. Grigg, M. Hurdie, S. James, A. Leese, T. Lawton, M. Lynch, M. McBain, J. McInerney, M. Murray, J. Miller, R. McCall, B. Papworth, S. Poldovni, R. Reynolds, E. Rodriguez, A. Slack, B. Smith, S. Tynman, J. Williams.

FOOTBALL

Rangers kick off at the double

By Hugh Taylor

Rangers' players discovered yesterday how determined their new manager, Graeme Souness, is to bring success to Ibrox when they reported for training for the season which begins on August 9. They were told that their new schedule calls for double sessions five days a week and once on Saturdays and Sundays at Jordanhill College.

"As I will be playing with them, I decided we must spend most of our time getting to know each other," said Souness, who had arrived at 8.0am to start what the supporters are hoping will be a new and brighter era for Scotland's richest club.

Among the new players who trained yesterday were Woods, the goalkeeper who cost Rangers £600,000 from Norwich, and West, the Wat-

ford forward who was transferred to Ibrox for £200,000. The manager indicated that new moves for more top quality players were to be made before the season began. Arriving at Ibrox soon will be Avi Cohen, the Israeli international centre half who was a colleague of Souness at Liverpool.

"We have other people in mind as well," said Souness, who added that he found himself fortunate in that when good players became available he had the money to buy them. But he had to confess ruefully that although Rangers had made an improved offer, believed to be around £600,000, for Gough, of Dundee United, the outstanding defender in Scotland, this, too, had been turned down.

Clubs ignore conference

Football League clubs have snubbed Stoke City's two-day conference on hooliganism.

The conference, called "Football's family face - the way forward", which has been backed by the Football Association and the League, is at Keele University on August 12 and 13, and Stoke invited all 92 League clubs - but less than half have replied.

Liverpool, Everton, Manchester United and Arsenal are among the clubs who are sending representatives, but Chelsea and West Ham are among those who are not expected to attend.

Stoke's assistant secretary David Capper, who is the conference organizer, said yesterday: "I am very sad some big names have decided not to come. This is a subject of national importance that people talk about, but do nothing about."

Advertisement for Nottingham Finance Co. featuring 'PUT PAID TO ALL YOUR BILLS TODAY' and 'LOAN PLAN E. NOTHING TO REPAY FOR 3 MONTHS'. Includes interest rates of 12.5% APR and contact information for Nottingham (0602) 622444.

ATHLETICS

Fell is convincing in steeplechase

From Pat Butcher, Athletics Correspondent, Helsinki

The last time that Colin Reitz and Graeme Fell ran here as Great Britain team colleagues and Essex, Bengles clubmates was in 1983, when Reitz won the steeplechase bronze medal in the world championships. Reitz accomplished that somewhat fortuitously, because the favourite, Henry Marsh, fell at the last barrier while leading. Fell finished sixth.

Last night, the story was rather different. Fell won convincingly in 8min 19.79sec, one of the fastest times of the year, and Reitz struggled to ninth place in 8.30.78. But that is not the end of the tale, for almost two years ago, Fell decided to forsake Essex and Britain for Vancouver and Canada.

And that is likely to cause a few rueful shrugs in Edinburgh in three weeks' time if Fell wins a Commonwealth medal. Last night's performance points to a medal, as does Fell's close second in Stockholm last Tuesday to Julius Korir, of Kenya, the Olympic champion, who is the Commonwealth favourite. Fell's explanation for quitting Britain had a familiar ring, for it concerned the vagaries of selection, something which has been uppermost in many athletes' minds and words recently. Fell said: "I had been in college in the United States for three years, and my wife is Canadian and I was living in Canada. But I felt that the Olympic selection procedures in 1984 were not fair. Certain people were passed over in preference to established stars who did not really have to prove themselves. That is not a

consistent way of selecting a team, and since I lived abroad, I became a victim of that procedure. I wish it hadn't been that way, but it always seems difficult for athletes based abroad to come back and fit into the system. I certainly have much more freedom now to race where I want."

Reitz was right to insist that he should not be judged too harshly on last night's performance, since it was his first steeplechase since September. He was given grace by the selectors until tonight, two days after the final selection date, to prove his form. But time is getting short to improve it by the margin required to get close to Korir and Fell in Edinburgh.

Phil Brown has recovered well from his injury, but he is still not - by his own indication of tapping his head immediately after the race - employing the correct mental approach. He led coming off the last bend and into the straight, but let the American, Sander Nix, and Susumu Takano, of Japan, through far too easily.

Tom Petranoff, of the United States, justified the tradition of javelin-throwing in Finland, when he set a world best for the new implement of 85.28 metres. Peter Elliott was a good second to Jose-Luis Gonzalez in the 1,500 metres, and Petra Felke beat an inconsistent Tiina Lillak in the women's javelin, with 70.06 metres. And Maricica Puica warmed up for her 2,000 metres Zola Budd at Crystal Palace on Friday, winning the 3,000 easily in 8min 40.72sec.

SPORT IN BRIEF

Porterfield settles

Sheffield United are to pay Ian Porterfield, their former manager, about £100,000 in settlement for being dismissed by the club in March. Porterfield left Bramall Lane with five years of his 10-year contract to run and originally asked for £200,000 in compensation.

Cash reward

Pat Cash, aged 21, who reached the quarter-finals at Wimbledon, will return to the All-England Club from July 18 to 20 as a member of the Australian team, announced yesterday: to play Great Britain in the Davis Cup quarter-finals. The winners meet either the United States or Mexico in the semi-finals. Cash's team-mates will be John Fitzgerald, Paul McNamee and Wally Masur.

Rowing on

Steven Redgrave is to continue his preparation for an assault on three rowing titles at the Commonwealth Games in Edinburgh later this month, despite his collapse with 600 yards to go during the Diamond Sculls final at the Henley Royal Regatta. The 24-year-old Olympic champion will compete in the single sculls, the coxless pairs and the fours.

Hague medal

Yvette Hague, of Reading, has taken the bronze medal in the women's race at the Junior European Orienteering Championships in Pecs, Hungary. Hague missed the silver medal by only six seconds.

Double blow

Two Pontypool players, Bobby Windsor, the former British Lions and Wales hooker, and Goff Davies, the winger, have announced their retirements. Windsor has been fighting back and neck problems and Davies, a school-teacher, has not now the time to play.

Three named

Captain Mark Phillips and Lucinda Green, who between them have won 10 Badminton titles, and the Olympic champion, Mark Todd, have all entered the eighth Heckfield horse trials on July 19 and 20.

Dutch courage

Cees van de Velden, the Dutch power-boat driver, has won the Sacramento Grand Prix, his first victory since Stockholm 1984, and now shares the lead in the world series with Ben Robertson, of United States, after two races. Van de Velden was forced to start from the back of the grid, after crashing his catamaran during a 20-lap event on Sauroday, Rick Frost, the British driver, led for the first 15 laps.

Cardiff sign

Alan Curtis, the 32-year-old former Welsh international forward, signed for Cardiff City yesterday after being given a free transfer by Southampton. Jimmy Goodfellow, a former manager of the club, has rejoined Cardiff as coach and physiotherapist.

Scottish wins

Scotland made a fine start in the Gateway British Isles international bowls championship at the Paisley Abercorn Club, with wins in both the junior singles and singles semi-finals. Willie McLaughlin, the Scottish champion, beat Morrow Horner, of Ireland, 21-10.



Mansell: good value

engine, his JPS Lotus should offer serious opposition to the Williams team.

Then there is the current points leader, Alain Prost, and his Marlboro McLaren-TAG. No driver is simultaneously so quick and so smooth, so gentle on his machinery while driving competitively, and so tactically and highly astute a tactician. He "reads" a race with consummate skill and his precision of line is a joy to observe. He, too, will be a formidable contender next Sunday, and the prospect of him locked in battle with Mansell and Senna on that undulating and demanding circuit is one to savour.

Championship an open race

Ferrari now have potential race-winning power, as they demonstrated in France, but there is still some hard work to be done to improve their handling, and Brands Hatch tends to expose inadequacy in this area more than most circuits. The Barclay Arrows team are due to give their long-awaited new car, the A9, its debut there, while Tyrrell are aiming to complete a third of their 015 chassis in order to have an up-to-date spare car - a vital requirement if they are to accelerate their development programme.

Next Sunday's race will be the ninth of this year's 16-round World Championship. With only four points separating the top three contenders, representing three different teams, it is one of the most interesting contests in years, and one which offers the best prospect of a British victory since James Hunt beat Niki Lauda to the title in 1976.

هكذا من الاجمل